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LISTING PARTICULAR US\$ 500,000,000

GTL TRADE FINANCE INC.

(incorporated with limited liability in the British Virgin Islands)



7.250 % Bonds Due 2044

Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Gerdau S.A.
Gerdau Açominas S.A.
Gerdau Aços Longos S.A.
Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A.

(Each incorporated in the Federative Republic of Brazil)

GTL Trade Finance Inc., which we refer to as the "Issuer", has offered US\$ 500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of its 7.250% guaranteed bonds, which we refer to as the "bonds." The bonds were initially sold to investors at a price equal to 100.000% of the principal amount thereof. Interest on the bonds will accrue at a rate of 7.250% per year and will be payable semi-annually in arrears on April 16 and October 16 of each year, commencing on October 16, 2014.

The bonds will mature on April 16, 2044. The Issuer may, at its option, redeem the bonds, in whole but not in part, by paying the greater of 100% of their outstanding principal amount and a "make-whole" amount, in each case plus accrued interest at any time and without premium at any time on or after six months prior to the maturity of the bonds. See "Description of the Bonds—Early Redemption". The bonds will also be redeemable without premium at any time prior to maturity at the Issuer's option upon the occurrence of specified events relating to applicable tax law, as described under "Description of the Bonds—Early Redemption for Taxation Reasons." The bonds will also be repayable prior to maturity thereof upon the occurrence of a change of control as described herein. See "Description of the Bonds—Covenants—Repurchase of Bonds upon a Change of Control."

The bonds will be unconditionally and irrevocably, jointly and severally, guaranteed by Gerdau S.A., the parent of the Issuer, which we refer to as the "Company," and its majority-owned Brazilian subsidiaries Gerdau Açominas S.A., Gerdau Aços Longos S.A. and Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A., which, collectively, we refer to as the "Guarantors.". The assets of the Guarantors represent in the aggregate 95% of the Net Assets of Gerdau consolidated group. The EBITDA of the Guarantors represent in the aggregate 88% of the EBITDA of Gerdau consolidated group.

The bonds will be senior unsecured obligations of the Issuer, ranking equal in right of payment with all of the Issuer's other existing and future senior unsecured debt. The guarantees of the bonds rank *pari passu* with all unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of each of the Guarantors. The ranking of the bonds and the guarantees is more fully described in "Description of the Bonds—Ranking."

Application has been made to list the bonds on the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trade the bonds on the Euro MTF Market of that exchange, which we refer to as "Euro MTF". See "Listing and General Information."

Investing in the bonds involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 13.

Price: 100.000% plus accrued interest, if any, from April 16, 2014

The bonds and the guarantees of the bonds have not been registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, which we refer to as the "Securities Act," or under any state securities laws. Therefore, the bonds were not offered or sold within the United States to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person unless the offer or sale would qualify for a registration exemption from the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, the bonds were offered and sold (1) to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act) and (2) to non-U.S. persons outside the United States in compliance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. See "Notice to Investors" for additional information about eligible offerees and transfer restrictions. To the extent that the offering of the bonds was made to persons within the European Economic Area, it has been exclusively made to "qualified investors" within the meaning of EU Directive 2003/71/EC, which we refer to as the "Prospectus Directive," and therefore was exempted from the requirement to publish a compliant prospectus under the Prospectus Directive.

The bonds were delivered to purchasers in book-entry form through The Depository Trust Company and its direct and indirect participants, including Clearstream Banking, S.A. Luxembourg and Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System, on April 16, 2014.

Joint Bookrunners

BofA Merrill Lynch Itaú BBA J.P. Morgan Santander

May 6, 2014

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You should rely only on the information contained in this Listing Particular. Neither the Company nor the Issuer have authorized anyone to provide you with different information. The initial purchasers are not and the Company and the Issuer are not making an offer of the bonds in any jurisdiction where the offer is not permitted. You should not assume that the information contained in this Listing Particular is accurate as of any date other than the date on the cover of this Listing Particular regardless of the time of delivery of this Listing Particular or of any sale of the bonds.

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Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, all references in this Listing Particular to (i) the "Issuer" refer to GTL Trade Finance Inc., a company incorporated with limited liability in the British Virgin Islands, or "BVI", (ii) "Gerdau", "the Company" or similar terms refer to Gerdau S.A., a corporation organized under the laws of the Federative Republic of Brazil, which we refer to as "Brazil," and its consolidated subsidiaries, (iii) the "Guarantors" refer to Gerdau S.A., Gerdau Açominas S.A., which we refer to as "Gerdau Aços Longos" and Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A., which we refer to as "Gerdau Aços Especiais" and (iv) "Gerdau Ameristeel" refer to Gerdau Ameristeel Corp., a corporation organized under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada, and wholly-owned subsidiary of Gerdau.

The Company and the Issuer are relying on an exemption from registration under the Securities Act for offers and sales of securities that do not involve a public offering. By purchasing bonds, you will be deemed to have made the acknowledgments, representations, warranties and agreements described under "Notice to Investors" in this Listing Particular.

You should understand that you will be required to bear the financial risks of your investment for an indefinite period of time.

The Company and the Issuer have submitted this Listing Particular to a limited number of investors so that they can consider a purchase of the bonds. Neither the Company nor the Issuer have authorized its use for any other purpose.

The Company and the Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, confirm that, as of the date of this Listing Particular, the information contained in this Listing Particular with regard to the Issuer, the Company and the other Guarantors is true and accurate in all material respects, that the opinions and intentions expressed in this Listing Particular are honestly held, and that there are no other facts the omission of which would make this Listing Particular as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect. The Company and the Issuer accept responsibility accordingly.

In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of the Company and the terms of the offering and the bonds, including the merits and risks involved.

In connection with this offering, the initial purchasers may over-allot bonds or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the bonds at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the initial purchasers will undertake stabilization action. Any stabilization action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the bonds is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the bonds and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the bonds. Any stabilization action or overallotment shall be conducted in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

The initial purchasers assume no responsibility for, and make no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this Listing Particular. Nothing contained in this Listing Particular is, or shall be relied upon as, a promise or representation by the initial purchasers as to the past or future. The initial purchasers accept no responsibility in relation to the information contained in this Listing Particular or any other information provided by the Company, the Issuer or any of the Guarantors in connection with the bonds.

No representation is being made to any purchaser of the bonds regarding the legality of an investment in the bonds by such purchaser under any investment or similar laws or regulations. You should not consider any information in this Listing Particular to be legal, business or tax advice. You should consult your own attorney, accountant, business advisor and tax advisor for legal, financial, business and tax advice regarding an investment in the bonds.

Neither the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, which we refer to as the "SEC," nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Listing Particular is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

With respect to the United Kingdom, this document is only being distributed to, and is only directed at, (1) persons who are outside the United Kingdom, (2) persons that are qualified investors ("qualified investors") within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive (as defined below) who are also investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (as amended), which we refer to as the "Order" or (3) high net worth entities falling within Article 49(2) of the Order; or (4) other persons to whom it may be lawfully communicated (all such persons together being referred to as "relevant persons"). The bonds are only available in the United Kingdom to, and any invitation, offer or agreement to subscribe, purchase or otherwise acquire such bonds will be engaged in only with, relevant persons. Any person in the United Kingdom who is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents. See "Plan of Distribution."

This Listing Particular constitutes a prospectus for the purpose of Luxembourg law dated July 10th, 2005 on prospectus for securities, as amended.

NOTICE TO NEW HAMPSHIRE RESIDENTS

NEITHER THE FACT THAT A REGISTRATION STATEMENT OR AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE HAS BEEN FILED UNDER RSA 421-B WITH THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE NOR THE FACT THAT A SECURITY IS EFFECTIVELY REGISTERED OR A PERSON IS LICENSED IN THE STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE CONSTITUTES A FINDING BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE THAT ANY DOCUMENT FILED UNDER RSA 421-B IS TRUE, COMPLETE AND NOT MISLEADING. NEITHER ANY SUCH FACT NOR THE FACT THAT AN EXEMPTION OR EXCEPTION IS AVAILABLE FOR A SECURITY OR A TRANSACTION MEANS THAT THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAS PASSED IN ANY WAY UPON THE MERITS OR QUALIFICATION OF, OR RECOMMENDED OR GIVEN APPROVAL TO, ANY PERSON, SECURITY OR TRANSACTION. IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE OR CAUSE TO BE MADE TO ANY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER, CUSTOMER OR CLIENT ANY REPRESENTATION INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

General

The Company's audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and for each of the three years ended December 31, 2013, which are incorporated to the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed with the SEC on March 24, 2014, which we refer to as the "2013 Annual Report," has been presented in Brazilian *reais* and prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, which we refer to as "IFRS," as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, which we refer to as the "IASB." The 2013 Annual Report may be obtained free of charge at the office of the paying agent in Luxembourg.

Gerdau's operations are located in Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Dominican Republic, Guatemala, India, Mexico, Peru, Spain, the United States, Uruguay and Venezuela. The local currency is the functional currency for those operations. The financial statements of the subsidiaries located outside Brazil, which already prepare their financial statements in Brazilian *reais*, are translated from the functional currency into Brazilian *reais*. Such financial statements have been translated into Brazilian *reais* following the criteria established in IFRS, which we refer to as IAS 21, "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" from the financial statements expressed in the local currency of the countries where the Company and each of its subsidiaries operate. Under such criteria assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the end of each year and average exchange rates are used for the translation of revenues, expenses, gains and losses in the statement of income. Capital contributions, treasury stock transactions and dividends are translated using the exchange rate as of the date of the transaction. Translation gains and losses resulting from the translation methodology described above are recorded directly in "Cumulative translation adjustment" within Equity. Gains and losses on foreign-currency denominated transactions are included in the consolidated statements of income.

All references in this Listing Particular to "real," "reais" or "R\$" are to the currency of Brazil. All references in this Listing Particular to "U.S. dollars," "dollars" or "US\$" are to the currency of the United States of America. The references in this Listing Particular to "MXN" are to the currency of Mexico. You should not construe these translations as representations by us that the real amounts actually represent these U.S. dollar amounts or could be converted into U.S. dollars at the rates indicated. See "Presentation of Financial and Other Information" and "Exchange Rates" for more detailed information regarding exchange rates for the Brazilian currency.

Gerdau Operating Segments

The Company sells its products to a diversified list of customers for use in the construction, manufacturing and agricultural industries. Shipments by the Company's Brazilian operations include both domestic and export sales. Most of the shipments by the Company's business operations in North and Latin America (except Brazil) are aimed at their respective local markets.

The Company's corporate governance establishes a business segmentation, as follows:

- Brazil (Brazil Business Operation) includes the steel operations in Brazil (except special steel), the iron ore operation in Brazil and the metallurgical and coking coal operation in Colombia;
- North America (North America Business Operation) includes all North American operations, except Mexico and special steel;
- Latin America (Latin America Business Operation) includes all Latin American operations, except the operations in Brazil and the metallurgical and coking coal operations in Colombia;
- Special Steel (Special Steel Business Operation) includes the special steel operations in Brazil, Spain, United States and India.

Installed Capacity and Shipments

As used in this Listing Particular:

- "installed capacity" means the annual projected capacity for a particular facility (excluding the portion that is not attributable to the Company's participation in a facility owned by a joint venture), calculated based upon operations for 24 hours each day of a year and deducting scheduled downtime for regular maintenance;
- "tonne" means a metric tonne, which is equal to 1,000 kilograms or 2,204.62 pounds; and
- "consolidated shipments" means the combined volumes shipped from all the Company's operations in Brazil, Latin America, North America and Europe, excluding the Company's joint venture and associate companies.

Rounding

The Company has made rounding adjustments to reach some of the figures included in this Listing Particular. As a result, numerical figures shown as totals in some tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures that preceded them.

Market Information

The Company makes statements in this Listing Particular about its competitive position and market share in, and the market size of, the steel industry. These statements are based on statistics and other information from third-party sources that the Company believes are reliable. The Company derived this third-party information principally from reports published by the International Iron and Steel Institute, which we refer to as "IISI," Brazilian Steel Institute – *Instituto Aço Brasil*, and the Commodities Research Unit, which we refer to as the "CRU," among others. Although the Company has no reason to believe that any of this information or these reports are inaccurate in any material respect, the Company has not independently verified the competitive position, market share and market size or market growth data provided by third parties or by industry or general publications.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

To comply with Rule 144A under the Securities Act in connection with resale of the bonds, the Issuer is required to furnish, upon request of a holder of a bond, each a "holder," or of a prospective purchaser designated by such holder, the information required to be delivered under Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act if, at the time of such request, the Issuer is neither a reporting company under Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which we refer to as the "Exchange Act," nor exempt from reporting pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) thereunder. The Company will agree to furnish the information necessary in order to permit the compliance by the Issuer with the information delivery requirements under Rule 144A(d)(4) under the Securities Act.

Gerdau S.A. is a reporting company subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the SEC. As a foreign private issuer, Gerdau S.A. is exempt from the Exchange Act rules regarding the provision and control of proxy statements and regarding short-swing profit reporting and liability. Such reports and other information can be inspected and copied at the public references facilities of the SEC at Room 1580, 100 F Street N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of such material can also be obtained at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Gerdau S.A. files materials with, and furnishes material to, the SEC electronically using the EDGAR System. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains these materials at www.sec.gov. In addition, such reports, and other information concerning Gerdau S.A. can be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc., 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005, on which equity securities of Gerdau S.A. are listed.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The Company's 2013 Annual Report is incorporated by reference herein. You may request a copy of this filing, at no cost, either by contacting Gerdau S.A. at the number or address specified below or at the office of the paying agent in Luxembourg.

Gerdau's principal executive office, as well as that for the other Guarantors, is at Av. Farrapos 1811, CEP 90220-005, Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, and the telephone number at this address is (+55-51) 3323-2000.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Listing Particular contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995. These statements relate to the Company's future prospects, developments and business strategies.

Statements that are predictive in nature, that depend upon or refer to future events or conditions or that include words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "estimates" and similar expressions are forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that these forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, these statements are subject to several risks and uncertainties and are made in light of information currently available to the Company.

It is possible that the Company's future performance may differ materially from its current assessments due to a number of factors, including the following:

- general economic, political and business conditions in the Company's markets, both in Brazil and abroad, including demand and prices for steel products;
- interest rate fluctuations, inflation and exchange rate movements of the *real* in relation to the U.S. dollar and other currencies in which the Company sells a significant portion of its products or in which its assets and liabilities are denominated;
- the Company's ability to obtain financing on satisfactory terms;
- price and availability of raw materials;
- changes in international trade;
- changes in laws and regulations;
- electric energy shortages and government responses to them;
- the performance of the Brazilian and the global steel industries and markets;
- global, national and regional competition in the steel market;
- protectionist measures imposed by steel-importing countries; and
- other factors identified or discussed under "Item 3.D. Risk Factors," in our 2013 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein.

The Company's forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and the actual results or developments may differ materially from the expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements. As for the forward-looking statements that relate to future financial results and other projections, actual results will be different due to the inherent uncertainty of estimates, forecasts and projections. Because of these uncertainties, potential investors should not rely on these forward-looking statements.

The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights information presented in greater detail elsewhere in this Listing Particular. This summary is not complete and does not contain all the information you should consider before investing in the bonds. You should carefully read this entire Listing Particular before investing, including "Risk Factors," the Company's consolidated financial statements included in its 2013 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein. See "Presentation of Financial and Other Information" and "Summary Financial and Other Information of Gerdau" for information regarding the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Gerdau

Overview

According to the Brazilian Steel Institute (*IABr - Instituto Aço Brasil*), Gerdau is Brazil's largest producer of long rolled steel. Gerdau holds significant market share in the steel industries of almost all countries where it operates and has been classified by World Steel Association as the world's 14th largest steel producer based on its consolidated crude steel production in 2012 (last information available).

Gerdau operates steel mills that produce steel by direct iron-ore reduction (DRI) in blast furnaces and in electric arc furnaces (EAF). In Brazil it operates four integrated steel mills, including its largest mill, Ouro Branco, an integrated steel mill located in the state of Minas Gerais. The Company currently has a total of 61 steel producing facilities globally, including joint venture and associate companies. The joint venture, Gallatin Steel Company, is located in the United States and produces flat rolled steel. The associate companies are Corsa Controladora in Mexico, Corporación Centroamericana del Acero in Guatemala and Multisteel BusinessHolding in the Dominican Republic.

As of December 31, 2013, total consolidated installed capacity, excluding the Company's investments in joint venture and associate companies, was 25.7 million tonnes of crude steel and 23.4 million tonnes of rolled steel products. In the same period, the Company had total consolidated assets of R\$ 58.2 billion, consolidated net sales of R\$ 39.9 billion, total consolidated net income (including non-controlling interests) of R\$ 1.7 billion and equity (including non-controlling interests) of R\$ 32.0 billion.

Gerdau offers a wide array of steel products, which can be manufactured according to the customer's specifications. The product mix includes crude steel (slabs, blooms and billets) sold to rolling mills, finished products for the construction industry such as rods, structural bars and hot rolled coils, finished products for the consumer goods industry such as commercial rolled steel bars and machine wire and products for farming and agriculture such as poles, smooth wire and barbed wire. Gerdau also produces special steel products, normally with a certain degree of customization, utilizing advanced technology, for the manufacture of tools and machinery, chains, locks and springs, mainly for the automotive and mechanical industries.

A significant and increasing portion of Gerdau's steel production assets are located outside Brazil, particularly in the United States and Canada, as well as in Latin America, Europe and Asia. The Company began its expansion into North America in 1989, when consolidation in the global steel market effectively began. The Company currently operates 18 steel production units in the United States and Canada, and believes that it is one of the market leaders in North America in terms of production of certain long steel products, such as rods, commercial rolled steel bars, extruded products and beams.

The Company's operating strategy is based on the acquisition or construction of steel mills located close to its customers and sources of the raw materials required for steel production, such as scrap metal, pig iron and iron ore. For this reason, most of its production has historically been geared toward supplying the local markets in which it has production operations. However, the Company also exports an important portion of its production to other countries.

Through its subsidiaries and affiliates, the Company also engages in other activities related to the production and sale of steel products, including: reforestation; electric power generation projects; coking coal, iron ore and pig iron production; as well as fab shops and downstream operations.

The Company maintains insurance coverage in amounts that it believes suitable to cover the main risks of its operating activities. The Company has purchased insurance for its Ouro Branco mill to insure against operating losses, with a value at risk of approximately US\$ 5.0 billion (R\$ 11.0 billion as of April 30, 2013), including material damage to installations (US\$ 4.0 billion) and losses of gross revenues (US\$ 1.0 billion), such as would arise from halts in production due to business interruptions caused by accidents for a period up to twelve months. The Company's current insurance policy relating to the Ouro Branco mill remains effective until April 30, 2014. The Company's mini-mills are also covered under insurance policies which insure against certain operational losses resulting from business interruptions.

Metalúrgica Gerdau S.A. is a holding company that controls, directly and indirectly, all Gerdau companies in Brazil and abroad, including the Guarantors. See "Ownership and Capital Structure."

Business Strategy

The Company's goal is to produce high quality steel and steel related products in a cost effective manner that satisfies both the needs of its customers and the goals of its security holders. The Company seeks to accomplish the foregoing through the following measures:

Increase Market Share for Value-Added Products

The Company intends to focus on increasing its market share of value-added products that meet the specific needs of its customers through advanced customization and technology. The four main markets in which the Company operates are:

- construction, to which it supplies rebars, merchant bars, nails and meshes,
- manufacturing, to which it supplies bars for machinery and agricultural implements, tools and other industrial products,
- agriculture, to which it supplies wires and posts for agricultural facilities and reforestation projects;
- automotive, to which it supplies special quality steel the manufacture of tools and machinery, chains, locks and springs, mainly for the automotive and mechanical industries.

The Company intends to increase its market share of value-added products in such a way as to directly meet the specific needs of its customers and, consequently, capture the higher prices paid for these products.

In addition, the Company intends to add value to its products through rebar fabricating facilities and downstream operations, such as epoxy coating and production of products with specialty sections, wire and nails, cold-drawn products, elevator guide rails and super-light profiles. Finally, the Company intends to expand its portfolio of products manufactured by the Company in Brazil, so as to operate in all Brazilian market segments, including flat steel.

Increase Presence in Global Markets

In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, approximately 38.1% of all physical sales volumes was generated from the Brazil Business Operation, 32.2% from the North America Business Operation, 14.7% from the

Latin American Business Operation and 15% from the Special Steel Business Operation. Over the years the Company has increased participation principally in the North American market and today it is the second largest producer of long rolled steel products in that market. Globally, the Company is the second largest rolled steel producer.

Respond to Customer Needs Through Diversified and Decentralized Production

The Company intends to continue its practice of diversifying production of long steel by using electric arc furnace mini-mills and integrated mills with blast furnaces, with continuous casting technology being used with both processes. All of the Company's plants are sized and located to meet primarily the needs of local markets and provide efficient access to customers and raw materials. This is a strategy that the Company has developed in response to the geographic size of Brazil, the United States and Canada and the resulting high transportation and freight costs in these countries. The Company is able to supply its customers and obtain raw materials locally, which reduce production and transportation costs and allow it to deliver quality products to its customers at cost-effective prices. The diversification of geographical location of the Company's mills has allowed it to better serve its clients' needs by ease of delivery of products. Proximity to its clients in the various geographic locations in which the Company operates also enables it to maintain a productive relationship with its customers, providing it with the ability to tailor production according to the customers' specifications, in particular with respect to merchant bars.

Maintain Multiple Sources of Raw Materials

The Company does business with several steel scrap distributors worldwide and numerous suppliers for pig iron, iron ore and, to a lesser extent, coking coal. In Brazil, the majority of the scrap suppliers is captive and the Company works with a variety of collection units and scrap processing companies. The Company has developed over the last few years a strategy to diversify its raw materials, which are supplied through various types of contracts and from multiple sources, which include: (i) coking coals developed by Gerdau's unit in Colombia and other materials imported from the United States, Canada, Russia and Ukraine, as well as petroleum coke purchased from Petrobrás; (ii) ferroalloys, of which 90.0% are purchased in the domestic market; and (iii) iron ore, which is mainly produced from its own mines and partially supplied by medium and small sized mining companies, most of them strategically located close to the plants. The Company believes that this allows it to avoid any dependency on specific suppliers and reduces possible negative impacts in the event of raw material shortages. The Company believes that the diversification of productive processes mitigates its exposure to the scarcity of inputs.

Continued Focus on Technology and Efficient Operations

The Company believes that continuous focus on technology will allow it to maintain its position as a world class steel producer. In the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, investments in fixed assets, such as investments in a hot rolled coil mill, expansion of mining capacity and new special steel rolling mill, among others, totaled R\$ 2,598.3 million. Of this total, 62.4% was allocated to units in Brazil and the remaining 37.6% was allocated to the other operations among the countries in which Gerdau operates. The disbursements in fixed assets planned for 2014 are estimated at R\$ 2.9 billion, and include both strategic and maintenance investments.

The Company believes that attention to its production processes and upgrading where appropriate will allow it to continue to maintain its efficiencies and deliver products that are responsive to the needs of its customers. In addition, the Company continues to seek ways in which it can improve the efficiency in its production process by, among other things:

- using proven quality management control systems, including a proprietary management system that supports the Company's operations and integrates acquired mills, most of the internationally recognized techniques and processes and ISO 14,000 processes;
- reducing production costs by implementing efficient control processes and using less expensive raw materials and fuels and adopting new process technologies;
- reducing energy consumption, with an emphasis on using more energy-efficient processes, such as reuse of in-plant generated energy in the Company's Ouro Branco mill;

- reducing inventory levels, which decreases its need for working capital; and
- increasing revenues by adding value to its products through selected, focused investments in the Company's mills.

Industry Cyclicality

The steel industry is highly cyclical. Consequently, the Company is exposed to substantial swings in the demand for steel products which in turn causes volatility in the prices of most of its products and eventually could cause write-downs of its inventories. In addition, the demand for steel products and hence the financial condition and operating results of companies in the steel industry, including the Company itself, are generally affected by macroeconomic changes in the world economy and in the domestic economies of steel-producing countries, including general trends in the steel, construction and automotive industries. Since 2003, demand for steel products from developing countries (particularly China), the strong euro compared to U.S. dollar and world economic growth have contributed to historically high levels of prices for the Company's steel products. However, these relatively high prices may not last, especially due to expansion in world installed capacity or a new level of demand. In the second half of 2008, and especially in the beginning of 2009, the U.S. and European economies showed strong signs of slow down, in turn affecting many other countries. Over the last few years, developing economies showed signs of gradual recovery while developed economies are still experiencing a challenging demand environment. The Company believes that in 2014 the world steel market should show a slight demand increase. A material decrease in demand for steel or exports by countries who are not able to consume their production, as happened in 2008, could have a significant adverse effect on the Company's operations and prospects.

GTL Trade Finance Inc.

GTL Trade Finance Inc. or the "Issuer" is the Company's wholly-owned direct subsidiary. The Issuer was incorporated on October 8, 2002 as an international business company with limited liability under the International Business Companies Act, 1984 of the British Virgin Islands for the purpose of performing offshore financing activities incidental to the Company's business. On January 1, 2007, the Issuer was automatically re-registered under the BVI Business Companies Act, 2004 of the British Virgin Islands to a BVI Business Company. Such deemed re-registration of the Issuer has no effect on the obligations of the Issuer under the bonds. The Issuer is registered before the Registrar of Companies of the British Virgin Islands under No. 516438. The Issuer is permitted to incur indebtedness only if it is guaranteed by one or more of the Guarantors.

As of the date hereof, the Issuer is authorized to issue a maximum of 50,000 shares of a single class of US\$1.00 par value each, of which 50,000 have been issued and are fully paid up. The registered office of the Issuer is c/o Maples Corporate Services (BVI) Limited, P.O. Box 173, Kingston Chambers, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands.

On October 17, 2007, the Issuer concluded the issuance of bonds in the amount of US\$ 1.5 billion and final maturity on October 20, 2017. The following companies guarantee this transaction: Gerdau S.A., Gerdau Açominas S.A., Gerdau Aços Longos S.A. and Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A. On December 31, 2013 the outstanding balance of such bonds was US\$ 1.5 billion (R\$ 3.5 billion as of December 31, 2013).

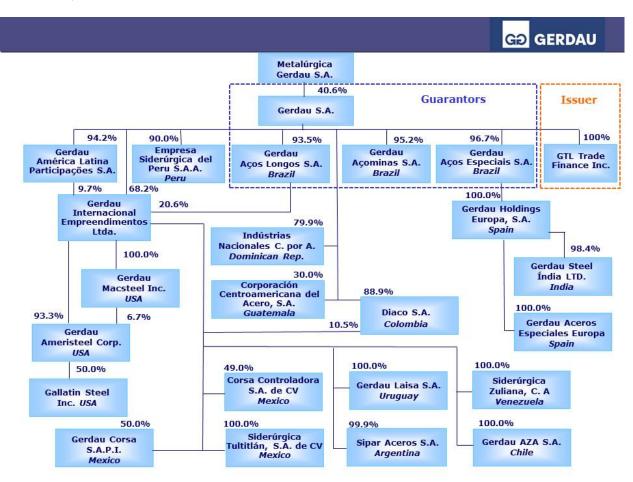
The Company has included unaudited proforma financial statements for the Issuer in this Listing Particular, which are attached as Appendix A. The Issuer is not required under the laws of the British Virgin Islands to prepare and publish financial statements, and it has not prepared any financial statements (other than for the purpose of including in this Listing Particular).

The Directors of the Issuer are Expedito Luz, Jorge Gerdau Johannpeter, Frederico Carlos Gerdau Johannpeter and André Pires de Oliveira Dias and their business address is Av. Farrapos, 1811, parte, Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

The Guarantors

The Issuer's obligations under the bonds will be unconditionally and irrevocably, jointly and severally, guaranteed by the group's principal operating entities in Brazil: Gerdau (which is the ultimate parent entity that owns all of the Gerdau businesses) and the other Guarantors, each of which is a majority-owned Brazilian operating subsidiary of Gerdau.

The following chart summarizes the operational structure of the Company's principal operating subsidiaries (including the Issuer) engaged in the steel production business showing its percentage of total capital as of December 31, 2013:



The assets of the Guarantors represent in the aggregate 95% of the Net Assets of Gerdau consolidated group. The EBITDA of the Guarantors represent in the aggregate 88% of the EBITDA of Gerdau consolidated group.

Gerdau is an operating company in special steel sector and also serves as administrative center for its subsidiaries. Its registered office is at Av. João XXIII, 677, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil. Gerdau Açominas is an operating company which focuses on the production of crude steel (billets, blooms and slabs). Its registered office is at Rodovia MG 443, Km 07, Ouro Branco, Minas Gerais, Brazil. Gerdau Aços Longos is an operating company which focuses on the production of common long steel. Its registered office is at Av. João XXIII, 6777, parte, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil. Gerdau Aços Especiais is an operating company which focuses on the production of crude steel and rolled products. Its registered office is at Av. Farrapos, 1811, parte, Porto Alegre, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

of this Listing Pa	our internet website, warticular.	ww.gerdau.com. In	formation contained	in our website does	not constitute pa

SUMMARY OF THE OFFERING

This summary describes the principal terms of the indenture governing the bonds and the guarantees of the bonds. Certain terms described below are subject to important limitations and exceptions. The "Description of the Bonds" section of this Listing Particular contains a more detailed description of the terms and conditions of the bonds and the guarantees of the bonds.

Issuer	GTL Trade Finance Inc., incorporated with limited liability in the British Virgin Islands.	
Guarantees	The bonds will be guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Gerdau S.A., Gerdau Açominas S.A., Gerdau Aços Longos S.A., and Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A., which we collectively refer to as the "Guarantors."	
Bonds offered	US\$ 500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of 7.250% bonds.	
Interest rate	The bonds will bear interest from April 16, 2014 at the annual rate of 7.250%, payable semi-annually in arrears on each interest payment date.	
Interest payment dates	April 16 and October 16, commencing on October 16, 2014.	
Issue price	100.000% of the principal amount, plus accrued interest, if any, from April 16, 2014.	
Maturity	April 16, 2044.	
Ranking of the bonds and the guarantees	The bonds will be the Issuer's senior unsecured obligations ranking:	

- at least pari passu in priority of payment with all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of the Issuer, subject to certain statutory preferences under applicable law, including labor and tax claims;
- senior in right of payment to any subordinated debt of the Issuer; and
- structurally subordinated to the debt and other obligations (including subordinated debt and trade payables) of the Company's subsidiaries that are not Guarantors and to the Company's secured debt and other secured obligations to the extent of such security.

The guarantees will be each Guarantor's senior unsecured obligations ranking:

pari passu in priority of payment with all existing future senior and unsecured indebtedness of that Guarantor, subject to certain

statutory preferences under applicable law, including labor and tax claims;

- senior in right of payment to any subordinated debt of that Guarantor; and
- structurally subordinated to the debt and other obligations (including subordinated debt and trade payables) of that Guarantor's subsidiaries and to secured debt and other secured obligations of that Guarantor and its subsidiaries to the extent of such security.

plus accrued interest to the date of purchase, as described

	See "Description of the Bonds—Ranking."
Early redemption of Bonds	The Issuer may, at its option, redeem the bonds, in whole but not in part, at a redemption price equal to the greater of 100% of their outstanding principal amount and a "make-whole" amount, in each case plus accrued interest to the date of redemption and additional amounts, if any, at any time. At any time on or after six months prior to the maturity of the bonds, the Issuer will have the right to redeem the bonds, in whole or in part and from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed to such redemption date. See "Description of the Bonds—Early Redemption of Bonds."
Early redemption for taxation reasons	The Issuer may, at its option, redeem the bonds, in whole but not in part at 100% of their principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of redemption and additional amounts, if any, upon the occurrence of specified events relating to applicable tax laws. See "Description of the Bonds—Early Redemption for Taxation Reasons."
Additional amounts	Payments of principal and interest on the bonds will be made without withholding and deduction for any present or future taxes, except as required by applicable law. The Issuer, in respect of the bonds, and the Guarantors, in respect of the guarantees, will pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the holders of bonds of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction for taxes been required, subject to certain exceptions set forth under "Description of the Bonds—Additional Amounts."
Change of control offer	Upon the occurrence of a change of control that results in a ratings decline, Gerdau, acting on behalf of the Issuer, will make an offer to purchase all outstanding bonds (including all the outstanding existing bonds) at a purchase price equal to 101% of their principal amount

under "Description of the Bonds-Covenants-Repurchase of Bonds upon a Change of Control." Use of proceeds The net proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the Company's general corporate purposes. The indenture governing the bonds and the guarantees of Covenants the Guarantors will restrict the ability of the Issuer, the Guarantors and their subsidiaries to: create liens: enter into transactions with affiliates; and consolidate with or merge with or into another person or transfer assets to another person. Each of these covenants is subject to exceptions and limitations. See "Description of the Bonds—Covenants." Events of default For a discussion of certain events of default that will permit acceleration of the principal of the bonds plus accrued interest, see "Description of the Bonds-Events of Default." The Issuer may from time to time without notice to or Further issuances consent of the holders of bonds create and issue an unlimited principal amount of additional bonds of the same series as the bonds initially issued in this offering. Form and denomination; settlement The bonds will be issued in the form of global bonds in fully registered form without interest coupons, as described under "Form of the Bonds." The global bonds will be exchangeable or transferable, as the case may be, for definitive certificated bonds in fully registered form without interest coupons only in limited circumstances. The bonds will be issued in registered form in denominations of US\$200,000 and integral multiples of US\$1,000 in excess thereof. See "Description of the Bonds-Form, Denomination and Title" and "Form of the Bonds." The bonds will be delivered in book-entry form through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company, which we refer to as "DTC," for the accounts of its participants, including Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System, which we refer to as "Euroclear," and Clearstream Banking, S.A. Luxembourg, which we refer to as "Clearstream Luxembourg," and will trade in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System. Notice to investors.... The bonds have not been, and will not be, registered under the Securities Act and are subject to limitations on transfers, as described under "Notice to Investors."

Listing	Application was made to list the bonds on the Official List of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and to trade the bonds on the Euro MTF. The Issuer will at all times use its reasonable efforts to maintain the listing of the bonds on the Euro MTF.
Governing law	The indenture and the bonds will be governed by the laws of the State of New York.
Trustee, paying agent, registrar and transfer agent	The Bank of New York Mellon.
Luxembourg paying agent and transfer agent	The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A.
Risk factors	You should carefully consider the risk factors discussed elsewhere in this Listing Particular and in "Item 3.D. Risk Factors" in the Company's 2013 Annual Report, incorporated by reference herein before purchasing any bonds. See "Risk Factors."

SUMMARY FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION OF GERDAU

The following table sets forth Gerdau's summary financial information, presented in Brazilian reais.

The summary financial data as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 have been derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the IASB, appearing in the Company's 2013 Annual Report, incorporated by reference in this Listing Particular.

The Company has not included any financial statements for the Issuer in this Listing Particular. The Issuer will not publish financial statements.

The summary financial information below should be read in conjunction with "Recent Business Developments and Financial Results" and "Presentation of Financial and Other Information" and the Company's consolidated financial statements incorporated by reference to its 2013 Annual Report.

(Expressed in thousands of Brazilian Reais - R\$ except quantity of shares

	and amounts per share)		
_	2013	2012	2011
NET SALES	39,863,037	37,981,668	35,406,780
Cost of sales	(34,728,460)	(33,234,102)	(30,298,232)
GROSS PROFIT	5,134,577	4,747,566	5,108,548
Selling expenses	(658,862)	(587, 369)	(603,747)
General and administrative expenses	(1,953,014)	(1,884,306)	(1,797,937)
Other operating income	318,256	244,414	195,015
Other operating expenses	(140,535)	(180,453)	(85,533)
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated companies	54,001	8,353	62,662
INCOME BEFORE FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSES) AND TAXES	2,754,423	2,348,205	2,879,008
Financial income	292,910	316,611	455,802
Financial expenses	(1,053,385)	(952,679)	(970,457)
Exchange variations, net	(544,156)	(134,128)	51,757
Gains and losses on financial instruments, net	2,854	(18,547)	(65,438)
INCOME BEFORE TAXES	1,452,646	1,559,462	2,350,672
Current	(318,422)	(316,271)	(519,843)
Deferred	559,478	253,049	266,747
Income and social contribution taxes	241,056	(63,222)	(253,096)
NET INCOME =	1,693,702	1,496,240	2,097,576
ATRIBUTABLE TO:			
Owners of the parent	1,583,731	1,425,633	2,005,727
Non-controlling interests	109,971	70,607	91,849
	1,693,702	1,496,240	2,097,576
Basic earnings per share — in R\$			
Common	0.93	0.84	1.22
Preferred	0.93	0.84	1.22
Diluted earnings per share — in R\$			
Common	0.93	0.84	1.22
Preferred	0.93	0.84	1.22
Cash dividends declared per share — in R\$			
Common	0.28	0.24	0.35
Preferred	0.28	0.24	0.35

⁽¹⁾ The information on the numbers of shares presented above corresponds to the weighted average quantity during each year.

⁽²⁾ The information on the numbers of shares presented above corresponds to the shares at the end of the year.

	On December 31,	
	2013	2012
	(Expressed in thousands	of Brazilian Reais - R\$)
Balance sheet selected information	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,099,224	1,437,235
Short-term investments (1)	2,123,168	1,059,605
Current assets	18,177,222	16,410,397
Current liabilities	7,236,630	7,823,182
Net working capital (2)	10,940,592	8,587,215
Property, plant and equipment, net	21,419,074	19,690,181
Net assets (3)	32,020,757	28,797,917
Total assets	58,215,040	53,093,158
Short-term debt (including "Current Portion of Long-Term Debt")	1,810,783	2,324,374
Long-term debt (excluding "Current Portion of Long-Term Debt")	14,481,497	11,725,868
Debentures - short term	27,584	257,979
Debentures - long term	386,911	360,334
Equity	32,020,757	28,797,917
Capital	19,249,181	19,249,181

Includes held for trading and available for sale.
 Total current assets less total current liabilities.
 Total assets less total current liabilities and less total non-current liabilities.

ror the year ended	
On December 31,	
2012	20

	On December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
	(in thousand	s of Brazilian <i>reais</i> - F	R\$)
Other Selected Financial and Operating Information Cash Flow Data:			
Cash flows from operating activities	4,098,412	4,344,047	1,710,018
Cash flows from investing activities	-2,703,565	-3,438,025	-2,111,158
Cash flows from financing activities	-804,533	-1,036,294	727,064
Operating Data (in thousand tons):			
Consolidated shipments	18,519	18,594	19,164
Total production of long rolled steel ⁽¹⁾	15,502	15,824	16,419
Total production of slabs, billets and blooms ⁽¹⁾	18,009	18,920	19,623
Other Information:			
Capital expenditures	2,598,265	3,127,256	1,961,379
Depreciation and amortization	2,029,507	1,827,499	1,771,881
EBITDA and ratios:			
Net Income for the period	1,693,702	1,496,240	2,097,576
(+) Financial results (financial expenses, financial income,	1,301,777	788,743	528,336
exchange variations, net and gains and losses on financial instruments, net)			
(+) Income and social contribution taxes	-241,056	63,222	253,096
(+) Depreciation and amortization	2,029,507	1,827,499	1,771,881
(=) EBITDA ⁽²⁾	4,783,930	4,175,704	4,650,889
Total Debt ⁽⁴⁾	16,706,775	14,668,555	13,683,528
Interest Expenses (12-month period)(7)	-1,164,563	-1,065,758	-1,085,446
Total Debt ⁽⁴⁾ /EBITDA(2)(5) EBITDA (12-month period)/Interest Expenses (12-month	3.5	3.5	2.9
period) (6)	4.1	3.9	4.3

⁽¹⁾ The rolling process relies on raw materials produced at the melt shops such as slabs, blooms and billets. Part of these products is sold directly to external customers and the remainder used in the rolling process.

- (3) Current liquidity ratio consists of current assets divided by current liabilities derived from the Company's consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- (4) Includes short-term and long-term debt and debentures.
- (5) The ratio of Total Debt to EBITDA is calculated in accordance with our outstanding indebtedness, which calculation may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, using Total Debt as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, and EBITDA for the twelve-month periods ended as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.
- (6) The ratio of EBITDA to Interest Expense is calculated in accordance with covenants of our most significant outstanding indebtedness containing financial covenants, which calculation may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies, using the EBITDA for the twelve-month periods ended as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, and Interest Expense (including financial expenses; gains and losses on financial instruments, net; and capitalized interest and financial charges) for the twelve-month periods ended as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.
- (7) Includes Financial Expenses, Gain and losses on financial instruments (net) and Capitalized borrowing costs.

⁽²⁾ EBITDA is equal to net income, plus financial expenses, financial income, foreign exchange gains and losses (net) and gains and losses on financial instruments (net), plus provision for income taxes, plus depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is not a measure of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS and management believes EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to cash flows from operations as a measure of liquidity and cash flows. EBITDA does not have standardized meaning and our definition of EBITDA may not be comparable to EBITDA as used by other companies. However, because EBITDA does not account for certain costs intrinsic to our business, which could, in turn, materially affect our profits, such as financial expenses, taxes, depreciation, capital expenditures and other related charges, EBITDA presents limitations that affect its use as a measure of our profitability. Management uses this measure to focus on on-going operations, and believes that it is useful to investors because it enables them to perform meaningful comparisons of past and present operating results, and it is calculated in accordance with covenants of our most significant outstanding indebtedness. Gerdau believes that using this information, along with net earnings, provides for a more complete analysis of the results of operations. Net income is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

RISK FACTORS

Prospective purchasers of bonds should carefully consider the risks described below and those described in "Item 3.D. Risk Factors" of Gerdau's 2013 Annual Report, incorporated by reference in this Listing Particular, as well as the other information in this Listing Particular, before deciding to purchase any bonds. The Company's business, results of operations, financial condition or prospects could be negatively affected if any of these risks occurs, and as a result, the trading price of the bonds could decline and you could lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Relating to the Bonds

Securities Laws Will Restrict Your Ability to Transfer the Bonds.

The bonds have not been registered under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws and will be subject to transfer restrictions in order to ensure compliance with federal and state securities laws. You may not sell the bonds in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable U.S. state securities laws, or pursuant to an effective registration statement. The bonds and the indenture will contain provisions that will restrict the bonds from being offered, sold or otherwise transferred except pursuant to certain exemptions under the Securities Act.

An Active Trading Market for the Bonds May Not Develop.

The bonds constitute a new issue of securities, for which there is no existing market. The Company cannot provide you with any assurances regarding the development of a market for the bonds, the ability of holders of the bonds to sell their bonds, or the price at which such holders may be able to sell their bonds.

Accordingly the Company cannot assure you that an active trading market for the bonds will develop or, if a trading market develops, that it will continue. The lack of an active trading market for the bonds would have a material adverse effect on the market price and liquidity of the bonds. If a market for the bonds develops, the bonds may trade at a discount from their initial offering price.

Judgments of Brazilian Courts Enforcing the Company's and the Other Guarantors' Obligations Under the Bonds Would Be Payable Only in Reais.

If proceedings were brought in Brazil seeking to enforce the Company's and the other Guarantors' obligations under the bonds, neither the Company nor the other Guarantors would be required to discharge its or their obligations, as the case may be, in a currency other than *reais*. Under Brazilian exchange control limitations, an obligation to pay amounts denominated in a currency other than Brazilian currency, which is payable in Brazil, may only be satisfied in Brazilian currency at the exchange rate prevailing on the market, as published by the Central Bank on the date on which (i) the respective proceeding is filed, (ii) the respective judgment is rendered or (iii) the relevant payment is made. Accordingly, if the Company or any of the other Guarantors were to be declared bankrupt, all the Company's or such other Guarantor's credits denominated in foreign currencies would be converted into *reais* at the prevailing rate on the date of the declaration.

Payments on the Bonds and the Guarantees will be Effectively Junior to Any Secured Debt Obligations of the Guarantors and Structurally Junior to Debt Obligations of Any Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries.

The Issuer is a finance company dependent on cash flows of its affiliates. All of Gerdau S.A.'s principal Brazilian operating subsidiaries are also guaranteeing the bonds but some of its other subsidiaries, including Gerdau Ameristeel, are not guaranteeing the bonds. Claims of creditors of Gerdau S.A.'s non-guarantor subsidiaries and non-guarantor subsidiaries of the other Guarantors, including trade creditors and creditors holding indebtedness or guarantees issued by such non-guarantor subsidiaries, and claims of preferred stockholders of such non-guarantor subsidiaries will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of such non-guarantor subsidiaries over Gerdau S.A.'s and the other Guarantors' creditors claims. Accordingly, the bonds will be structurally subordinated to creditors (including trade creditors) and preferred stockholders, if any, of Gerdau S.A. or the other Guarantors' non-

guarantor subsidiaries. The indenture does not require Gerdau S.A.'s future subsidiaries to guarantee the bonds, and it does restrict a Guarantor from disposing of its assets to a third party or Gerdau S.A.'s subsidiary or a subsidiary of such Guarantor that is not guaranteeing the bonds.

The indenture governing the bonds will permit the incurrence of additional debt, some of which may be secured debt.

If the Issuer or any of the Guarantors become insolvent or are liquidated, or if payment under any secured debt is accelerated, the lenders thereunder would be entitled to exercise the remedies available to a secured lender. Accordingly, the lender will have priority over any claim for payment under the bonds to the extent of the value of the assets that constitute its collateral. If this were to occur, it is possible that there would be no assets remaining from which claims of the holders of the bonds could be satisfied. Further, if any assets did remain after payment of these lenders, the remaining assets might be insufficient to satisfy the claims of the holders of the bonds and holders of other unsecured debt that is deemed the same class as the bonds, and potentially all other general creditors who would participate ratably with holders of the bonds.

As of December 31, 2013, the Company had approximately US\$ 7 billion of consolidated indebtedness. Approximately US\$ 1.4 billion of this total amount was structurally senior to the bonds being sold in this offering, including US\$ 24.2 million of the Company and the other Guarantors' secured debt and US\$ 1.4 billion of the Company's and the other Guarantors' non-guarantor subsidiaries' debt, including trade accounts payables.

During the period from December 31, 2013 through the date hereof the Company incurred additional indebtedness comprising (i) Export Credit Notes (NCEs) with Banco do Brasil S.A. in the amounts of R\$ 430 million for Gerdau Açominas S.A. and R\$ 70 million for Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A.; (ii) US\$ 62.8 million under the Company's global working capital facility; and (iii) a Credit Agreement for Gerdau Corsa, S.A.P.I. DE C.V. in the total amount of MXN 990,750,000 with Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation.

The Company continuously monitors the market for its outstanding securities, and may from time to time engage in liability management transactions with its own obligations.

We Cannot Assure You that the Credit Ratings for the Bonds will not be Lowered, Suspended or Withdrawn by the Rating Agencies.

The credit ratings of the bonds may change after issuance. Such ratings are limited in scope, and do not address all material risks relating to an investment in the bonds, but rather reflect only the views of the rating agencies at the time the ratings are issued. An explanation of the significance of such ratings may be obtained from the rating agencies. We cannot assure you that such credit ratings will remain in effect for any given period of time or that such ratings will not be lowered, suspended or withdrawn entirely by the rating agencies, if, in the judgment of such rating agencies, circumstances so warrant. Any lowering, suspension or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price and marketability of the bonds.

The Obligations of the Guarantors under the Guarantees are Subordinated to Certain Statutory Liabilities.

Under Brazilian law, the obligations of the Guarantors under the bonds, the guarantees and the indenture are subordinated to certain statutory preferences. In the event of the bankruptcy of any of the Guarantors, according to the Brazilian bankruptcy law, such statutory preferences, such as certain claims for salaries and wages to a certain limit, social security and other taxes, court fees and expenses, will have preference over any other claims, including claims by any investor in respect of the bonds.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from the sale of the bonds in the amount of US\$497,200,000 were made available to the Company to be used for general corporate purposes.

EXCHANGE RATES

The Brazilian foreign exchange system allows the purchase and sale of foreign currency and the international transfer of *reais* by any person or legal entity, regardless of the amount, subject to certain regulatory procedures. On March 24, 2010, the CMN approved Resolution No. 3,844, adopting a series of measures to consolidate and simplify the Brazilian foreign exchange regulations. These changes are expected to reduce the effective cost of foreign exchange transactions and the related administrative expenses for both the public and private sectors as well as to provide more legal certainty to the parties to such transactions.

As of the date of this Listing Particular, all financial transfers from Brazil to other countries and from abroad to Brazil, either in Brazilian currency or in any foreign currency, related to foreign capital flows governed by CMN Resolution No. 3,844, will have to follow the general rules applicable to the Brazilian foreign exchange market, such as complying with all laws, be supported by proper documentation and have a reasonable economic justification.

Since 1999, the Central Bank has allowed the U.S. dollar-*real* exchange rate to float freely, and, since then, the U.S. dollar-*real* exchange rate has fluctuated considerably. Until early 2003, the value of the *real* declined relative to the U.S. dollar. The *real* appreciated against the U.S. dollar in 2004-2007. In 2008, the *real* showed a depreciation of 32% against the U.S. dollar as a result of the global financial and economic crisis. In 2009, as a result of a more stable market environment, the Brazilian *real* appreciated 26% against the U.S. dollar on December 31, 2009 and the exchange rate between the *real* and the U.S. dollar decreased to rates last in effect in 2007 with a low of R\$1.74 to US\$1.00. On April 4, 2014, the exchange rate between the *real* and the U.S. dollar was R\$ 2,2420 to US\$1.00.

In the past, the Central Bank has intervened occasionally to control unstable movements in foreign exchange rates. We cannot predict whether the Central Bank or the Brazilian government will continue to let the *real* float freely or will intervene in the exchange rate market through the return of a currency band system or otherwise. The *real* may depreciate or appreciate against the U.S. dollar substantially.

The following table sets forth the commercial selling rate, expressed in *reais* per U.S. dollar, for the periods indicated.

Exchange rates from U.S. dollars to Brazilian reais				
	Period-			
Period	end	Average	High	Low
April-2014 (through				
April 4, 2014)	2.2420	2.2640	2.2811	2.2420
March-2014	2.2630	2.3260	2.3649	2.2603
February-2014	2.3334	2.3837	2.4238	2.3334
January-2014	2.4263	2.3822	2.4397	2.3335
December-2013	2.3426	2.3455	2.3817	2.3102
November-2013	2.3249	2.2954	2.3362	2.2426
October - 2013	2.2026	2.1890	2.2123	2.1611
2013	2.3426	2.1601	2.4457	1.9528
2012	2.0435	1.9550	2.1121	1.7024
2011	1.8758	1.6746	1.9016	1.5345
2010	1.6662	1.7593	1.8811	1.6554
2009	1.7412	1.9935	2.4218	1.7024

CAPITALIZATION OF GERDAU

The following table sets forth Gerdau's consolidated capitalization at December 31, 2013 on an historical basis and as adjusted for this offering of US\$ 500,000,000 bonds to give effect to this offering.

This table should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013 and the notes thereto incorporated by reference in this Listing Particular to the Company's 2013 Annual Report.

		As adjusted
	Actual	for this offering ⁽³⁾
	(in thousands of l	Brazilian <i>reais- R\$</i>)
Debt:		
Current debt:		
Short-term debt (including "Current Portion of Long-Term	1,810,783	1,810,783
Debt")	27.594	27.594
Debentures	27,584	27,584
Dividends Payable	119,455	119,455
Long-term debt:		
Long-term debt (excluding "Current Portion of Long-Term	14,481,497	14,481,497
Debt")		1 000 250
Bonds offered hereby (aggregate principal amount) ⁽¹⁾	-	1,099,359
Debentures	386,911	386,911
Equity:		
Capital	19,249,181	19,249,181
Treasury stocks	(238,971)	(238,971)
Capital reserves	11,597	11,597
Retained earnings	10,472,752	10,472,752
Operations with non-controlling interests	(1,732,962)	(1,732,962)
Other reserves		2,577,482
Equity attributable to the equity holders of the parent	30,339,079	30,339,079
Non-controlling interests	<u>1,681,678</u>	1,681,678
Equity	32,020,757	32,020,757
Total debt and shareholders' equity ⁽²⁾	48,846,987	49,946,346

⁽¹⁾ The proceeds of the offering were translated using the commercial selling rate as reported by the Central Bank as of April 9, 2014 of R\$ 2.2111 per U.S. dollar.

As of December 31, 2013, the Issuer has US\$ 1.5 billion or R\$ 3.6 billion of indebtedness.

⁽²⁾ Defined as short-term and long-term debt (including the bonds offered hereby) and debentures and dividends payable, including total equity.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted to show the effect of the net proceeds of US\$ 497,200,000 (after deduction of underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated expenses) of this offering.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BONDS

The Issuer has issued the bonds pursuant to an indenture, dated as of April 16, 2014, among the Issuer, the Guarantors, The Bank of New York Mellon as trustee (which term includes any successor as trustee under the indenture) and paying agent, transfer agent and registrar (which terms include any successor under the indenture) and The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A., as Luxembourg paying agent and transfer agent. The Issuer will, under the indenture, appoint a registrar, paying agents and transfer agents, which are identified on the inside back cover page of this Listing Particular. A copy of the indenture, including the form of the bonds, will be available for inspection during normal business hours at the offices of the trustee and any of the other paying agents set forth on the inside back cover page of this Listing Particular. The trustee or any paying agent will also act as transfer agent and registrar in the event that the Issuer issues certificates for the bonds in definitive registered form as set forth in "Form of Bonds—Individual Definitive Bonds."

This description of bonds is a summary of the material provisions of the bonds and the indenture. You should refer to the indenture for a complete description of the terms and conditions of the bonds and the indenture, including the obligations of the Issuer, Gerdau and the other Guarantors, which we refer to collectively as the "Transaction Parties," and your rights.

You will find the definitions of capitalized terms used in this section under "— Certain Definitions." For purposes of this section of this Listing Particular, references to (i) the "Issuer" shall mean GTL Trade Finance Inc., a subsidiary of Gerdau S.A., and (ii) "Gerdau" shall mean Gerdau S.A. and its successors, and not to its subsidiaries.

General

The bonds:

- are senior unsecured obligations of the Issuer;
- are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Gerdau and certain of its subsidiaries;
- will mature on April 16, 2044;
- were issued in minimum denominations of US\$200,000 and integral multiples of US\$1,000 in excess thereof;
- are represented by one or more registered bonds in global form and may be exchanged for bonds in definitive form only in limited circumstances; and
- are not required to be registered under the Securities Act.

Interest on the bonds:

- will accrue at the rate of 7.250% per annum;
- will accrue from the date of issuance or from the most recent interest payment date;
- will be payable in U.S. dollars semi-annually in arrears on April 16 and October 16 of each year, commencing on October 16, 2014, until all required amounts due in respect of the bonds have been paid;
- will be payable to the holders of record on April 2 and October 2 immediately preceding the related interest payment dates; and
- will be computed on the basis of a 360 day year comprised of twelve 30 day months.

Principal of, and interest and any additional amounts on, the bonds will be payable, and the transfer of bonds will be registrable, at the office of the trustee, and at the offices of the paying agents and transfer agents, respectively. If the bonds are listed on the Euro MTF, the Issuer will maintain a listing agent, paying agent and transfer agent in Luxembourg for so long as the bonds are so listed and the rules of that stock exchange so require.

There are no convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds or bonds with warrants attached.

The indenture limits and restricts the Issuer from taking certain actions or engaging in certain activities or transactions. See "—Covenants—Limitations on the Issuer." The indenture does not limit the amount of debt or other obligations that may be incurred by the Guarantors or any of Gerdau's non-guarantor subsidiaries (other than the Issuer). Other than the restrictions on liens described below under "—Covenants—Limitations on Liens," the indenture does not contain any restrictive covenants or other provisions designed to protect holders of the bonds in the event the Transaction Parties or any non-guarantor subsidiary of Gerdau participates in a highly leveraged transaction or upon a change of control, except as set forth under "—Covenants—Repurchase of Bonds upon a Change of Control."

The Issuer is entitled, without the consent of the holders, to issue additional bonds under the indenture on the same terms and conditions as the bonds being offered hereby in an unlimited aggregate principal amount, which we refer to as the "Additional Bonds." The bonds and the Additional Bonds, if any, will be treated as a single class for all purposes of the indenture, including waivers and amendments. Unless the context otherwise requires, for all purposes of the indenture and this "Description of the Bonds," references to the bonds include any Additional Bonds actually issued.

Guarantees

Gerdau and each other Guarantor will jointly and severally guarantee, on a senior unsecured basis, the due and punctual payment of all amounts due and payable on the bonds (including any "make-whole" premium described under "—Early Redemption" and the payment of additional amounts described under "—Additional Amounts") when and as the same shall become due and payable. No subsidiary of Gerdau, other than the named Guarantors, is or will be obligated to guarantee the bonds.

Ranking

Bonds

The bonds constitute direct senior unsecured obligations of the Issuer. The obligations of the Issuer under the bonds will rank at least *pari passu* in priority of payment with all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of the Issuer, subject to certain statutory preferences under applicable law, including labor and tax claims.

The obligations of the Issuer under the bonds also rank:

- senior in right of payment to any subordinated debt of the Issuer; and
- effectively subordinated to the debt and other obligations (including subordinated debt and trade payables) of Gerdau's subsidiaries that are not Guarantors and to secured debt and other secured obligations of Gerdau to the extent of such security.

Guarantees

The obligations of each Guarantor rank:

• pari passu in priority of payment with all existing and future senior unsecured indebtedness of that Guarantor, subject to certain statutory preferences under applicable law, including labor and tax claims;

- senior in right of payment to any subordinated debt of that Guarantor; and
- effectively subordinated to the debt and other obligations (including subordinated debt and trade payables) of that Guarantor's subsidiaries that are not Guarantors and to secured debt and other secured obligations of that Guarantor to the extent of such security.

None of Gerdau S.A.'s subsidiaries (other than the named Guarantors) is guaranteeing the bonds. Claims of creditors of such non-guarantor subsidiaries, including trade creditors and creditors holding indebtedness or guarantees issued by such non-guarantor subsidiaries, and claims of preferred stockholders of such non-guarantor subsidiaries generally will have priority with respect to the assets and earnings of such non-guarantor subsidiaries over the claims of Gerdau's creditors, including holders of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds will be effectively subordinated to creditors (including trade creditors) and preferred stockholders, if any, of Gerdau's non-guarantor subsidiaries. The indenture does not require any existing subsidiaries (other than the named Guarantors) or any future subsidiaries of Gerdau to guarantee the bonds, and it does restrict any Guarantor from disposing of its assets to a third party or a subsidiary of Gerdau that is not guaranteeing the bonds. See "—Covenants."

As of December 31, 2013, the Company had approximately US\$ 7 billion of consolidated indebtedness. Approximately US\$1.4 billion of this total amount was structurally senior to the bonds being sold in this offering, including US\$ 24.2 million of the Company and the other Guarantors' secured debt and US\$ 1.4 billion of the Company's and the other Guarantors' non-guarantor subsidiaries' debt, including trade accounts payables.

During the period from December 31, 2013 through the date hereof the Company incurred additional indebtedness comprising (i) Export Credit Notes (NCEs) with Banco do Brasil S.A. in the amounts of R\$ 430 million for Gerdau Açominas S.A. and R\$ 70 million for Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A.; (ii) US\$ 62.8 million under the Company's global working capital facility; and (iii) a Credit Agreement for Gerdau Corsa, S.A.P.I. DE C.V. in the total amount of MXN 990,750,000 with Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation.

The Company continuously monitors the market for its outstanding securities, and may from time to time engage in liability management transactions with its own obligations.

Early Redemption

The bonds will not be redeemable prior to maturity, except as set forth below and except as described under "—Covenants—Repurchase of Bonds upon a Change of Control."

Early Redemption of Bonds

The bonds will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer, in whole, but not in part, upon giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the holders (which notice will be irrevocable), a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest and any additional amounts payable with respect thereto and (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest on the bonds (exclusive of the interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the redemption date on an annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points. At any time on or after six months prior to the maturity of the bonds, the Issuer will have the right to redeem the bonds, in whole or in part and from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest on the principal amount of the bonds being redeemed to such redemption date.

"Comparable Treasury Issue" means the United States Treasury security or securities selected by an Independent Investment Banker as having a maturity or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining term of the bonds that would be utilized, at the time of selection and in accordance with customary financial practice, in pricing new issues of corporate debt securities of comparable maturity to the remaining term of the bonds.

"Comparable Treasury Price" means, with respect to the redemption date, (1) the average of five Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations for the redemption date, after excluding the highest and lowest Reference Treasury

Dealer Quotations, or (2) if the Independent Investment Banker obtains fewer than five such Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations, the average of all such quotations.

"Independent Investment Banker" means one of the Reference Treasury Dealers reasonably designated by us.

"Reference Treasury Dealer" means J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated or their affiliates which are primary United States government securities dealers and not less than three other leading primary United States government securities dealers in New York City reasonably designated by us; provided that if any of the former cease to be a primary United States government securities dealer in New York City (a "Primary Treasury Dealer"), we will substitute therefor another Primary Treasury Dealer.

"Reference Treasury Dealer Quotations" means, with respect to each Reference Treasury Dealer and a redemption date, the average, as determined by the Independent Investment Banker, of the bid and asked prices for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed in each case as a percentage of its principal amount) quoted in writing to the Independent Investment Banker by such Reference Treasury Dealer at or about 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on the third business day preceding such redemption date.

"Treasury Rate" means, with respect to a redemption date, the rate per annum equal to the semi-annual equivalent yield to maturity or interpolated maturity (on a day count basis) of the Comparable Treasury Issue, assuming a price for the Comparable Treasury Issue (expressed as a percentage of its principal amount) equal to the Comparable Treasury Price for the redemption date.

Early redemption for Taxation Reasons

The bonds will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer, in whole, but not in part, upon giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the holders (which notice will be irrevocable), at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest and any additional amounts payable with respect thereto only if (i) the Issuer has or will become obligated to pay additional amounts as discussed below under "—Additional Amounts" with respect to such bonds in excess of the additional amounts that the Issuer would pay if payments in respect of the bonds were subject to deduction or withholding at a rate of 15% (determined without regard to any interest, fees, penalties or other additions to tax) as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the treaties, laws or regulations of the British Virgin Islands, Brazil or any political subdivision or governmental authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations, which change or amendment occurs after the date of the indenture, and (ii) such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it. For the avoidance of doubt, for purposes of the preceding sentence, reasonable measures shall include a change of the jurisdiction of incorporation, residence or domicile of the Issuer, or any paying agent. No such notice of redemption will be given earlier than 60 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer would be obligated to pay such additional amounts if a payment in respect of such bonds were then due.

Prior to the publication or mailing of any notice of redemption of the bonds as described above, the Issuer must deliver to the trustee an officers' certificate to the effect that the obligations of the Issuer to pay additional amounts cannot be avoided by the Issuer taking reasonable measures available to it. The Issuer will also deliver an opinion of an independent legal counsel of recognized standing stating that the Issuer either has or will become obligated to pay additional amounts due to the changes in treaties, tax laws or regulations. The trustee will accept this certificate and opinion as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) of the preceding paragraph, in which event it will be conclusive and binding on the holders.

Open Market Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantors or their respective affiliates may at any time purchase bonds in the open market or otherwise at any price. Any such purchased bonds may be held in treasury or may be resold in compliance with applicable requirements or exemptions under the relevant securities, or other, laws.

Payments

The Issuer will make all payments on the bonds exclusively in U.S. dollars.

The Issuer will make payments of principal and interest on the bonds to the principal paying agent (as identified on the inside back cover page of this Listing Particular), which will pass such funds to the trustee and the other paying agents or to the holders. See "Taxation."

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the bonds to the persons in whose name the bonds are registered at the close of business on the 15th day before the due date for payment. Payments of principal and interest in respect of each bond will be made by the paying agents by U.S. dollar check drawn on a bank in New York City and mailed to the holder of such bond at its registered address. Upon application by the holder to the specified office of any paying agent not less than 15 days before the due date for any payment in respect of a bond, such payment may be made by wire transfer to a U.S. dollar account maintained by the payee with a bank in New York City.

Under the terms of the indenture, payment by the Issuer of any amount payable under the bonds on the due date thereof to the principal paying agent in accordance with the indenture will satisfy the obligation of the Issuer to make such payment; *provided, however,* that the liability of the principal paying agent shall not exceed any amounts paid to it by the Issuer, or held by it, on behalf of the holders under the indenture. The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the holders of the bonds in the event that there is a subsequent failure by the trustee or any paying agent to pay any amount due in respect of the bonds in accordance with the bonds and the indenture so that the holders will receive such amounts as would have been received by them had no such failure occurred.

All payments will be subject in all cases to any applicable tax or other laws and regulations, but without prejudice to the provisions of "—Additional Amounts." No commissions or expenses will be charged to the holders in respect of such payments.

Subject to applicable law, the trustee and the paying agents will pay to the Issuer upon request any monies held by them for the payment of principal or interest that remains unclaimed for two years, and, thereafter, holders entitled to such monies must look to the Issuer for payment as general creditors. After the return of such monies by the trustee or the paying agents to the Issuer, neither the trustee nor the paying agents shall be liable to the holders in respect of such monies.

The redemption price at the date of maturity will correspond to 100% of the principal amount plus accrued interest and any Additional Amount, as applicable.

The Issuer shall pay interest on overdue principal or installments of interest, to the extent lawful, at the rate borne by the bonds plus 1% per annum from and including the date when such amounts were due and through and including the date of payment by the Issuer.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, payments on the bonds registered on the name of DTC shall be effected in accordance with DTC's applicable procedures.

Listing

The Issuer will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the bonds to be listed on the Official list of the Luxemburg Stock Exchange and to trade the bonds on the Euro MTF and to remain so listed so long as the Issuer and the Guarantors do not reasonably believe that doing so would impose burdensome financial reporting or other requirements, or costs relating thereto.

Further Issuances

Under the indenture, the Issuer may from time to time, without the consent of the holders of the bonds, issue additional bonds on terms and conditions identical to those of the bonds, which additional bonds shall increase the aggregate principal amount of, and shall be consolidated, form a single series and vote together with, the bonds,

provided that such additional bonds shall be issued under a separate CUSIP number if such additional bonds are not fungible with the original bonds for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Form, Denomination and Title

The bonds will be in registered form without coupons attached in minimum denominations of US\$200,000 and integral multiples of US\$1,000 in excess thereof.

Bonds sold in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S will be represented by one or more permanent global bonds in fully registered form without coupons deposited with a custodian for and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC for the accounts of Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg. Bonds sold in reliance on Rule 144A will be represented by one or more permanent global bonds in fully registered form without coupons deposited with a custodian for and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Bonds represented by the global bonds will trade in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System and secondary market trading activity in such bonds will therefore settle in immediately available funds. Beneficial interests in the global bonds will be shown on, and transfers thereof will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants, including Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg. Except in certain limited circumstances, definitive registered bonds will not be issued in exchange for beneficial interests in the global bonds. See "Form of Bonds — Global Bonds."

The bonds will be registered in the register of holders of the bonds held at the registered office of the Trustee (the "Bond Register"). In case of discrepancies between the Bond Register and any other register, the Bond Register shall prevail for evidence of ownership.

Title to the bonds will pass by registration in the Register. The holder of any bond will (except as otherwise required by law) be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes (whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any interest in it, writing on, or theft or loss of, the definitive bond issued in respect of it) and no person will be liable for so treating the holder.

Transfer of Bonds

Certificated bonds may be transferred in whole or in part in an authorized denomination upon the surrender of the bond to be transferred, together with the form of transfer endorsed on it duly completed and executed, at the specified office of the registrar or the specified office of any transfer agent. Each new bond to be issued upon exchange of bonds or transfer of bonds will be mailed at the risk of the holder entitled to the bond to such address as may be specified in such request or form of transfer.

Transfer of beneficial interests in the global bonds will be effected only through records maintained by DTC and its participants. See "Form of Bonds."

Transfers of bonds will be effected by or on behalf of the Issuer, the registrar or the transfer agents, without charge to the holder except for any tax or governmental charges or insurance charges which may be imposed in relation to such transfer or any expenses of delivery other than regular mail. The Issuer is not required to transfer or exchange any individual definitive bond selected for redemption.

No holder may require the transfer of a bond to be registered during the period of 15 days ending on the due date for any payment of principal or interest on that bond.

Interests in the Regulation S Global Bond and the Restricted Global Bond shall be exchangeable or transferable, as the case may be, for physical delivery of Certificated Bonds if (i) DTC notifies the Issuer that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for such Global Bond, or DTC ceases to be a "clearing agency" registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor depositary is not appointed by the Issuer within 90 days, or (ii) upon a Holder's request if the Bonds become due and payable under Section 6.2 of the Indenture pursuant to an Event of Default that has occurred and is continuing with respect to such Bonds, provided that such transfer or exchange is made in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. Upon receipt of notice by DTC or the Trustee, as the case may be, regarding the occurrence of any of the events described in the preceding sentence, the Issuer shall use its best efforts to make arrangements with DTC for the exchange of interests in the Global Bonds for individual Certificated Bonds, and cause the requested individual Certificated Bonds to be executed and delivered to the Trustee in sufficient quantities and authenticated by the Trustee for delivery to Holders. In the case of Certificated Bonds issued in exchange for the Restricted Global Bond, such Certificated Bonds shall bear the Securities Act Legend. Until the removal of the legend, which will occur only at the option of the Issuer, upon the transfer, exchange or replacement of Bonds bearing such Securities Act Legend, the Issuer shall deliver only Bonds that bear such Securities Act Legend, or shall refuse to remove such Securities Act Legend, as the case may be. The Trustee shall exchange a Bond bearing the Securities Act Legend for a Bond not bearing such Securities Act Legend only if it has been directed to do so in writing by the Issuer, upon which direction it may conclusively rely.

On or prior to the 40th day after the Closing Date, transfers by an owner of a beneficial interest in the Regulation S Global Bond to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest through the Restricted Global Bond shall be made only in Authorized Denominations in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and upon receipt by the Trustee or Transfer Agent of a written certification from the transferor of the beneficial interest in the form described in the Indenture to the effect that such transfer is being made to a Person who the transferor reasonably believes is a "qualified institutional buyer" within the meaning of Rule 144A in a transaction meeting the requirements of Rule 144A and in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any state of the United States or any other jurisdiction. After such 40th day, such certification requirement shall no longer apply to such transfers.

Transfers by an owner of a Certificated Bond bearing the Securities Act Legend or of a beneficial interest in the Restricted Global Bond to a transferee who takes delivery of such interest through the Regulation S Global Bond or in the form of a Certificated Bond not bearing the Securities Act Legend shall be made only in Authorized Denominations upon receipt by the Trustee or Transfer Agent of a written certification from the transferor in the form described in the Indenture to the effect that such transfer is being made in accordance with Regulation S. Beneficial interests in the Global Bonds shall be shown on, and transfers thereof shall be effected only through records maintained by DTC and its direct and indirect participants, including Euroclear and Clearstream Banking. Transfers between participants in DTC shall be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and shall be settled in DTC's Same-Day Funds Settlement System and secondary market trading activity in such Bonds shall therefore settle in immediately available funds. Transfers between participants in Euroclear and Clearstream Banking shall be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with Applicable Procedures.

Certificated Bonds may be exchanged or transferred in whole or in part in the principal amount of Authorized Denominations by surrendering such Certificated Bonds at the office of the Trustee or any Transfer Agent with a written instrument of transfer as provided in the Indenture duly executed by the Holder thereof or his attorney duly authorized in writing. In exchange for any Certificated Bond properly presented for transfer, the Trustee shall promptly authenticate and deliver or cause to be authenticated and delivered at the Corporate Trust Office, to the transferee, or send by mail (at the risk of the transferee) to such address as the transferee may request, a Certificated Bond or Bonds, as the case may require, registered in the name of such transferee, for the same aggregate principal amount as was transferred. In the case of the transfer of any Certificated Bond in part, the Trustee shall also promptly authenticate and deliver or cause to be authenticated and delivered at the Corporate Trust Office, to the transferor, or send by mail (at the risk of the transferor) to such address as the transferor may request, a Certificated Bond or Bonds, as the case may require, registered in the name of such transferor, for the aggregate principal amount that was not transferred. No transfer of any Bonds shall be made unless the request for such transfer is made by the registered Holder or his attorney duly authorized in writing at the Corporate Trust Office and is accompanied by a completed instrument of transfer in the form described in the Indenture.

Transfer, registration and exchange of any Bond or Bonds shall be permitted and executed as provided in Section 2.7 of the Indenture without any charge to the Holder of any such Bond or Bonds other than any taxes or

governmental charges or insurance charges payable on transfers or any expenses of delivery by other than regular mail, but subject to such reasonable regulations as the Issuer, the Registrar and the Trustee may prescribe. The costs and expenses of effecting any exchange or registration of transfer pursuant to the foregoing provisions, except for the expense of delivery by other than regular mail (if any) and except for the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charges or insurance charges that may be imposed in relation thereto, shall be borne by the Issuer. All Certificated Bonds issued upon any exchange or registration of transfer of Bonds shall be valid obligations of the Issuer, evidencing the same debt, and entitled to the same benefits, as the Bonds surrendered upon exchange or registration of transfer.

The Trustee or the Transfer Agent shall effect transfers of Global Bonds and Certificated Bonds. In addition, the Registrar shall keep the Register for the ownership, exchange and transfer of any Bonds. The Transfer Agent shall give prompt notice to the Registrar and the Registrar shall likewise give prompt notice to the Trustee of any exchange or transfer of such Bonds. Neither the Trustee nor any Transfer Agent shall register the exchange or the transfer of interests during the period of 15 days ending on the Payment Date.

Upon any such exchange of all or a portion of any Global Bond for a Certificated Bond or an interest in either the Restricted Global Bond or the Regulation S Global Bond, the Global Bond to be so exchanged shall be marked to reflect the reduction of its principal amount by the aggregate principal amount of such Certificated Bond or the interest to be so exchanged for an interest in a Regulation S Global Bond or a Restricted Global Bond, as the case may be. Until so exchanged in full, the Bond shall in all respects be entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture as the Bonds authenticated and delivered hereunder.

The Trustee, Transfer Agent and Registrar shall have no obligation or duty to monitor, determine or inquire as to compliance with any restrictions on transfer imposed under the Indenture or under applicable law with respect to any transfer of any interest in any Bond (including any transfers between or among Depositary participants or beneficial owners of interests in any Global Bond) other than to require delivery of such certificates and other documentation or evidence as are expressly required by, and to do so if and when expressly required by the terms of, the Indenture, and to examine the same to determine substantial compliance as to form with the express requirements thereof.

The Trustee shall have no responsibility for any actions taken or not taken by the Depositary. None of the Transaction Parties, Trustee, Registrar, any Paying Agent or the Transfer Agent shall have any responsibility or obligation to any beneficial owner of a Global Bond, a member of, or a participant in the Depository or other Person with respect to the accuracy of the records of the Depository or its nominee or of any participant or member thereof, with respect to any ownership interest in the Bonds or with respect to the delivery to any participant, member, beneficial owner or other Person (other than the Depositary) of any notice (including any notice of redemption) or the payment of any amount, under or with respect to such Bonds. All notices and communications to be given to the Holders and all payments to be made to Holders under the Bonds shall be given or made only to or upon the order of the registered Holders (which shall be the Depositary or its nominee in the case of a Global Bond). The rights of beneficial owners in any Global Bond shall be exercised only through the Depositary subject to the applicable rules and procedures of the Depositary and the Transaction Parties, the Trustee, the Registrar, each Paying Agent, the Transfer Agent shall be entitled to treat the Depositary as the absolute owner of such Global Bond for all purposes whatsoever. The Transaction Parties, Trustee, Registrar, each Paying Agent and Transfer Agent may rely and shall be fully protected in relying upon information furnished by the Depository with respect to its members, participants and any beneficial owners.

Additional Amounts

All payments by the Issuer or a Guarantor in respect of the bonds will be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments, fees or other governmental charges of whatever nature (and any fines, penalties or interest related thereto) imposed or levied by or on behalf of the British Virgin Islands, Brazil or any political subdivision or authority of or in the British Virgin Islands or Brazil having power to tax, or any other jurisdiction in which the Issuer or a Guarantor is organized or is otherwise resident for tax purposes or any jurisdiction from or through which payment is made (any of the aforementioned being a "Taxing Jurisdiction"), unless such withholding or deduction is required by law. In the event that any such taxes, duties, assessments, fees or other governmental charges (and any fines, penalties or interest

related thereto) are so imposed or levied, the Issuer, or a Guarantor, as applicable, will pay to each holder such additional amounts as may be necessary in order that every net payment made by the Issuer or a Guarantor, as applicable, on each bond after such withholding or deduction imposed upon or as a result of such payment by a Taxing Jurisdiction will not be less than the amount then due and payable on such bond. The foregoing obligation to pay additional amounts, however, will not apply to or in respect of:

- any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge which would not have been imposed but for the existence of any present or former connection between such holder, on the one hand, and the relevant Taxing Jurisdiction, on the other hand (including, without limitation, such holder being or having been a citizen or resident thereof or having been engaged in a trade or business or present therein or having, or having had, a permanent establishment therein), other than the mere receipt of such payment or the ownership or holding of, or the enforcement of rights under, such bond;
- any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge which would not have been so imposed but for
 the presentation by such holder for payment on a date more than 30 days after the date on which such
 payment became due and payable or the date on which payment thereof is duly provided for,
 whichever occurs later;
- any tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge to the extent that such tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge would not have been imposed but for the failure of such holder to comply with any certification, identification or other reporting requirements concerning the nationality, residence, identity or connection with the relevant Taxing Jurisdiction of the holder or beneficial owner of a bond (including, without limitation, a certification that the holder or beneficial owner is not resident in the relevant Taxing Jurisdiction) if (a) such compliance is required or imposed by law as a precondition to exemption from all or a part of such tax, duty, assessment or other governmental charge and (b) at least 30 days prior to the date on which the Issuer or a Guarantor, as applicable, will apply this clause, either the Issuer or a Guarantor, as applicable, will have notified all holders of bonds that some or all holders of bonds will be required to comply with such requirement and (c) in no event shall such holder's requirement to make such a declaration, claim or filing require such holder to provide any materially more onerous information, documents or other evidence than would be required to be provided had such holder been required to file U.S. Internal Revenue Service Forms W-8BEN, W-8BEN-E, W-8ECI, W-8EXP and/or W-8IMY;
- any estate, inheritance, gift, sales, transfer, excise or personal property or similar tax, assessment or governmental charge;
- any tax, assessment or other governmental charge which is payable other than by deduction or withholding from payments of principal of or interest on the bond;
- any withholding or deduction imposed on a payment to an individual pursuant to any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, European Council Directive 2003/48/EC, as amended, or any other directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council Meeting of 26-27 November 2000; or
- any combination of the above.

The Issuer or a Guarantor, as applicable, will also pay any present or future stamp, court or documentary taxes or any other excise or property taxes, charges or similar levies which arise in any jurisdiction from the execution, delivery, registration, enforcement or the making of payments in respect of the bonds, excluding any such taxes, charges or similar levies imposed by any jurisdiction outside of the British Virgin Islands or Brazil, other than those resulting from, or required to be paid in connection with, the enforcement of the bonds following the occurrence of any Default or Event of Default.

No additional amounts will be paid with respect to a payment on any bond to a holder that is a fiduciary or partnership or other than the sole beneficial owner of such payment to the extent a beneficiary or settlor with respect

to such fiduciary or a member of such partnership or beneficial owner would not have been entitled to receive payment of the additional amounts had the beneficiary, settlor, member or beneficial owner been the holder of the bond.

The Issuer or a Guarantor, as applicable, will provide the trustee with the official acknowledgment of the relevant taxing authority (or, if such acknowledgment is not available without unreasonable burden or expense, a certified copy thereof or, if such certified copy is not available, other documentation satisfactory to the trustee) evidencing any payment of taxes, penalties, duties, assessments, fees or other governmental charges in respect of which the Issuer or such Guarantor has paid any additional amounts. Copies of such documentation will be made available to the holders of the bonds or the paying agents, as applicable, upon request therefor.

All references in this Listing Particular to principal of and interest on the bonds will include any additional amounts payable by the Issuer in respect of such principal and such interest. The obligations described under "Additional Amounts" will survive until the bonds have been paid in full and will apply *mutatis mutandis* to any jurisdiction in which any successor person to the Issuer or a Guarantor is organized or any political subdivision or taxing authority or agency thereof or therein.

The Issuer and the Guarantors undertake that, while European Council Directive 2003/48/EC, as amended, or any other Directive implementing the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 is in effect, the Issuer and the Guarantors will ensure that it maintains a paying agent in a European Union Member State that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to the Directive.

Covenants

Limitations on the Issuer

The indenture limits and restricts the Issuer from taking the following actions or engaging in the following activities or transactions:

- (1) so long as any of the bonds are outstanding, incurring or permitting to exist any Debt for borrowed money unless such financing transactions are guaranteed by one or more of the Guarantors in respect of the amounts so financed; and
- (2) entering into any consolidation, merger, amalgamation, joint venture or other form of combination with any person, or selling, leasing, conveying or otherwise disposing of any of its assets or receivables, except as otherwise permitted under "—Limitation on Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets" below.

Limitation on Liens

The Issuer will not create or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its property or assets now owned or hereafter acquired by it or on its Capital Stock. Under the indenture, the Guarantors will not, nor will Gerdau permit any Restricted Subsidiary, including any of the Guarantors, to, create or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its property or assets now owned or hereafter acquired by it or on any of their Capital Stock securing any obligation, unless contemporaneously therewith effective provision is made to secure the bonds equally and ratably with such obligation for so long as such obligation is so secured. The preceding sentence will not require any of the Guarantors or any Restricted Subsidiary to equally and ratably secure the bonds if the Lien consists of the following:

- (1) any Lien existing on the date of the indenture, and any extension, renewal or replacement thereof or of any Lien in clause (2), (3) or (4) below; *provided*, *however*, that the total amount of Debt so secured is not increased;
- (2) any Lien on any property or assets (including Capital Stock of any person) securing Debt incurred solely for purposes of financing the acquisition, construction or improvement of such property or assets after the date of the indenture; provided that (a) the aggregate principal amount of Debt secured by

such Lien will not exceed (but may be less than) the cost (i.e., purchase price) of the property or assets so acquired, constructed or improved and (b) such Lien is incurred before, or within 120 days after the completion of, such acquisition, construction or improvement and does not encumber any other property or assets of the Guarantors or any Restricted Subsidiary; and *provided, further*, that to the extent that the property or asset acquired is Capital Stock, such Lien also may encumber other property or assets of the person so acquired;

- (3) any Lien securing Debt incurred for the purpose of financing all or part of the cost of the acquisition, construction or development of a project (including mini-mills and other facilities); provided that the lenders of such Debt expressly agree to limit their recourse in respect of such Debt to assets (including Capital Stock of the project entity) and/or revenues of such project with an aggregate value of not more than the amount of such Debt; and provided, further, that the Lien is incurred before, or within 120 days after the completion of, that acquisition, construction or development and does not apply to any other property or assets of Gerdau or any Subsidiary;
- (4) any Lien existing on any property or assets of any person before that person's acquisition by, merger into or consolidation with Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary after the date of the indenture; provided that (a) such Lien is not created in contemplation of or in connection with such acquisition, merger or consolidation, (b) the Debt secured by such Lien may not exceed the Debt secured on the date of such acquisition, merger or consolidation, (c) such Lien will not apply to any other property or assets of Gerdau or any of its Restricted Subsidiaries and (d) such Lien will secure only the Debt that it secures on the date of such acquisition, merger or consolidation;
- (5) any Lien imposed by law that was incurred in the ordinary course of business, including, without limitation, carriers', warehousemen's and mechanics' liens and other similar encumbrances arising in the ordinary course of business, in each case for sums not yet due or being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings;
- any pledge or deposit made in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance or other similar social security legislation, any deposit to secure appeal bonds in proceedings being contested in good faith to which Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary is a party, good faith deposits in connection with bids, tenders, contracts (other than for the payment of Debt) or leases to which Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary is a party or deposits for the payment of rent, in each case made in the ordinary course of business;
- (7) any Lien in favor of issuers of surety bonds or letters of credit issued pursuant to the request of and for the account of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business;
- (8) any Lien securing taxes, assessments and other governmental charges, the payment of which are not yet due or are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which such reserves or other appropriate provisions, if any, have been established as required by IFRS;
- (9) minor defects, easements, rights-of-way, restrictions and other similar encumbrances incurred in the ordinary course of business and encumbrances consisting of zoning restrictions, licenses, restrictions on the use of property or assets or minor imperfections in title that do not materially impair the value or use of the property or assets affected thereby, and any leases and subleases of real property that do not interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary, and which are made on customary and usual terms applicable to similar properties;
- (10) any rights of set-off of any person with respect to any deposit account of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary arising in the ordinary course of business and not constituting a financing transaction;
- (11) any Liens granted to secure borrowings from, directly or indirectly, (a) *Banco Nacional de Desenvolvimento Econômico e Social* BNDES, or any other Brazilian governmental development bank

or credit agency or (b) any international or multilateral development bank, government-sponsored agency, export-import bank or official export-import credit insurer;

- (12) any Liens on the inventory or receivables of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary securing the obligations of such person under any lines of credit or working capital facility or in connection with any structured export or import financing or other trade transaction; *provided* that the aggregate principal amount of Debt incurred that is secured by receivables that will fall due in any fiscal year shall not exceed (a) with respect to transactions secured by receivables from export sales, 80% of Gerdau's consolidated gross revenues from export sales for the immediately preceding fiscal year of Gerdau; or (b) with respect to transactions secured by receivables from domestic (Brazilian) sales, 80% of such person's consolidated gross revenues from sales within Brazil for the immediately preceding fiscal year of Gerdau; and *provided*, *further*, that Advance Transactions will not be deemed transactions secured by receivables for purpose of the above calculation; and
- (13) in addition to the foregoing Liens set forth in clauses (1) through (12) above, Liens securing Debt of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary (including, without limitation, guarantees of Gerdau or any Restricted Subsidiary) the aggregate principal amount of which, at any time of determination, does not exceed 15% of Consolidated Net Tangible Assets.

Limitation on Transactions with Affiliates

The Transaction Parties will not, nor will they permit any Subsidiary to, enter into or permit to exist any transaction (including the purchase, sale, lease or exchange of any property, employee compensation arrangements or the rendering of any service) with, or for the benefit of, any Affiliate, other than a Wholly-owned Subsidiary, which we refer to as an "Affiliate Transaction," unless the terms of the Affiliate Transaction are no less favorable to such Transaction Party or such Subsidiary than those that could be obtained at the time of the Affiliate Transaction in arm's-length dealings with a person who is not an Affiliate.

Limitation on Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets

No Transaction Party will consolidate with or merge with or into, or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all of its assets to, any person, unless:

- (1) the resulting, surviving or transferee person or persons (if not a Transaction Party) will be a person or persons organized and existing under the laws of Brazil, the United States, the British Virgin Islands, any State thereof or the District of Columbia, Canada or any other country that is a member country of the European Union or of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development on the date of the indenture, and such person or persons expressly assume, by a supplemental indenture to the indenture, executed and delivered to the trustee, all the obligations of such Transaction Party under the indenture;
- the resulting, surviving or transferee person or persons (if not a Transaction Party), if not organized and existing under the laws of Brazil or the British Virgin Islands undertakes, in such supplemental indenture, to pay such additional amounts in respect of principal (and premium, if any) and interest as may be necessary in order that every net payment made in respect of the bonds or the guarantees, as applicable, after deduction or withholding for or on account of any present or future tax, penalty, duty, assessment, fee or other governmental charge (and any fines, penalties, interest or other liabilities related thereto) imposed by the United States or such other country, as the case may be, or any political subdivision or taxing authority thereof or therein will not be less than the amount of principal (and premium, if any) and interest then due and payable on the bonds, subject to the same exceptions set forth under clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) under "Additional Amounts" but adding references to the United States or such other country to the existing references in such clause to Brazil or the British Virgin Islands;
- (3) immediately prior to such transaction and immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default will have occurred and be continuing; and

(4) the Transaction Parties will have delivered to the trustee an officers' certificate and an opinion of legal counsel of recognized standing, each stating that such consolidation, merger, conveyance, transfer or lease and such supplemental indenture, if any, comply with the indenture and that all conditions precedent under the indenture to the consummation of such transaction have been satisfied.

The trustee will accept such certificate and opinion as sufficient evidence of the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in this covenant, in which event it will be conclusive and binding on the holders.

Repurchase of Bonds upon a Change of Control

Not later than 30 days following a Change of Control that results in a Ratings Decline, Gerdau, acting on behalf of the Issuer, will make an Offer to Purchase all outstanding bonds at a purchase price equal to 101% of the principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of purchase.

An "Offer to Purchase" must be made by written offer, which will specify the principal amount of bonds subject to the offer and the purchase price. The offer must specify an expiration date, which we refer to as the "Expiration Date," not less than 30 days or more than 60 days after the date of the offer and a settlement date for purchase, which we refer to as the "Purchase Date," not more than five Business Days after the Expiration Date. The offer must include information concerning the business of Gerdau which it believes will enable the holders to make an informed decision with respect to the Offer to Purchase. The offer will also contain instructions and materials necessary to enable holders to tender bonds pursuant to the offer. Gerdau will comply with Rule 14e-1 under the Exchange Act (to the extent applicable) and all other applicable laws in making any Offer to Purchase, and the above procedures will be deemed modified as necessary to permit such compliance.

A holder may tender all or any portion of its bonds pursuant to an Offer to Purchase, subject to the requirements that any portion of a bond tendered must be in a multiple of US\$1,000 principal amount, the minimum tender of any holder must be no less than US\$200,000 and, if tendered in part, the residual amount cannot be less than US\$200,000. Holders shall be entitled to withdraw bonds tendered up to the close of business on the Expiration Date. On the Purchase Date the purchase price will become due and payable on each bond accepted for purchase pursuant to the Offer to Purchase, and interest on bonds purchased will cease to accrue on and after the Purchase Date.

Gerdau agrees to obtain all necessary consents and approvals from all appropriate Brazilian and other governmental authorities or agencies having jurisdiction over Gerdau and the Offer to Purchase for the remittance of funds outside of Brazil prior to making any Offer to Purchase. Any failure to obtain such consents and approvals shall constitute an Event of Default hereunder.

Reporting Requirements

Gerdau, acting on behalf of the Transaction Parties, will provide or make available to the trustee the following reports (and will also provide the trustee with electronic versions or, in lieu thereof, sufficient copies of the following reports referred to in clauses (1) through (4) below for distribution, at Gerdau's expense, to all holders of bonds):

- (1) an English language version of Gerdau's annual audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS promptly upon such financial statements becoming available but not later than 180 days after the close of its fiscal year;
- (2) an English language version of Gerdau's unaudited quarterly financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS (including, as supplementary information, an unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet and an unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations, in each case, prepared in accordance with IFRS), promptly upon such financial statements becoming available but not later than 60 days after the close of each fiscal quarter (other than the last fiscal quarter of its fiscal year);

- (3) simultaneously with the delivery of each set of financial statements referred to in clauses (1) and (2) above, an officers' certificate from Gerdau stating whether a Default or Event of Default exists on the date of such certificate and, if a Default or Event of Default exists, setting forth the details thereof and the action which the Issuer and/or any Guarantor is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto:
- (4) without duplication, English language versions (or summaries) of such other reports or notices as may be filed or submitted by (and promptly after filing or submission by) the Issuer and/or the Guarantors with (a) the Brazilian Securities Commission, which we refer to as the "CVM," (b) the Euro MTF or any other stock exchange, if any, on which the bonds may be listed or (c) the SEC (in each case, to the extent that any such report or notice is generally available to their security holders or the public in Brazil or elsewhere and, in the case of clause (c), is filed or submitted pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under, or Section 13 or 15(d) of, the Exchange Act, or otherwise); and
- (5) upon any director or executive officer of any of the Transaction Parties becoming aware of the existence of a Default or Event of Default or any event by reason of which payments of either principal or interest on the bonds are prohibited, an officers' certificate setting forth the details thereof and the action which Gerdau is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

Delivery of the above reports to the trustee is for informational purposes only and the trustee's access to, or receipt of, such reports will not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including compliance by the Transaction Parties with any of their covenants in the indenture (as to which the trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on officers' certificates).

None of the Transaction Parties other than Gerdau will be required to provide or distribute any financial or other reports described above.

Prescription

Any money deposited with the Trustee or any Paying Agent, or then held by the Issuer, in trust for the payment of principal of or interest on any Bond and remaining unclaimed for two years after such principal or interest has become due and payable shall be paid to the Issuer at the request of the Issuer, or (if then held by the Issuer) shall be discharged from such trust; and the Holder of such Bond shall thereafter, as an unsecured general creditor, look only to the Issuer for payment thereof, and all liability of the Trustee or such Paying Agent with respect to such trust money, and all liability of the Issuer as trustee thereof, shall thereupon cease; *provided*, *however*, that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such repayment, shall, upon request and at the expense of the Issuer, cause to be published once, in a newspaper published in the English language, customarily published on each Business Day and of general circulation in (i) the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York and (ii) if and so long as the Bonds continue to be listed on the Official List of the Exchange and traded on the Euro MTF (and if so required by the guidelines of the Euro MTF of the Exchange), Luxembourg, notice that such money remains unclaimed and that, after a date specified therein, which shall not be less than 30 days from the date of such publication, any unclaimed balance of such money then remaining shall be repaid to the Issuer.

Events of Default

An "Event of Default" occurs if:

(1) there is a failure to pay interest (including any related additional amounts) on any bond when the same becomes due and payable, and such default continues for a period of 30 days;

- (2) there is failure to pay principal (including any related additional amounts) of any bond when the same becomes due and payable upon redemption or as described under "—Covenants—Repurchase upon a Change of Control" or otherwise;
- (3) any of the Transaction Parties fails to comply with any of the covenants described under "—Covenants—Limitation on the Issuer," "—Covenants—Limitation on Liens," "—Covenants—Limitation on Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets," and such failure continues for 30 days after the notice specified below;
- (4) any of the Transaction Parties fails to comply with any of its covenants or agreements in the bonds or the indenture (other than those referred to in (1), (2) and (3) above), and such failure continues for 60 days after the notice specified below;
- any of the Transaction Parties or any Significant Subsidiary defaults under any mortgage, indenture or instrument under which there may be issued or by which there may be secured or evidenced any Debt for borrowed money by such Transaction Parties or any such Significant Subsidiary (or the payment of which is guaranteed by such Transaction Parties or any such Significant Subsidiary) whether such Debt or guarantee now exists, or is created after the date of the indenture, which default (a) is caused by failure to pay principal of or premium, if any, or interest on such Debt after giving effect to any grace period provided in such Debt on the date of such default, which we refer to as a "Payment Default," or (b) results in the acceleration of such Debt prior to its express maturity and, in each case, the principal amount of any such Debt, together with the principal amount of any other such Debt under which there has been a Payment Default or the maturity of which has been so accelerated, totals US\$100.0 million (or the equivalent thereof at the time of determination) or more in the aggregate;
- (6) one or more final judgments or decrees for the payment of money of US\$35.0 million (or the equivalent thereof at the time of determination) or more in the aggregate are rendered against any of the Transaction Parties or any Significant Subsidiary and are not paid (whether in full or in installments in accordance with the terms of the judgment) or otherwise discharged and, in the case of each such judgment or decree, either (a) an enforcement proceeding has been commenced by any creditor upon such judgment or decree and is not dismissed within 30 days following commencement of such enforcement proceedings or (b) there is a period of 60 days following such judgment during which such judgment or decree is not discharged, waived or the execution thereof stayed;
- (7) certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency of any of the Transaction Parties or any Significant Subsidiary occur; or
- (8) any guarantee of the bonds ceases to be in full force and effect or any of the Guarantors denies or disaffirms its obligations under its guarantee of the bonds.

A Default under clause (3) or (4) above will not constitute an Event of Default until the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the bonds outstanding notify the Transaction Parties of the Default and the Transaction Parties do not cure such Default within the time specified after receipt of such notice.

The trustee is not to be charged with knowledge of any Default or Event of Default or knowledge of any cure of any Default or Event of Default unless a written notice of such Default or Event of Default has been given to a responsible officer of the trustee by any of the Transaction Parties or any holder and such notice states that a Default or Event of Default has occurred and references the Indenture.

If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default specified in clause (7) above) occurs and is continuing, the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding may declare all unpaid principal of and accrued interest on all bonds to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Transaction Parties (and to the trustee, if notice is given by the holders), stating that such notice is an "acceleration notice," and upon any such declaration such amounts will become due and payable immediately. If an Event of Default specified in clause (7) above occurs and is continuing, then the principal of and accrued interest on

all bonds will become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the trustee or any holder.

Subject to the provisions of the indenture relating to the duties of the trustee in case an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the trustee will be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights or powers under the indenture at the request or direction of any of the holders, unless such holders have offered to the trustee indemnity reasonably satisfactory to the trustee. Subject to such provision for the indemnification of the trustee, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding bonds will have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on the trustee.

Defeasance

The Transaction Parties may at any time terminate all of their obligations with respect to the bonds, which we refer to as "defeasance," except for certain obligations, including those regarding any trust established for a defeasance and obligations to register the transfer or exchange of the bonds, to replace mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen bonds and to maintain agencies in respect of bonds. The Transaction Parties may at any time terminate their obligations under certain covenants set forth in the indenture, and any omission to comply with such obligations will not constitute a Default or an Event of Default with respect to the bonds issued under the indenture, which we refer to as "covenant defeasance." In order to exercise either defeasance or covenant defeasance, the Transaction Parties, either acting through Gerdau or otherwise, must irrevocably deposit in trust, for the benefit of the holders of the bonds, with the trustee money or U.S. government obligations, or a combination thereof, in such amounts as will be sufficient, in the opinion of an internationally recognized firm of independent public accountants expressed in a written certificate delivered to the trustee, without consideration of any reinvestment, to pay the principal of, and interest on the bonds to redemption or maturity and comply with certain other conditions, including the delivery of certain opinions of counsel as to certain tax matters.

Amendment, Supplement, Waiver

Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture may be amended or supplemented with the consent of the holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding, and any past Default or Event of Default or compliance with any provision may be waived with the consent of the holders of at least a majority in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding. However, without the consent of each holder of an outstanding bond affected thereby, no amendment or waiver may:

- reduce the rate of or extend the time for payment of interest on any bond;
- reduce the principal of any bond;
- reduce the amount payable upon redemption of any bond or change the time at which any bond may be redeemed;
- change the currency for or place of payment of principal of or interest on any bond;
- impair the right to institute a suit for the enforcement of any right to payment on or with respect to any bond;
- waive certain payment defaults with respect to the bonds;
- reduce the principal amount of bonds whose holders must consent to any amendment or waiver; or
- make any change in the amendment or waiver provisions which require each holder's consent.

The holders of the bonds will receive prior notice as described under "— Notices" of any proposed amendment to the bonds or the indenture or any waiver described in this paragraph. After an amendment or waiver

described in the preceding paragraph becomes effective, the Issuer is required to mail to the holders a notice briefly describing such amendment or waiver. However, the failure to give such notice to all holders of the bonds, or any defect therein, will not impair or affect the validity of the amendment or waiver.

The consent of the holders of the bonds is not necessary to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment or waiver. It is sufficient if such consent approves the substance of the proposed amendment or waiver.

The Transaction Parties and the trustee may, without notice to or the consent or vote of any holder of the bonds, amend or supplement the indenture or the bonds for the following purposes:

- to cure any ambiguity, omission, defect or inconsistency, provided that such amendment or supplement does not materially and adversely affect the rights of any holder;
- to comply with the covenant described under "— Limitation on Consolidation, Merger or Transfer of Assets";
- to add guarantees or collateral with respect to the bonds;
- to add to the covenants of any of the Transaction Parties for the benefit of holders of the bonds;
- to surrender any right conferred upon any of the Transaction Parties;
- to evidence and provide for the acceptance of an appointment by a successor trustee;
- to comply with any requirements of the SEC in connection with any qualification of the indenture under the U.S. Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended;
- to provide for the issuance of additional bonds; or
- to make any other change that does not materially and adversely affect the rights of any holder of the bonds.

Notices

In the case of global bonds, notices to be given to holders will be given to the depositary, as the holder thereof, and such depository will communicate such notice to its participants in accordance with its applicable policies as in effect from time to time. If bonds are issued in certificated form, notices to be given to holders will be deemed to have been given upon the mailing by first class mail, postage prepaid, of such notices to holders of the bonds at their registered addresses as they appear in the trustee's records. For so long as the bonds are listed on the Euro MTF and it is required by the rules of the Euro MTF, all such notices to the holders of the bonds will be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange at www.bourse.lu.

Trustee

The Bank of New York Mellon is the trustee under the indenture.

The indenture contains provisions for the indemnification of the trustee and for its relief from responsibility. The obligations of the trustee to any holder are subject to such immunities and rights as are set forth in the indenture.

Except during the continuance of an Event of Default, the trustee need perform only those duties that are specifically set forth in the indenture and no others, and no implied covenants or obligations will be read into the indenture against the trustee or the principal paying agent. In case an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the trustee shall exercise those rights and powers vested in it by the indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in such exercise, as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct

of his own affairs. No provision of the indenture will require the trustee or the principal paying agent to expend or risk its own funds or otherwise incur any financial liability in the performance of its duties thereunder, or in the exercise of its rights or powers, unless it receives indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.

The Transaction Parties and their respective Affiliates may from time to time enter into normal banking and trustee relationships with the trustee and its affiliates. The address of the trustee is 101 Barclay Street, New York, New York 10286, U.S.A.

Governing Law and Submission to Jurisdiction

The bonds, the indenture and the guarantees will be governed by the laws of the State of New York.

The Transaction Parties will submit to the jurisdiction of the U.S. federal and New York State courts located in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York for purposes of all legal actions and proceedings instituted in connection with the bonds and the indenture. The Transaction Parties have appointed Law Debenture Corporate Services Inc. as their authorized agent upon which process may be served in any such action.

Currency Indemnity

U.S. dollars are the sole currency of account and payment for all sums payable by the Transaction Parties under or in connection with the bonds, including damages. Any amount received or recovered in a currency other than dollars (whether as a result of a judgment or the enforcement of a judgment or order of a court of any jurisdiction, in the winding-up or dissolution of any of the Transaction Parties or otherwise) by any holder of a bond in respect of any sum expressed to be due to it from any of the Transaction Parties will only constitute a discharge of such sum to the extent of the amount of U.S. dollars that the recipient is able to purchase with the amount so received or recovered in that other currency on the date of that receipt or recovery (or, if it is not practicable to make that purchase on that date, on the first date on which it is practicable to do so). If that U.S. dollar amount is less than the U.S. dollar amount expressed to be due to the recipient under any bond, the Transaction Parties will jointly and severally indemnify such holder against any loss sustained by it as a result; and if the amount of U.S. dollars so purchased is greater than the sum originally due to such holder, such holder will, by accepting a bond, be deemed to have agreed to repay such excess. In any event, the Transaction Parties will jointly and severally indemnify the recipient against the cost of making any such purchase.

For the purposes of the preceding paragraph, it will be sufficient for the holder of a bond to certify in a satisfactory manner (indicating the sources of information used) that it would have suffered a loss had an actual purchase of U.S. dollars been made with the amount so received in that other currency on the date of receipt or recovery (or, if a purchase of U.S. dollars on such date had not been practicable, on the first date on which it would have been practicable, it being required that the need for a change of date be certified in the manner mentioned above). These indemnities constitute a separate and independent obligation from the other obligations of the Transaction Parties, will give rise to a separate and independent cause of action, will apply irrespective of any indulgence granted by any holder of a bond and will continue in full force and effect despite any other judgment, order, claim or proof for a liquidated amount in respect of any sum due under any bond.

Waiver of Immunities

To the extent that the Issuer and the Guarantors may in any jurisdiction claim for itself or its assets immunity from a suit, execution, attachment, whether in aid of execution, before judgment or otherwise, or other legal process in connection with and as set out in the indenture and the bonds and to the extent that in any jurisdiction there may be immunity attributed to the Issuer, the Guarantors, the Issuer's assets or the Guarantors' assets, whether or not claimed, the Issuer and the Guarantors have irrevocably agreed for the benefit of the holders of the bonds not to claim, and irrevocably waive, the immunity to the full extent permitted by law.

Certain Definitions

The following is a summary of certain defined terms used in the indenture. Reference is made to the indenture for the full definition of all such terms as well as other capitalized terms used herein for which no definition is provided.

"Advance Transaction" means an advance from a financial institution involving either (a) a foreign exchange contract (ACC — *Adiantamento sobre Contrato de Câmbio*) or (b) an export contract (ACE — *Adiantamento sobre Cambiais Entregues*).

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any specified person, (a) any other person which, directly or indirectly, is in control of, is controlled by or is under common control with such specified person or (b) any other person who is a director or officer (i) of such specified person, (ii) of any subsidiary of such specified person or (iii) of any person described in clause (a) above. For purposes of this definition, control of a person means the power, direct or indirect, to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such person whether by contract or otherwise, and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

"Brazil" means the Federative Republic of Brazil.

"Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions or trust companies are authorized or obligated by law to close in The City of New York, São Paulo, Brazil or the British Virgin Islands.

"Capital Lease Obligations" means, with respect to any person, any obligation which is required to be classified and accounted for as a capital lease on the face of a balance sheet of such person prepared in accordance with IFRS; the amount of such obligation will be the capitalized amount thereof, determined in accordance with IFRS; and the Stated Maturity thereof will be the date of the last payment of rent or any other amount due under such lease prior to the first date upon which such lease may be terminated by the lessee without payment of a penalty.

"Capital Stock" of any person means any and all shares, interests, rights to purchase, warrants, options, participations or other equivalents of or interests in (however designated, whether voting or non-voting) such person's equity, including any preferred stock, but excluding any debt securities convertible into or exchangeable for such equity.

"Change of Control" means: (1) any "person" or "group" (as such terms are used for purposes of Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act, other than any Permitted Holders) is or becomes the "beneficial owner" (as such term is used in Rules 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50.0% of the total voting power of the outstanding voting stock of Gerdau, including as a result of any merger or consolidation transaction including Gerdau or any of the other Guarantors; or (2) Permitted Holders, directly or indirectly, cease to have the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of Gerdau, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise.

"Consolidated Net Tangible Assets" means the total amount of assets of Gerdau and its Subsidiaries less (a) applicable depreciation, amortization and other valuation reserves, (b) all current liabilities excluding intercompany Debt and (c) all goodwill, trade names, trademarks, patents, and other intangibles, each as set forth on the most recent financial statements delivered by Gerdau to the trustee in accordance with "— Covenants — Reporting Requirements."

"CVM" means the Brazilian Securities Commission, or Comissão de Valores Mobiliários.

"Debt" means, with respect to any person, without duplication:

- (a) the principal of and premium, if any, in respect of (i) indebtedness of such person for borrowed money and (ii) indebtedness evidenced by notes, debentures, bonds or other similar instruments for the payment of which such person is responsible or liable;
 - (b) all Capital Lease Obligations of such person;

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- (c) all obligations of such person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property, all conditional sale obligations of such person and all obligations of such person under any title retention agreement (but excluding trade accounts payable or other short-term obligations to suppliers payable within 180 days, in each case arising in the ordinary course of business);
- (d) all obligations of such person for the reimbursement of any obligor on any letter of credit, banker's acceptance or similar credit transaction (other than obligations with respect to letters of credit securing obligations (other than obligations described in clauses (a) through (c) above) entered into in the ordinary course of business of such person to the extent such letters of credit are not drawn upon or, if and to the extent drawn upon, such drawing is reimbursed no later than the tenth Business Day following receipt by such person of a demand for reimbursement following payment on the letter of credit);
 - (e) all Hedging Obligations of such person;
- (f) all obligations of the type referred to in clauses (a) through (d) of other persons and all dividends of other persons for the payment of which, in either case, such person is responsible or liable, directly or indirectly, as obligor, guarantor or otherwise, including by means of any guarantee (other than obligations of other persons that are customers or suppliers of such person for which such person is or becomes so responsible or liable in the ordinary course of business to (but only to) the extent that such person does not, or is not required to, make payment in respect thereof);
- (g) all obligations of the type referred to in clauses (a) through (e) of other persons secured by any Lien on any property or asset of such person (whether or not such obligation is assumed by such person), the amount of such obligation being deemed to be the lesser of the value of such property or assets or the amount of the obligation so secured; and
- (h) any other obligations of such person which are required to be, or are in such person's financial statements, recorded or treated as debt under IFRS.

"Default" means any event which is, or after notice or passage of time or both would be, an Event of Default.

"Guarantee" means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of any person directly or indirectly guaranteeing any Debt or other obligation of any person and any obligation, direct or indirect, contingent or otherwise, of such person (a) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Debt or other obligation of such person (whether arising by virtue of partnership arrangements, or by agreement to keep-well, to purchase assets, goods, securities or services, to take-or pay, or to maintain financial statement conditions or otherwise) or (b) entered into for purposes of assuring in any other manner the obligee of such Debt or other obligation of the payment thereof or to protect such obligee against loss in respect thereof (in whole or in part); provided, however, that the term "guarantee" will not include endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business. The term "guarantee" used as a verb has a corresponding meaning.

"Guarantor" means each of Gerdau S.A. and its subsidiaries Gerdau Açominas S.A., Gerdau Aços Longos S.A. and Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A. until replaced by a successor thereof and, thereafter, includes the successor for purposes of any provision contained in the indenture.

"Gerdau Johannpeter Family" includes Frederico Gerdau Johannpeter, Germano Gerdau Johannpeter, Jorge Gerdau Johannpeter and Klaus Gerdau Johannpeter, together with their respective spouses, lineal descendants and heirs or trusts that are exclusively for the benefit of any of the foregoing (provided that any of the foregoing has the right to control such trust).

"Hedging Obligations" means, with respect to any person, the obligations of such person pursuant to any interest rate swap agreement, foreign currency exchange agreement, interest rate collar agreement, option or futures contract or other similar agreement or arrangement designed to protect such person against changes in interest rates or foreign exchange rates.

"holder" means the person in whose name a bond is registered in the register.

"IFRS" means International Financial Reporting Standards as in effect from time to time.

"Investment" means, with respect to any person, any loan or advance to, any acquisition of Capital Stock, equity interests, obligations or other securities of, any capital contribution to or any other investment in, such person.

"Issuer" means GTL Trade Finance Inc.

"Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, security interest, encumbrance, conditional sale or other title retention agreement or other similar lien.

"Permitted Holders" means any or all of the following: (1) any member of the Gerdau Johannpeter Family or any Affiliate or Affiliates of any of the foregoing and (2) any person the voting stock of which (or in the case of a trust, the beneficial interests in which), is owned at least 51% by persons specified in clause (1).

"person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or government or any agency, department or political subdivision thereof.

"Rating Agencies" means, as applicable, (i) Standard & Poors Corporation, a division of The McGraw-Hill Company, (ii) Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or (iii) Fitch Ratings Ltd.

"Ratings Decline" means that at any time within 90 days (which period shall be extended so long as the rating of the bonds is under publicly announced consideration for possible downgrade by any Rating Agency) after the date of public notice of a Change of Control, or of Gerdau's publicly declared intention or that of any person or entity to effect a Change of Control, the then-applicable rating of the bonds is decreased by any Rating Agency by one or more categories so long as any such Ratings Decline is expressly stated by the applicable Rating Agency to have been the result of the Change in Control.

"Restricted Subsidiaries" means any Subsidiary of Gerdau, including the Issuer, other than Gerdau Ameristeel Corporation, any of their subsidiaries and any other person in which they have an equity interest.

"Significant Subsidiary" means any Subsidiary of Gerdau which at the time of determination either (i) had assets which, as of the date of Gerdau's most recent quarterly consolidated balance sheet, constituted at least 10% of Gerdau's total assets on a consolidated basis as of such date, or (ii) had revenues for the 12-month period ending on the date of Gerdau's most recent quarterly consolidated statement of income which constituted at least 10% of Gerdau's total revenues on a consolidated basis for such period.

"Stated Maturity" means, with respect to any security, the date specified in such security as the fixed date on which the principal of such security is due and payable, including pursuant to any mandatory redemption provision (but excluding any provision providing for the repurchase of such security at the option of the holder thereof upon the happening of any contingency, unless such contingency has occurred).

"Subsidiary" means any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (a) Gerdau, (b) Gerdau and one or more Subsidiaries (including the Issuer) or (c) one or more Subsidiaries.

"Wholly-owned Subsidiary" means a Subsidiary all of the Capital Stock of which (other than directors' qualifying shares) is owned by Gerdau or another Wholly-owned Subsidiary.

FORM OF BONDS

Bonds sold in offshore transactions in reliance on Regulation S will be represented by a permanent global bond or bonds in fully registered form without interest coupons, which we refer to as the "Regulation S Global Bond," and will be registered in the name of a nominee of DTC and deposited with a custodian for DTC. Bonds sold in reliance on Rule 144A will be represented by a permanent global bond or bonds in fully registered form without interest coupons, which we refer to as the "Restricted Global Bond" and, together with the Regulation S Global Bond, the "global bonds," and will be deposited with a custodian for DTC and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC.

The bonds will be subject to certain restrictions on transfer as described in "Notice to Investors." On or prior to the 40th day after the closing date of this offering, a beneficial interest in the Regulation S Global Bond may be transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in the Restricted Global Bond only upon receipt by the principal paying agent of a written certification from the transferor (in the form provided in the indenture) to the effect that such transfer is being made to a person whom the transferor reasonably believes to be a "qualified institutional buyer" within the meaning of Rule 144A in a transaction meeting the requirements of Rule 144A and in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any state of the United States or any other jurisdiction, which we refer to as a "Restricted Global Bond Certificate." After such 40th day, this certification requirement will no longer apply to such transfers. Beneficial interests in the Restricted Global Bond may be transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in the Regulation S Global Bond, whether before, on or after such 40th day, only upon receipt by the trustee or transfer agent of a written certification from the transferor (in the form provided in the indenture) to the effect that such transfer is being made in accordance with Rule 903 or Rule 904 of Regulation S or Rule 144A under the Securities Act, which we refer to as a "Regulation S Global Bond Certificate." Any beneficial interest in one of the global bonds that is transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in the other global bond will, upon transfer, cease to be an interest in such global bond and become an interest in the other global bond and, accordingly, will thereafter be subject to all transfer restrictions and other procedures applicable to beneficial interests in such other global bond for as long as it remains an interest.

Except in the limited circumstances described under "—Individual Definitive Bonds," owners of the beneficial interests in global bonds will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of individual definitive bonds. The bonds are not issuable in bearer form.

Global Bonds

Upon the issuance of the Regulation S Global Bond and the Restricted Global Bond, DTC will credit, on its internal system, the respective principal amount of the individual beneficial interests represented by such global bond to the accounts of persons who have accounts with DTC. Such accounts initially will be designated by or on behalf of the initial purchasers. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global bond will be limited to persons who have accounts with DTC, which we refer to as "DTC Participants," or persons who hold interests through DTC Participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in the global bonds will be shown on, and the transfer of that ownership will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC or its nominee (with respect to interests of DTC Participants) and the records of DTC Participants (with respect to interests of persons other than DTC Participants).

So long as DTC, or its nominee, is the registered owner or holder of a global bond, DTC or such nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the bonds represented by such global bond for all purposes under the indenture and the bonds. Unless DTC notifies the Issuer that it is unwilling or unable to continue as depositary for a global bond, or ceases to be a "clearing agency" registered under the Exchange Act, or any of the bonds becomes immediately due and payable in accordance with "Description of Bonds—Events of Default," owners of beneficial interests in a global bond will not be entitled to have any portions of such global bond registered in their names, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of bonds in individual definitive form and will not be considered the owners or holders of the global bond (or any bonds represented thereby) under the indenture or the bonds. In addition, no beneficial owner of an interest in a global bond will be able to transfer that interest except in accordance with DTC's applicable procedures (in addition to those under the indenture referred to herein and, if applicable, those of Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg).

Investors may hold interests in the global bond through Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg, if they are participants in such systems. Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg will hold interests in the global bonds on behalf of their account holders through customers' securities accounts in their respective names on the books of their respective depositaries, which, in turn, will hold such interests in the global bond in customers' securities accounts in the depositaries' names on the books of DTC. Investors may hold their interests in the Restricted Global Bond directly through DTC, if they are DTC Participants, or indirectly through organizations which are DTC Participants.

Payments of the principal of and interest on global bonds will be made to DTC or its nominee as the registered owner thereof. None of the Issuer, the Guarantors or the initial purchasers will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial ownership interests in the global bonds or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial ownership interests.

The Issuer anticipates that DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal or interest in respect of a global bond representing any bonds held by its nominee, will credit DTC Participants' accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of such global bond as shown on the records of DTC or its nominee. The Issuer also expects that payments by DTC Participants to owners of beneficial interests in such global bond held through such DTC Participants will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is now the case with securities held for the accounts of customers registered in the names of nominees for such customers. Such payments will be the responsibility of such DTC Participants.

The laws of some jurisdictions require that certain persons take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. Consequently, the ability to transfer beneficial interests in a global bond to such persons may be limited. Because DTC can only act on behalf of DTC Participants, who in turn act on behalf of indirect participants and certain banks, the ability of a person having a beneficial interest in a global bond to pledge such interest to persons or entities that do not participate in the DTC system, or otherwise take actions in respect of such interest, may be affected by the lack of a physical individual definitive certificate in respect of such interest.

Transfers between DTC Participants will be effected in accordance with DTC's procedures, and will be settled in same-day funds. Transfers between accountholders in Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with their respective rules and operating procedures.

Subject to compliance with the transfer restrictions on the bonds described above, cross-market transfers between DTC participants, on the one hand, and directly or indirectly through Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg account holders, on the other hand, will be effected at DTC in accordance with DTC rules on behalf of Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg, as the case may be, by its respective depositary; however, such cross-market transactions will require delivery of instructions to Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg, as the case may be, by the counterparty in such system in accordance with its rules and procedures and within its established deadlines. Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg, as the case may be, will, if the transaction meets its settlement requirements, deliver instructions to its respective depositary to take action to effect final settlement on its behalf by delivering or receiving interests in the Regulation S Global Bond in DTC, and making or receiving payment in accordance with normal procedures for same day funds settlement applicable to DTC. Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg account holders may not deliver instructions directly to the depositaries for Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg.

Because of time zone differences, the securities account of a Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg account holder purchasing an interest in a global bond from a DTC Participant will be credited during the securities settlement processing day (which must be a business day for Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg, as the case may be) immediately following the DTC settlement date and such credit of any transactions in interests in a global bond settled during such processing day will be reported to the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg accountholder on such day. Cash received in Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg as a result of sales of interests in a global bond by or through a Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg account holder to a DTC Participant will be received for value on the DTC settlement date but will be available in the relevant Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg cash account only as of the business day following settlement in DTC.

DTC has advised that it will take any action permitted to be taken by holder of bonds (including the presentation of bonds for exchange as described below) only at the direction of one or more DTC Participants to

whose account or accounts with DTC interests in the global bonds are credited and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate principal amount of the bonds as to which such DTC Participant or DTC Participants has or have given such direction. However, in the limited circumstances described below, DTC will exchange the global bonds for individual definitive bonds (in the case of bonds represented by the Restricted Global Bond, bearing a restrictive legend), which will be distributed to its participants. Holders of indirect interests in the global bonds through DTC Participants have no direct rights to enforce such interests while the bonds are in global form.

The giving of notices and other communications by DTC to DTC Participants, by DTC Participants to persons who hold accounts with them and by such persons to holders of beneficial interests in a global bond will be governed by arrangements between them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may exist from time to time.

DTC has advised as follows: DTC is a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code and a "Clearing Agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC was created to hold securities for DTC Participants and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions between DTC Participants through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of DTC Participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of certificates. DTC Participants include security brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations and may include certain other organizations. Indirect access to the DTC system is available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly, which we refer to as "indirect participants."

Although DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream Luxembourg have agreed to the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in the Regulation S Global Bond and in the Restricted Global Bond among participants and accountholders of DTC, Clearstream Luxembourg and Euroclear, they are under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. Neither the Issuer nor the trustee will have any responsibility for the performance of DTC, Euroclear or Clearstream Luxembourg or their respective participants, indirect participants or accountholders of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their operations.

Individual Definitive Bonds

If (1) DTC or any successor to DTC is at any time unwilling or unable to continue as a depositary or DTC ceases to be a "clearing agency" and a successor depositary is not appointed by the Issuer within 90 days or (2) any of the bonds has become immediately due and payable in accordance with "Description of Bonds — Events of Default," the Issuer will issue individual definitive bonds in registered form in exchange for the Regulation S Global Bond and the Restricted Global Bond, as the case may be. Upon receipt of such notice from DTC or the trustee, as the case may be, the Issuer will use its best efforts to make arrangements with DTC for the exchange of interests in the global bonds for individual definitive bonds and cause the requested individual definitive bonds to be executed and delivered to the trustee in sufficient quantities and authenticated by the trustee for delivery to holders. Persons exchanging interests in a global bond for individual definitive bonds will be required to provide the registrar with (a) written instruction and other information required by the Issuer and the registrar to complete, execute and deliver such individual definitive bonds and (b) in the case of an exchange of an interest in a Restricted Global Bond, certification that such interest is not being transferred or is being transferred only in compliance with Rule 144A under the Securities Act. In all cases, individual definitive bonds delivered in exchange for any global bond or beneficial interests therein will be registered in the names, and issued in any approved denominations, requested by DTC.

In the case of individual definitive bonds issued in exchange for the Restricted Global Bond, such individual definitive bonds will bear, and be subject to, the legend described in "Notice to Investors" (unless the Issuer determines otherwise in accordance with applicable law). The holder of a restricted individual definitive bond may transfer such bond, subject to compliance with the provisions of such legend, as provided in "Description of Bonds." Until the removal of the legend on the Restricted Global Bond, which will occur only at the option of the

Issuer, upon the transfer, exchange or replacement of bonds bearing the legend, or upon specific request for removal of the legend on a bond, the Issuer will deliver only bonds that bear such legend, or will refuse to remove such legend, as the case may be. Before any individual definitive bond may be transferred to a person who takes delivery in the form of an interest in any global bond, the transferor will be required to provide the principal paying agent with a Restricted Global Bond Certificate or a Regulation S Global Bond Certificate, as the case may be.

Individual definitive bonds will not be eligible for clearing and settlement through Euroclear, Clearstream Luxembourg or DTC.

TAXATION

The following discussion summarizes certain Brazilian, British Virgin Islands and U.S. federal income tax considerations (and certain European Union related tax considerations) that may be relevant to you if you invest in the bonds. This summary is based on laws and regulations now in effect in Brazil, laws, regulations, rulings and decisions now in effect in the United States and the British Virgin Islands and a directive of the European Union, in each case which may change. Any change could apply retroactively and could affect the continued validity of this summary.

The following is a general discussion of certain tax considerations for prospective investors in the bonds. The discussion is based upon present law and interpretations of present law as in effect on the date of this prospectus supplement, both of which are subject to prospective and retroactive changes. The discussion does not consider any investor's particular circumstances, and it is not intended as tax advice. Each prospective investor is urged to consult its tax advisor about the tax consequences of an investment in the bonds under the laws of the British Virgin Islands, Brazil and the United States, jurisdictions from which the Issuer or the Company may derive their income or conduct their activities, and jurisdictions where the investor is subject to taxation.

British Virgin Islands Tax Considerations

The tax status of the Issuer under the tax laws of the British Virgin Islands is summarized below. The summary is based on the assumption that the Issuer is owned, managed and operated as contemplated.

The Issuer and all dividends, interest, rents, royalties, compensations and other amounts paid by the Issuer to persons who are not persons resident in the British Virgin Islands are exempt from the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance in the British Virgin Islands and any capital gains realized with respect to any bonds (including the bonds), debentures, debt obligations, or other securities of the Issuer by persons who are not persons resident in the British Virgin Islands are exempt from all forms of taxation in the British Virgin Islands. As of January 1, 2005, the Payroll Taxes Act, 2004 came into force. It will not apply to the Issuer except to the extent that the Issuer has employees (and deemed employees) rendering services to the Issuer wholly or mainly in the British Virgin Islands. The Issuer at present has no employees in the British Virgin Islands and no intention of having any employees in the British Virgin Islands.

No estate, inheritance, succession or gift tax, rate, duty, levy or other charge is payable by persons who are not persons resident in the British Virgin Islands with respect to any bonds, debentures, debt obligation or other securities of the Issuer.

Subject to the transfer by the Issuer of an interest in land in the British Virgin Islands or transactions in respect of the shares, debt obligations or other securities to the extent the Issuer is a "land owning company", all instruments relating to transfers of property to or by the Issuer and all instruments relating to transactions in respect of the bonds, debt obligations or other securities of the Issuer and all instruments relating to other transactions relating to the business of the Issuer are exempt from the payment of stamp duty in the British Virgin Islands. Under the laws of the British Virgin Islands the Issuer would only be a "land owning company" if it or any of its subsidiaries has an interest in land in the British Virgin Islands. The Issuer at present has no interest in land in the British Virgin Islands.

There are currently no withholding taxes or exchange control regulations in the British Virgin Islands applicable to the Issuer.

Brazilian Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a summary of the Brazilian tax considerations relating to an investment in the bonds by an individual, entity, trust or organization considered as resident or domiciled outside Brazil for tax purposes (a "Non-Resident Holder"). The discussion contained herein is based on the tax laws of Brazil as in effect on the date hereof and is subject to any possible changes in Brazilian law that may come into effect after such date.

The information set forth below is intended to be a general discussion only and does not address all possible tax consequences relating to an investment in the bonds. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors as to the consequences of purchasing the bonds, including, without limitation, the consequences of the receipt of interest and the sale, redemption or repayment of the bonds.

Payments on the bonds made by the Issuer and gains on the bonds

Generally, a Non-Resident Holder is taxed in Brazil only when income is derived from Brazilian sources or gains are realized on the disposal of assets located in Brazil. Therefore, based on the fact that the Issuer is considered for tax purposes as domiciled abroad, any income (including interest and original issue discount) paid by the Issuer in respect of the bonds issued in favor of Non-Resident Holders will not generally be subject to withholding or deduction in respect of Brazilian income tax or any other taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in Brazil, provided that such payments are made with funds held by the Issuer outside of Brazil.

According to article 26 of Law No. 10,833, enacted on December 29, 2003, capital gains realized on the disposal of assets located in Brazil by a Non-Resident Holder to another Non-Resident Holder made outside Brazil, are subject to taxation in Brazil. Based on the fact that the bonds are issued abroad and that the Issuer is considered for tax purposes as domiciled abroad and, thus, the bonds would not fall within the definition of assets located in Brazil for the purposes of Law No. 10,833, we believe that gains on the sale or other disposal of the bonds made outside Brazil by a Non-Resident Holder, other than a branch or a subsidiary of Brazilian resident, to another Non-Resident Holder would not be subject to Brazilian taxes. However, considering the general and unclear scope of Law No. 10,833 and the absence of judicial guidance in respect thereof, it is impossible to predict whether such interpretation will ultimately prevail in the Brazilian courts. As a result, gains realized by a Non-Resident Holder from the sale or other disposal of the bonds to a Brazilian resident or even to a non-resident in case the bonds are deemed to be assets located in Brazil may be subject to Brazilian withholding income tax, which we refer to as "WHT," at rate of 15%, or 25% if such Non-Resident Holder is located in a low tax jurisdiction ("LTJ"), as defined by Brazilian legislation.

A LTJ is a jurisdiction that does not impose any tax on income or which imposes such tax at a maximum effective rate lower than 20%. In addition, on June 24, 2008, Law No. 11,727 was enacted, with effect from January 1, 2009, establishing that a jurisdiction or country where local legislation imposes restrictions on disclosing the shareholding composition or the ownership of an investment is also considered a LTJ.

Law No. 11,727 also changed the scope of new transactions that would be subject to Brazilian transfer pricing rules, with the creation of the concept of a privileged tax regime. Pursuant to Law No. 11,727, a jurisdiction will be considered a privileged tax regime if it (i) does not tax income or tax it at a maximum rate lower than 20%; (ii) grants tax advantages to a non-resident entity or individual (a) without the need to carry out a substantial economic activity in the country or territory or (b) conditioned upon the non-exercise of a substantial economic activity in the country or territory; (iii) does not tax or taxes proceeds generated abroad at a maximum rate lower than 20% or (iv) restricts the ownership disclosure of assets and ownership rights or restricts disclosure about economic transactions carried out. Because several Brazilian regulations refer to the concepts defined in the Brazilian transfer pricing rules when referring to LTJs, there is a risk that a privileged tax regime will be treated similarly to a low tax jurisdiction, and therefore subject such transactions to the burdensome income tax rates, discussed above.

Due to enactment of Law No. 11,727, we are not able to ascertain if this privileged tax regime concept will only be applied to determine the scope of transactions subject to transfer pricing rules or whether it will also serve to extend the concept of LTJ provided by other Brazilian regulations. On June 4, 2010 the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service issued a new LTJ list through Normative Ruling 1,037, establishing which locations shall be considered under a privileged tax regime.

We recommend that prospective purchasers consult their own tax advisors regarding the changes implemented by Normative Ruling 1,037.

Payments on the bonds made by the Guarantors

If the Issuer fails to punctually pay any due amount, including any payment of principal, interest or any other amount that may be due and payable in respect of the bonds, the Guarantors will be required to assume the obligation to pay such due amounts. As there is no specific legal provision dealing with the imposition of the WHT on payments made by Brazilian sources to non-resident beneficiaries under guarantees and no uniform decision from the Brazilian courts, there is a risk that tax authorities will take the position that the funds remitted by the Guarantors to the Non-Resident Holders may be subject to the imposition of the WHT at a general 15% rate, or at a 25% rate, if the Non-Resident Holder is located in a LTJ. In any case, we understand that there are arguments to sustain that (a) payments made under the guarantee structure should be subject to imposition of the WHT according to the nature of the guaranteed payment, in which case only interest and fees should be subject to taxation at the rates of 15% or 25%, in cases of beneficiaries located in LTJ, as defined by the Brazilian legislation; or (b) that payments made under guarantee by Brazilian sources to non-resident beneficiaries should not be subject to the imposition of the WHT, to the extent that they should qualify as a new credit transaction by the Brazilian party to the borrower. This is however a controversial issue, still not decided by the Brazilian Courts.

Other taxes

Pursuant to Decree No. 6,306 of December 14, 2007 (as amended), conversion into *reais* of proceeds received in foreign currency by a Brazilian entity and the conversion into foreign currency of proceeds received in *reais* are subject to the tax on foreign transaction ("IOF") levied upon foreign exchange transactions, which we refer to as "IOF/Câmbio." Currently, IOF/Câmbio rate for almost all foreign currency exchange transactions is 0.38%. According to Section 15, IX of the Decree No. 6,306, except for the IOF/Câmbio applicable rate of 6% to exchange transactions relating to foreign loans with a minimum average term of less than 361 days, the inflow and outflow of funds thereunder into and out of Brazil are subject to IOF/Câmbio at a zero percent rate. Nevertheless, it is important to emphasize that there is a controversy as to whether interest paid under foreign-source financings or loans should fall under the scope of such IOF exemption. Notwithstanding the above, the Brazilian government may increase the current IOF/Câmbio rate at any time up to a maximum rate of 25.0%. Any such new rate would only apply to future exchange transactions.

In the event of withholding or deduction for or on account of Brazilian taxes, the Issuer and the Guarantors will, subject to certain exceptions, pay Additional Amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction so that the net amount received by the holder after such withholding or deduction equals the amount of principal or interest that would have been received in the absence of such withholding or deduction. See "Description of Bonds—Payment of Additional Amounts."

Generally, there are no inheritance, gift, succession, stamp, or other similar taxes in Brazil with respect to the ownership, transfer, assignment or any other disposal of the bonds by a Non-Resident Holder, except for gift inheritance taxes imposed by some Brazilian states on gifts or bequests by individuals or entities not domiciled or residing in Brazil to individuals or entities domiciled or residing within such states.

Certain U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

CIRCULAR 230 NOTICE: THE DISCUSSION BELOW IS NOT GIVEN IN THE FORM OF A COVERED OPINION, WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230 ISSUED BY THE U.S. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY. THUS, THE COMPANY IS REQUIRED TO INFORM YOU THAT THIS SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS WITH RESPECT TO AN INVESTMENT IN THE BONDS WAS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN, AND CANNOT BE USED BY ANY INVESTOR, FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING U.S. FEDERAL TAX PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON SUCH INVESTOR. THIS SUMMARY HAS BEEN WRITTEN TO SUPPORT THE PROMOTION AND MARKETING OF THE BONDS. PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE URGED TO SEEK ADVICE BASED UPON THEIR OWN PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

U.S. Holders

The following is a summary of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations that may be relevant to a holder of a bond that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United

States or a domestic corporation (or other entity treated as a domestic corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) or that otherwise is subject to U.S. federal income taxation on a net income basis in respect of the bond, which we refer to as a "U.S. Holder," as well as certain U.S. federal income tax consequences relevant to a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined below) of the bonds. This summary is for general information only and does not consider all aspects of U.S. federal income tax or other taxes that may be relevant to the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the bonds. It does not describe any tax consequences arising out of the tax laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction or any aspect of United States federal taxation other than income taxation. This summary is based on laws, regulations, rulings and decisions as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service, which we refer to as the "IRS," will not take positions concerning the tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership or disposition of the bonds that are different from those discussed below. This summary deals only with U.S. Holders that will hold bonds as capital assets (generally, property held for investment), and only if the U.S. Holder purchased the bonds for cash, at the price indicated on the cover hereof, during the initial offering. This summary does not address tax considerations applicable to investors that may be subject to special tax rules, such as banks, thrifts or other financial institutions or financial services companies, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, pension funds, dealers in securities or currencies, regulated investment companies or real estate investment trusts, traders in securities electing mark to market tax accounting, persons subject to the alternative minimum tax, persons that will hold bonds as a position in a "straddle," or a hedging or conversion transaction, or as part of a "synthetic security" or other integrated financial transaction, or persons subject to net United States taxation that have a "functional currency" other than the United States dollar.

If any entity or arrangement that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes holds the bonds, the U.S. federal income tax treatment generally will depend upon the activities of the partnership and the status of the partners. Prospective purchasers that are partnerships and partners in such partnerships should consult their tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences to their partners of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the bonds by the partnership.

Characterization of the bonds

The Company believes that the bonds constitute debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes and intends to treat them as such. The discussion below assumes that the bonds constitute debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Payments of interest

This discussion assumes that the bonds will not be issued with more than a de minimis amount of original issue discount for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Payments of interest on a bond (which may include Additional Amounts) will generally be taxable to a U.S. Holder as ordinary interest income when such interest is accrued or received, in accordance with the U.S. Holder's regular method of tax accounting.

Interest income in respect of the bonds will generally constitute foreign-source "passive category" income for U.S. federal income tax purposes for most U.S. Holders. Subject to generally applicable restrictions and conditions, if any foreign income taxes are withheld on interest payments on the bonds, or on additional amounts, a U.S. Holder may be entitled to a foreign tax credit in respect of any such foreign income taxes. Alternatively, the U.S. Holder may deduct such taxes in computing taxable income provided that the U.S. Holder does not elect to claim a foreign tax credit for any foreign income taxes paid or accrued for the relevant taxable year. The rules regarding foreign tax credits and deduction of foreign income taxes are complex. U.S. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding the availability of foreign tax credits or deductions in respect of foreign income taxes based on their particular circumstances.

Sale or disposition of bonds

A U.S. Holder generally will recognize capital gain or loss upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a bond in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized upon such sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition (other than amounts attributable to accrued interest, which will be taxed as such) and such U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis in the bond. Any capital gain or loss recognized by a U.S.

Holder upon the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a bond will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder has held the bond for more than one year. Certain U.S. Holders (including individuals but not including corporations) may be eligible for preferential tax rates in respect of long-term capital gain. The deductibility of capital losses is subject to certain limitations. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the bond generally will equal the U.S. Holder's cost for the bond. Gain or loss realized by a U.S. Holder on the sale, exchange, retirement or other taxable disposition of a bond generally will be United States source gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes unless it is attributable to an office or other fixed place of business outside the United States and certain other conditions are met.

Medicare Tax

A U.S. Holder that is an individual or estate, or a trust that does not fall into a special class of trusts that is exempt from such tax, will be subject to a 3.8% tax on the lesser of (1) the U.S. Holder's "net investment income" (or undistributed "net investment income" in the case of estates and trusts) for the relevant taxable year and (2) the excess of the U.S. Holder's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year over a certain threshold (which in the case of individuals will be between \$125,000 and \$250,000, depending on the individual's circumstances). A holder's net investment income will generally include its interest income and its net gains from the disposition of a bond, unless such interest income or net gains are derived in the ordinary course of the conduct of a trade or business (other than a trade or business that consists of certain passive or trading activities). If you are a U.S. Holder that is an individual, estate or trust, you are urged to consult your own tax advisor regarding the applicability of this Medicare tax.

Backup withholding and information reporting

A U.S. Holder may be subject to information reporting requirements and "backup withholding" (currently at a rate of 28%) with respect to cash payments of principal and interest on the bonds and on the gross proceeds from dispositions of the bonds made within the United States or through certain U.S.-related financial intermediaries, unless the holder (i) is a corporation or comes within certain other exempt categories and demonstrates this fact when so required, or (ii) in the case of backup withholding, provides a correct taxpayer identification number, certifies that it is not subject to backup withholding and otherwise complies with applicable requirements of the backup withholding rules. Any amount withheld under these rules generally will be allowed as a refundable credit against the U.S. Holder's U.S. federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely furnished to the IRS

Foreign financial asset reporting

Under U.S. federal income tax law and applicable Treasury regulations, certain categories of U.S. Holders must file information returns with respect to their investment in certain foreign financial assets, including debt of a foreign corporation, if the aggregate value of all of such assets exceeds US\$50,000. A U.S. Holder should consult its own tax advisor regarding the application of the information reporting rules to the bonds and the application of these rules to its particular situation.

Non-U.S. Holders

Payments of interest

As used herein, the term "Non-U.S. Holder" means a beneficial owner of the bonds that is not, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. Holder or a partnership.

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax in respect of payments of interest (including additional amounts or payments under the guarantees in respect of interest, if any) by the Issuer or its paying agents in respect of a bond, unless such interest is effectively connected with such holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if an income tax treaty applies, the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by such holder within the United States). If such interest is effectively connected with such holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States, the Non-

U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax in respect of such interest in the same manner as a U.S. Holder, as described above. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation may, in certain circumstances, also be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" in respect of any such effectively connected interest (currently at a 30% rate or, if applicable, a lower tax treaty rate).

Sales or other taxable dispositions

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on any gain realized in connection with the sale or other taxable disposition of a bond, unless (i) such gain is effectively connected with such holder's conduct of a trade or business within the United States (and, if an income tax treaty applies, the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment or fixed base maintained by such holder within the United States), or (ii) such holder is an individual who is present in the United States for at least 183 days in the taxable year of such sale or other taxable disposition and certain other requirements are met. If the first exception applies then the Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax in respect of such gain in the same manner as a U.S. Holder, as described above. A Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation may, in certain circumstances, also be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" in respect of any such effectively connected gain (currently at a 30% rate or, if applicable, a lower tax treaty rate). If the second exception applies, then the Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% on the amount by which such holder's U.S-source capital gains exceed such holder's United States-source capital losses.

Information reporting and backup withholding

A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to backup withholding, if such a holder complies with certification procedures to establish that it is not a United States person. A Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to information reporting to the IRS with respect to payments of interest on a bond, amounts withheld from such payments, if any, and certain payments of proceeds from the sale or other disposition of a bond (including a retirement or redemption).

THE PRECEDING DISCUSSION OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. ACCORDINGLY, INVESTORS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF ACQUIRING, HOLDING AND DISPOSING OF THE BONDS, INCLUDING THE APPLICABILITY AND EFFECT OF ANY STATE, LOCAL OR FOREIGN TAX LAWS, AND OF ANY PROPOSED CHANGES IN APPLICABLE LAWS.

EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE ON TAXATION OF SAVINGS INCOME

The European Union has adopted a Directive regarding the taxation of savings income, which we refer to as the "EU Tax Directive." Countries that are member states of the European Union, which we refer to as "Member States," are required to provide to the tax authorities of other Member States details of payments of interest and other similar income paid by a person to an individual in another Member State, except that Austria and Luxembourg instead impose a withholding system for a transitional period unless during such period they elect otherwise. Luxembourg has announced that it will no longer apply the withholding system as from January 1, 2015 and will provide details of payments of interest and other similar income as from that date. The transitional period is to terminate following agreement by certain non-EU countries to the exchange of information relating to such payments. A number of non-EU countries, and certain dependent or associated territories of certain Member States, have agreed to adopt similar measures (either provision of information or transitional withholding).

On March 24, 2014, the Council of the European Union adopted a directive amending the EU Tax Directive, which, when implemented, will amend and potentially broaden the scope of the requirements above. It is understood that Member States will have until January 1, 2016 to adopt national legislation necessary to comply with this amending directive, becoming effective as per January 1, 2017. As opposed to the EU Tax Directive, both Austria and Luxembourg did not negotiate significant alternative or transitional positions under the directive amending the EU Tax Directive.

ERISA AND CERTAIN OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

The United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, which we refer to as "ERISA," imposes certain requirements on "employee benefit plans" (as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) subject to ERISA, including entities such as collective investment funds and separate accounts whose underlying assets include the assets of such plans (collectively, the ERISA plans) and on those persons who are fiduciaries with respect to ERISA plans. Investments by ERISA plans are subject to ERISA's general fiduciary requirements, including, but not limited to, the requirement of investment prudence and diversification and the requirement that an ERISA plan's investments be made in accordance with the documents governing the ERISA plan.

Section 406 of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the "Code," prohibit certain transactions involving the assets of an ERISA plan (as well as those plans that are not subject to ERISA but which are subject to Section 4975 of the Code, such as individual retirement accounts (together with ERISA plans, the Plans) and certain persons (referred to as "parties in interest" for purposes of ERISA or "disqualified persons" for purposes of the Code) having certain relationships to such Plans, unless a statutory or administrative exemption is applicable to the transaction. A party in interest or disqualified person who engages in a prohibited transaction may be subject to excise taxes and other penalties and liabilities under ERISA and the Code.

Governmental plans, non-U.S. plans and certain church and other plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code, may nevertheless be subject to other federal, state, local or non-U.S. laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. For example, domestic governmental and church plans are subject to the exclusive benefit rules of Section 401(a)(2) of the Code which could result in the loss of tax qualified status for improper investments as described in the published regulations and rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service under Section 401(a)(2) of the Code prior to the enactment of ERISA. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any bonds.

The fiduciary of a Plan that proposes to purchase and hold any bonds should consider, among other things, whether such purchase and holding may involve (i) the direct or indirect extension of credit to a party in interest or a disqualified person, (ii) the sale or exchange of any property between a Plan and a party in interest or a disqualified person, or (iii) the transfer to, or use by or for the benefit of, a party in interest or disqualified person, of any Plan assets. Such parties in interest or disqualified persons could include, without limitation, the Company, the initial purchasers or any of their respective affiliates. Depending on the satisfaction of certain conditions which may include the identity of the Plan fiduciary making the decision to acquire or hold the bonds on behalf of a Plan, Section 408(b)(17) of ERISA or Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption ("PTCE") 84-14 (relating to transactions effected by a "qualified professional asset manager"), PTCE 90-1 (relating to investments by insurance company pooled separate accounts), PTCE 91-38 (relating to investments by bank collective investment funds), PTCE 95-60 (relating to investments by insurance company general accounts) or PTCE 96-23 (relating to transactions directed by an in-house asset manager) (collectively, the "Class Exemptions") could provide an exemption from the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code. The Company cannot assure you that any exemption will be available with respect to any particular transaction involving the bonds, or, if available, that any particular exemption will cover all possible prohibited transactions. By its purchase of any bonds, the purchaser thereof, and any transferee thereof, will be deemed to have represented and agreed either that (a) it is not and for so long as it holds the bonds will not be an ERISA plan or other Plan, an entity whose underlying assets include the assets of any such ERISA Plan or other governmental plan, church plan or non-U.S. plan which is subject to any federal, state, local or non-U.S. law that is substantially similar to the provisions of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or (b) its purchase and holding of the bonds will not result in a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code (or, in the case of a governmental plan, church plan or non-U.S. plan, any substantially similar federal, state, local or non-U.S. law) for which an exemption is not available.

The foregoing discussion is general in nature and not intended to be all inclusive. Any Plan fiduciary who proposes to cause a Plan to purchase any bonds should consult with its counsel regarding the applicability of the fiduciary responsibility and prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and Section 4975 of the Code to such an investment, and to confirm that such investment will not constitute or result in a prohibited transaction or any other violation of an applicable requirement of ERISA.

The sale of bonds to a Plan is in no respect a representation by the Company or the initial purchasers that such an investment meets all relevant requirements with respect to investments by Plans generally or any particular Plan, or that such an investment is appropriate for Plans generally or any particular Plan.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS

General

The bonds and the guarantees have not been registered, and will not be registered, under the United States Securities Act or any other applicable securities laws, and the bonds may not be offered or sold except pursuant to an effective registration statement or pursuant to transactions exempt from, or not subject to, registration under the Securities Act. Accordingly, the bonds are being offered and sold only:

- in the United States to qualified institutional buyers (as defined in Rule 144A) in reliance on Rule 144A under the Securities Act; and
- outside of the United States, to certain persons, other than United States persons, in offshore transactions meeting the requirements of Regulation S under the Securities Act.

Purchasers' Representations and Restrictions on Resale and Transfer

Each purchaser of bonds (other than the initial purchasers in connection with the initial issuance and sale of bonds) and each owner of any beneficial interest therein will be deemed, by its acceptance or purchase thereof, to have represented and agreed as follows:

- (1) It is purchasing the bonds for its own account or an account with respect to which it exercises sole investment discretion and it and any such account is either (a) a qualified institutional buyer and is aware that the sale to it is being made in reliance on Rule 144A or (b) a non-United States person that is outside the United States and is purchasing the bonds in compliance with Regulation S.
- (2) It acknowledges that the bonds have not been registered under the Securities Act or with any securities regulatory authority of any jurisdiction and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, United States persons except as set forth below.
- (3) It understands and agrees that bonds initially offered in the United States to qualified institutional buyers will be represented by one or more global bonds and that bonds offered outside the United States in reliance on Regulation S will also be represented by one or more global bonds.
- (4) It agrees, on its own behalf and on behalf of any investor account for which it is purchasing the bonds, that it will not resell or otherwise transfer any of such bonds except (a) to the Issuer, (b) to a qualified institutional buyer in a transaction complying with Rule 144A under the Securities Act, (c) outside the United States in compliance with Rule 903 or 904 under the Securities Act, (d) pursuant to an exemption from registration (if available) or (e) pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act.
- (5) It agrees that it will give to each person to whom it transfers the bonds notice of any restrictions on transfer of such bonds.
- (6) It acknowledges that prior to any proposed transfer of bonds (other than pursuant to an effective registration statement or in respect of bonds sold or transferred either pursuant to (a) Rule 144A or (b) Regulation S) the holder of such bonds may be required to provide certifications relating to the manner of such transfer as provided in the indenture.
- (7) It acknowledges that the trustee, registrar or transfer agent for the bonds will not be required to accept for registration transfer of any bonds acquired by it, except upon presentation of evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the trustee, registrar or transfer agent that the restrictions set forth herein have been complied with.

- (8) It acknowledges that if it is a purchaser in a sale that occurs outside of the United States within the meaning of Regulation S, the above restrictions on resale will apply until the expiration of the "40-day distribution compliance period" within the meaning of Rule 903 of Regulation S, and any offer or sale of the bonds shall not be made by it to a United States person or for the benefit or account of a United States person within the meaning on Rule 902 under the Securities Act.
- (9) It acknowledges that the Issuer, the Guarantors, the initial purchasers and other persons will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing acknowledgements, representations and agreements and agrees that if any of the acknowledgements, representations and agreements deemed to have been made by its purchase of the bonds are no longer accurate, it will promptly notify the Issuer, the Guarantors and the initial purchasers. If it is acquiring the bonds as a fiduciary or agent for one or more investor accounts, it represents that it has sole investment discretion with respect to each such account and it has full power to make the foregoing acknowledgements, representations, and agreements on behalf of each account.
- (10) It agrees either that (a) it is not and for so long as it holds the bonds will not be an ERISA plan or other Plan, an entity whose underlying assets include the assets of any such ERISA Plan or other governmental plan, church plan or non-U.S. plan which is subject to any federal, state, local or non-U.S. law that is substantially similar to the provisions of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code or (b) its purchase and holding of the bonds will not result in a prohibited transaction under Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code (or, in the case of a governmental plan, church plan or non-U.S. plan, any substantially similar federal, state, local or non-U.S. law) for which an exemption is not available.

The following is the form of restrictive legend which will appear on the face of the Rule 144A global bond, and which will be used to notify transferees of the foregoing restrictions on transfer:

"This bond has not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the 'Securities Act'), or any other securities laws. The holder hereof, by purchasing this bond, agrees that this bond or any interest or participation herein may be offered, resold, pledged or otherwise transferred only (i) to the Issuer, (ii) so long as this bond is eligible for resale pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act ('Rule 144A'), to a person who the seller reasonably believes is a qualified institutional buyer (as defined in Rule 144A) in accordance with Rule 144A, (iii) in an offshore transaction in accordance with Rule 903 or 904 of Regulation S under the Securities Act, (iv) pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act (if available) or (v) pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, and in each of such cases in accordance with any applicable securities laws of any state of the United States or other applicable jurisdiction and in accordance with the transfer restrictions contained in the indenture under which this bond was issued. The holder hereof, by purchasing this bond, represents and agrees that it will notify any purchaser of this bond from it of the resale restrictions referred to above.

The foregoing legend may be removed from this bond only at the option of the Issuer."

The following is the form of restrictive legend which will appear on the face of the Regulation S global bond and which will be used to notify transferees of the foregoing restrictions on transfer:

"This bond has not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the 'Securities Act'), or any other securities laws. The holder hereof, by purchasing this bond, agrees that neither this bond nor any interest or participation herein may be offered, resold, pledged or otherwise transferred in the absence of such registration unless such transaction is exempt from, or not subject to, such registration.

The foregoing legend may be removed from this bond after 40 days beginning on and including the later of (a) the date on which the bonds are offered to persons other than distributions (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) and (b) the original issue date of this bond."

For further discussion of the requirements (including the presentation of transfer certificates) under the indenture to effect exchanges or transfers of interest in global bonds and certificated bonds, see "Form of Bonds."

ENFORCEMENT OF CIVIL LIABILITIES

The Issuer is a company incorporated with limited liability under the laws of the British Virgin Islands. Each of the Guarantors is a corporation organized under the laws of Brazil. Substantially all of the Company's directors and officers and independent accountants and substantially all of the directors and officers and independent accountants of the other Guarantors, and some of the advisors named herein, reside in Brazil or elsewhere outside the United States, and all or a significant portion of the assets of such persons may be, and substantially all of the assets of the Guarantors are, located outside the United States. As a result, it may not be possible for investors to effect service of process within the United States or other jurisdictions outside Brazil or the British Virgin Islands upon such persons, or to enforce against them or against the Company judgments predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws or the laws of such other jurisdictions.

In the terms and conditions of the bonds, the Company will (i) agree that the courts of the State of New York and the federal courts of the United States, in each case sitting in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, will have jurisdiction to hear and determine any suit, action or proceeding, and to settle any disputes, which may arise out of or in connection with the bonds and, for such purposes, irrevocably submit to the jurisdiction of such courts and (ii) name an agent for service of process in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York. See "Description of the Bonds."

The Issuer and the Guarantors have been advised by their British Virgin Islands counsel, Maples and Calder, that there is uncertainty as to whether the courts of the British Virgin Islands would (1) recognize or enforce judgments of United States courts obtained against the Issuer or such persons predicated upon the civil liability provisions of the securities laws of the United States or any state thereof, or (2) be competent to hear original actions brought in the British Virgin Islands, against the Issuer or such persons, predicated upon the securities laws of the United States or any state thereof.

Maples and Calder has further advised the Issuer and the Guarantors that a final and conclusive judgment in federal or state courts of the United States under which a sum of money is payable, other than a sum payable in respect of taxes, fines, penalties or similar charges, may be subject to enforcement proceedings as a debt in the courts of the British Virgin Islands under the common law doctrine of obligation.

Maples and Calder has advised the Issuer and the Guarantors that the courts of the British Virgin Islands will recognize and enforce a foreign judgment without re-examining the merits of that judgment so long as:

- it is final;
- the court had jurisdiction over the defendant according to British Virgin Islands conflict of law rules and the defendant was duly served with process;
- the judgment given by such court was not in respect of penalties, taxes, fines or similar fiscal or revenue obligations of the defendant;
- in obtaining judgment there was no fraud on the part of the person in whose favor judgment was given or on the part of the court;
- recognition or enforcement of the judgment in the British Virgin Islands would not be contrary to the rules of public policy of the British Virgin Islands courts; and
- the proceedings pursuant to which judgment was obtained were not contrary to natural justice.

Nevertheless, neither the Issuer nor any of the Guarantors knows whether you would be able to enforce liabilities based on the federal securities laws of the United States in the British Virgin Islands. The Issuer and the Guarantors also do not know whether British Virgin Islands courts would enforce judgments of United States courts based on the civil liability provisions of the federal securities laws of the United States.

The Company has been advised by Expedito Luz, Brazilian counsel, that judgments of non-Brazilian courts for civil liabilities predicated upon the securities laws of countries other than Brazil, including the U.S. securities laws, subject to certain requirements described below, may be enforced in Brazil (to the extent that Brazilian courts may have jurisdiction). A judgment against either the Company or any of its directors, officers, independent auditors or advisors obtained outside Brazil would be enforceable in Brazil against it or any such person without reconsideration of the merits, upon confirmation of that judgment by the Brazilian Superior Court of Justice. That confirmation, generally, will occur if the foreign judgment:

- fulfills all formalities required for its enforceability under the laws of the country where the foreign judgment is granted;
- is issued by a competent court after proper service of process on the parties, which service must be in accordance with Brazilian law, or after sufficient evidence of the parties' absence has been given, as required by the applicable law;
- is not subject to appeal;
- is for a sum certain;
- is authenticated by a Brazilian consular office in the country where the foreign judgment is issued and is accompanied by a sworn translation into Portuguese; and
- is not contrary to Brazilian national sovereignty, public policy or public morality.

The confirmation process may be time-consuming and may also give rise to difficulties in enforcing the foreign judgment in Brazil. Accordingly, the Company cannot assure you that confirmation would be obtained, that the confirmation process would be conducted in a timely manner or that a Brazilian court would enforce a monetary judgment for violation of the securities laws of countries other than Brazil, including the U.S. securities laws.

A plaintiff (whether Brazilian or non-Brazilian) who resides outside Brazil during the course of litigation in Brazil must provide a note to guarantee court costs and legal fees if the plaintiff owns no real property in Brazil that may ensure such payment. This note must have a value sufficient to satisfy the payment of court fees and defendant's attorneys' fees, as determined by the Brazilian judge, except in the case of claims based on an instrument that may be enforced in Brazilian courts without review of its merit (*titulo executivo extrajudicial*) or counterclaims as established under Article 836 of the Brazilian Code of Civil Procedure; and of the enforcement of foreign judgments that have been duly confirmed by the Brazilian Superior Court of Justice.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Overview

Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the purchase agreement dated the date of this Listing Particular, the initial purchasers have severally agreed to purchase, and the Issuer has agreed to sell to the initial purchasers, the following respective principal amount of bonds listed opposite their name below:

Joint Bookrunners	Principal Amount of the bonds to
	be Purchased
Itau BBA USA Securities, Inc.	US\$ 125,000,000
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	US\$ 125,000,000
Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	US\$ 125,000,000
Santander Investment Securities Inc.	US\$ 125,000,000
Total	US\$ 500,000,000

The purchase agreement provides that the obligations of the initial purchasers to purchase the bonds are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The initial purchasers must purchase all the bonds if it purchases any of the bonds.

The Issuer and the Guarantors have been advised that the initial purchasers propose to resell the bonds at the offering price set forth on the cover page of this Listing Particular within the United States to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers (as defined in Rule 144A) in reliance on Rule 144A and outside the United States in reliance on Regulation S. See "Notice to Investors." The price at which the bonds are offered may be changed at any time without notice. The initial purchasers may offer and sell the bonds through their respective affiliates.

The bonds and the guarantees have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S) except in transactions exempt from, or not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act. See "Notice to Investors."

Accordingly, in connection with sales outside the United States, the initial purchasers have agreed that, except as permitted by the purchase agreement and set forth in the "Notice to Investors," they will not offer or sell the bonds within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (i) as part of its distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the later of the commencement of this offering and the closing date, and it will have sent to each dealer to which it sells bonds during the 40-day distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the bonds within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of this offering, an offer or sale of bonds within the United States by a dealer that is not participating in this offering may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if that offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with Rule 144A.

The Issuer and the Guarantors have agreed that, for a period of 90 days from the date of this Listing Particular, they will not, without the prior written consent of the initial purchasers, directly or indirectly, issue, sell, offer or agree to sell, grant any option for the sale of, or otherwise dispose of any other debt securities of or guaranteed by them or securities of or guaranteed by them that are convertible into, or exchangeable for, the bonds or other debt securities (or publicly disclose the intention to make any such issuance, sale, offer, agreement, grant or disposal).

The bonds will constitute a new class of securities with no established trading market. The bonds are expected to be listed on the Euro MTF. However, neither the Issuer nor any of the Guarantors can assure you that the prices at which the bonds will sell in the market after this offering will not be lower than the initial offering price or that an active trading market for the bonds will develop and continue after this offering. The initial purchasers have advised the Issuer and the Guarantors that they currently intend to make a market in the bonds. However, the initial purchasers are not obligated to do so and they may discontinue any market-making activities with respect to the bonds at any time without notice. In addition, market-making activity will be subject to the limits imposed by the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. Accordingly, neither the Issuer nor any of the Guarantors can assure you as to the liquidity of or the trading market for the bonds.

In connection with this offering, the initial purchasers may purchase and sell bonds in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Overallotment involves sales of bonds in excess of the principal amount of bonds to be purchased by the initial purchasers in this offering, which creates a short position for the initial purchasers. Covering transactions involve purchases of the bonds in the open market after the distribution has been completed in order to cover short positions. Stabilizing transactions consist of certain bids or purchases of bonds made for the purpose of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the bonds while the offering is in progress. Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or retarding a decline in the market price of the bonds. They may also cause the price of the bonds to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The initial purchasers may conduct these transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. If the initial purchasers commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time but they must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the bonds and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the bonds.

The Issuer expects to deliver the bonds against payment for the bonds on or about the date specified in the last paragraph of the cover page of this Listing Particular, which will be the fifth business day following the date of the pricing of the bonds. Since trades in the secondary market generally settle in three business days, purchasers who wish to trade bonds prior to the settlement date may be required, by virtue of the fact that the bonds initially will settle in T+5, to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

In addition, the initial purchasers have performed investment banking, commercial banking and advisory services for the Company from time to time for which it has received customary fees and expenses. The initial purchasers may, from time to time, engage in transactions with and perform services for the Issuer, the Guarantors and their affiliates in the ordinary course of their business.

In addition, in the ordinary course of their business activities, the initial purchasers and their affiliates may make or hold a broad array of investments and actively trade debt and equity securities (or related derivative securities) and financial instruments (including bank loans) for their own account and for the accounts of their customers. Such investments and securities activities may involve securities and/or instruments of the Issuer or its affiliates. If any of the initial purchasers or their affiliates has a lending relationship with the Issuer or its affiliates, certain of those initial purchasers or their affiliates routinely hedge, and certain other of those initial purchasers or their affiliates may hedge, their credit exposure to the Issuer or its affiliates consistent with their customary risk management policies. Typically, these initial purchasers and their affiliates would hedge such exposure by entering into transactions which consist of either the purchase of credit default swaps or the creation of short positions in the Issuer's or its affiliates securities, including potentially the bonds offered hereby. Any such credit default swaps or short positions could adversely affect future trading prices of the bonds offered hereby. The initial purchasers and their affiliates may also make investment recommendations and/or publish or express independent research views in respect of such securities or financial instruments and may hold, or recommend to clients that they acquire, long and/or short positions in such securities and instruments.

The Issuer and the Guarantors have agreed to indemnify the initial purchasers against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments that the initial purchasers may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

Selling Restrictions

The bonds are offered for sale in those jurisdictions in the United States, Europe, Asia and elsewhere where it is lawful to make such offers.

The bonds have not been offered, sold or delivered and will not be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, and this Listing Particular or any information incorporated by reference herein or any other offering material relating to the bonds, has not been and will not be distributed in or from any jurisdiction except under circumstances that will result in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations thereof and that will not impose any obligations on us except as set forth in the purchase agreement.

Brazil

The notes have not been and will not be issued nor placed, distributed, offered or negotiated in the Brazilian capital markets. The bonds have not been, and will not be, registered with the CVM. The bonds may not be offered or sold in Brazil, except in circumstances that do not constitute a public offering or distribution under Brazilian laws and regulations. Any public offering or distribution, as defined under Brazilian laws and regulations, of the notes in Brazil is not legal without prior registration under Law No. 6,385, dated as of December 7, 1976, as amended, and Instruction No. 400, issued by the CVM on December 29, 2003, as amended. Documents relating to the offering of the notes, as well as information contained therein, may not be supplied to the public in Brazil (as the offering of the notes is not a public offering of securities in Brazil), nor be used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of the notes to the public in Brazil.

United Kingdom

Each of the initial purchasers severally represents and agrees that:

- it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA")) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any bonds in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantors; and
- it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the bonds in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

European Economic Area

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a "Relevant Member State"). Each of the initial purchasers severally represents and agrees that, with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the "Relevant Implementation Date"), an offer to the public of any bonds which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Listing Particular has not and will not be made in that Relevant Member State, except that an offer to the public in that Relevant Member State of any bonds may be made, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, under the following exemptions under the Prospectus Directive, if they have been implemented in that Relevant Member State:

- to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- to fewer than 100 or, if the Relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD
 Amending Directive, 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the
 Prospectus Directive) as permitted under the Prospectus Directive, subject to obtaining the prior consent of
 the initial purchasers; or
- in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of bonds shall result in a requirement by us or any representative to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive, or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an "offer to the public" in relation to any bonds in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the bonds to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe to the bonds, as the same may be varied in that Relevant Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Relevant Member State, the expression "Prospectus Directive" means Directive 2003/71/EC (and the amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State in question) and includes any relevant implementing measure in that Relevant Member State, and the expression "2010 PD Amending Directive" means Directive 2010/73/EU.

Japan

The bonds have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan (Law No. 25 of 1919, as amended) (the "FIEL") and, accordingly, the initial purchasers severally agree the bonds will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (which term as used herein means any person resident in Japan, including any corporation or other entity organized under the laws of Japan), or to others for reoffering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEL and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan promulgated by relevant Japanese governmental or regulatory authorities in effect at the relevant time.

Hong Kong

The initial purchasers and each of their affiliates have not (i) offered or sold, and will not offer or sell, in Hong Kong, by means of any document, our bonds other than (a) to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong and any rules made under that Ordinance or (b) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus" as defined in the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of that Ordinance or (ii) issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere any advertisement, invitation or document relating to our bonds which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public in Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to our securities which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance any rules made under that Ordinance. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. You are advised to exercise caution in relation to the offer. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice.

Singapore

This Listing Particular or any other offering material distributed by them relating to the bonds has not been and will not be registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore, and the bonds will be offered in Singapore pursuant to the exemptions under Section 274 and Section 275 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"). Accordingly, this Listing Particular and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for the subscription or purchase, of the bonds may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the bonds be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (1) to an institutional investor under Section 274 of the SFA, (2) to a relevant person under Section 275(1) and/or any person under Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (3) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Germany

Each person who is in possession of this Listing Particular is aware of the fact that no German sales prospectus (Verkaufsprospekt) within the meaning of the German Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapier-Verkaufsprospektgesetz, the "Act") of the Federal Republic of Germany has been or will be published with respect to our bonds. In particular, each initial purchaser has represented that it has not engaged and has agreed that it will not engage in a public offering in (offentliches Angebot) within the meaning of the Act with respect to any of our bonds otherwise than in accordance with the Act and all other applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Consequently, in Germany, the bonds will only be available to, and this Listing Particular and any other offering material in relation to the bonds are directed only at, persons who are "qualified investors" (qualifizierte Anleger) within the meaning of Section 2 No. 6 of the German Securities Prospectus Act. This Listing Particular and other offering materials relating to the offer of bonds are strictly confidential and may not be distributed to any person or entity other than the recipients hereof.

France

The bonds are being issued and sold outside the Republic of France. The bonds may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in the Republic of France and this Listing Particular may not be distributed or be caused to be distributed to the public or any other offering material relating to the bonds, and such offers, sales and distributions have been and will be made in the Republic of France only to provider of investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties, and/or (ii) qualified investors (investisseurs qualifiés), other than individuals, all as defined in, and in accordance with, articles L.411-1, L.411-2 and D.411-1 to D.411-3 of the French Code monétaire et financier. This Listing Particular has not been submitted to the clearance procedure of the AMF.

Netherlands

This Listing Particular has not been and will not be approved by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets (Autoriteit Financiële Markten) in accordance with Article 5:2 of the Dutch Act on Financial Supervision (Wet op het financieel toezicht). The bonds will only be offered in The Netherlands to qualified investors (gekwalificeerde beleggers) as defined in Article 1:1 of the Dutch Act on Financial Supervision.

Luxembourg

Each initial purchaser has agreed that it has not made and will not make an offer of bonds which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Listing Particular to the public in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, except that it may make an offer of such bonds in Luxembourg:

- (a) in the cases described under the European Economic Area selling restrictions in which an initial purchaser can make an offer of bonds to the public in an EEA Member State (including Luxembourg); and/or
- (b) to national and regional governments, central banks, international and supranational institutions (such as the International Monetary Fund, the European Central Bank, the European Investment Bank) and other similar international organizations; and/or
- (c) to legal entities which are authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets including credit institutions, investment companies, other authorized or regulated financial institutions, insurance companies, undertakings for collective investment and their management companies, pension and investment funds and their management companies, commodity dealers; and/or
- (d) to certain natural persons or small and medium-sized companies (as defined in the Directive 2003/71/EC) recorded in the register of natural persons or small and medium sized companies

considered as qualified investors and held by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) as competent authority in Luxembourg in accordance with the Directive 2003/71/EC; and/or

(e) in any other circumstances for which the Luxembourg Act of 10th July, 2005 on prospectuses for securities does not require a public offering prospectus to be established.

Portugal

The bonds may not be offered or sold in Portugal except in accordance with the requirements of the Portuguese Securities Code (Código de Valores Mobiliários as approved by the Decree-Law No. 486/99 of November 13, 1999) and the regulations governing the offer of securities issued pursuant thereto. Neither a public offer for subscription of the bonds nor a public offer for the sale of the bonds shall be promoted in Portugal.

Switzerland

This Listing Particular does not constitute an issue prospectus pursuant to Article 652a or Article 1,156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations. The bonds will not be listed on the SIX Swiss Exchange and, therefore, this Listing Particular may not comply with the disclosure standards of the listing rules (including any additional listing rules or prospectus schemes) of the SIX Swiss Exchange. Accordingly, the bonds may not be offered to the public in or from Switzerland, but only to a selected and limited circle of investors, which do not subscribe to the bonds with a view to distribution. The prospective investors must be individually approached by a dealer from time to time.

British Virgin Islands

The bonds may not be offered or sold in the British Virgin Islands, except in circumstances that do not constitute a public offering or distribution to the public under the laws and regulations of the British Virgin Islands.

Chile

The bonds will not be registered under Law 18,045, as amended, of Chile with the *Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros* (Chilean Securities Commission), and accordingly, they may be not be offered to persons in Chile, except in circumstances that do not constitute a public offering under Chilean law and the regulations from the *Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros* of the Republic of Chile). Chilean institutional investors (such as banks, pension funds and insurance companies) are required to comply with specific restrictions relating to the purchase of the bonds. Rule 336, dated June 27, 2012, requires the following information to be provided to prospective investors in Chile:

INFORMACIÓN A LOS INVERSIONISTAS CHILENOS

DE CONFORMIDAD CON LA LEY N° 18.045, DE MERCADO DE VALORES Y LA NORMA DE CARÁCTER GENERAL N° 336, DE 27 DE JUNIO DE 2012, DE LA SUPERINTENDENCIA DE VALORES Y SEGUROS DE CHILE (LA "NCG 336"), LAS DEBENTURES PUEDEN SER OFRECIDAS PRIVADAMENTE A CIERTOS "INVERSIONISTAS CALIFICADOS", A LOS QUE SE REFIERE LA NCG 336 Y QUE SE DEFINEN COMO TALES EN LA NORMA DE CARÁCTER GENERAL N° 216, DE 12 DE JUNIO DE 2008, DE LA SVS.

LA SIGUIENTE INFORMACIÓN SE PROPORCIONA A POTENCIALES INVERSIONISTAS DE CONFORMIDAD CON LA NCG 336:

- 1. LA OFERTA DE LOS BONOS COMIENZA EL 7 DE ABRIL DE 2014, Y SE ENCUENTRA ACOGIDA A LA NORMA DE CARÁCTER GENERAL N° 336, DE FECHA 27 DE JUNIO DE 2012, DE LA SUPERINTENDENCIA DE VALORES Y SEGUROS DE CHILE;
- 2. LA OFERTA VERSA SOBRE VALORES NO INSCRITOS EN EL REGISTRO DE VALORES O EN EL REGISTRO DE VALORES EXTRANJEROS QUE LLEVA LA SUPERINTENDENCIA DE VALORES Y

SEGUROS, POR LO QUE TALES VALORES NO ESTÁN SUJETOS A LA FISCALIZACIÓN DE ESA SUPERINTENDENCIA;

- 3. POR TRATARSE DE VALORES NO INSCRITOS EN CHILE NO EXISTE LA OBLIGACIÓN POR PARTE DEL EMISOR DE ENTREGAR EN CHILE INFORMACIÓN PÚBLICA SOBRE ESTOS VALORES; Y
- 4. ESTOS VALORES NO PODRÁN SER OBJETO DE OFERTA PÚBLICA MIENTRAS NO SEAN INSCRITOS EN EL REGISTRO DE VALORES CORRESPONDIENTE.

Colombia

The bonds may not be offered, sold or negotiated in Colombia except under circumstances which do not constitute a public offering of securities pursuant to Colombian laws and regulations, nor will they be registered in the Colombian National Registry of Securities and Issuer or listed on a regulated securities trading system such as the Colombian Stock Exchange. Furthermore, foreign financial entities must abide by the terms of Decree 2,558 of 2007 to offer privately the bonds to their Colombian clients.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the bonds offered and sold in this offering will be passed upon for the Issuer by Greenberg Traurig, LLP, and for the initial purchasers by Shearman & Sterling LLP. Certain matters of Brazilian law relating to the bonds and the guarantees will be passed upon for the Issuer by Expedito Luz, the Company's general counsel. Machado, Meyer, Sendacz e Opice Advogados, São Paulo, Brazil, will pass upon certain matters of Brazilian law relating to the bonds and the guarantees for the initial purchasers. Certain matters of British Virgin Islands law relating to the bonds will be passed upon for the Issuer and the Guarantors by Maples and Calder.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Company's consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2013, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, incorporated in this Listing Particular by reference to the Company's 2013 Annual Report, have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report incorporated herein.

The Company's consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2011, incorporated in this Listing Particular by reference to the Company's 2013 Annual Report, have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Auditores Independentes, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is incorporated by reference herein, which report expresses an unqualified opinion on such financial statements and includes an explanatory paragraph regarding the Company's adoption of the amendments to International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 1, Presentation of Financial Statements.

LISTING AND GENERAL INFORMATION

1. The bonds have been accepted for clearance and settlement through DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. The CUSIP, Common Code and ISIN numbers for the bonds are as follows:

	Restricted Global Bond	Regulation S Global Bond
CUSIP	36120P AC7	G2440J AG0
ISIN	US36120PAC77	USG2440JAG07
Common Codes	105789122	105789181

- 2. The Issuer has applied to list the bonds on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. In connection with and prior to the listing of the bonds on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, copies of the indenture (including forms of the bonds and the guarantee) will be available, at no cost, at the office of the paying agent in Luxembourg, where such documents may be examined and copies of such documents may be obtained at no cost.
- 3. Copies of the Company's audited annual financial statements for its two most recently ended fiscal years and its latest unaudited quarterly financial statements, if any, may be obtained, at no cost, at the offices of the principal paying agent and any other paying agent, including the Luxembourg paying agent. The Issuer does not separately provide financial statements. Copies of the Issuer's by-laws, as well as the indenture (including forms of bonds and the guarantee) and this Listing Particular, will be available, at no cost, at the offices of the principal paying agent and any other paying agent, including the Luxembourg paying agent.
- 4. Except as disclosed in this Listing Particular, there has been no material adverse change in the Company's financial position since December 31, 2013, the date of the latest audited financial statements incorporated by reference in this Listing Particular. Except as disclosed herein, there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of the Issuer and the Guarantors since December 31, 2013.
- 5. Except as disclosed in page 103 of the Company's 2013 Annual Report, neither the Company nor the Issuer is involved in any litigation or arbitration proceedings relating to claims or amounts that are material in the context of this offering, nor so far as the Company and the Issuer are aware is any such litigation or arbitration pending or threatened.
- 6. Copies of the Issuer's certificate of incorporation and by-laws and the *estatutos sociais* (by-laws) of each Guarantor, as well as the indenture (including forms of the bonds and the guarantee), will be available, at no cost, at the offices of the principal paying agent and any other paying agent, including the Luxembourg paying agent.
- 7. So long as the bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and the rules of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange so require, the Issuer shall appoint and maintain a paying agent in Luxembourg, where the bonds may be presented or surrendered for payment or redemption, in the event that the global bonds are exchanged for definitive certificated bonds. In addition, in the event that the global bonds are exchanged for definitive certificated bonds, announcement of such exchange shall be made through the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and such announcement will include all material information with respect to the delivery of the definitive certificated bonds, including details of the paying agent in Luxembourg.
- 8. In addition to being mailed to the holders, so long as the bonds are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange, copies of all notices to the holders will be published on the website of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange at www.bourse.lu.
- 9. The issuance of US\$ 500,000,000 aggregate principal amount of the bonds was authorized by the Issuer's board of directors on April 9, 2014. The execution of the guarantee relating to such bonds was authorized by the board of directors of the Company and each of the other Guarantors on July 31, 2013 and September 17, 2007, respectively.

GTL TRADE FINANCE INC. BALANCE SHEETS

as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)

in thousands of Drazman reass (No)	2013	2012
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	16,937	323
Prepaid Expenses	12,433	13,675
	29,370	13,998
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Related parties	3,554,891	3,106,181
	3,554,891	3,106,181
TOTAL ASSETS	3,584,261	3,120,179
GTL TRADE FINANCE INC. BALANCE SHEETS as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 In thousands of Brazilian reais (R\$)		
in thousands of Brazinan reals (Ru)	2013	2012
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Short-term debt	49,536	43,212
	49,536	43,212
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term debt	3,513,900	3,065,250
	3,513,900	3,065,250
EQUITY		
Capital	23	23
Accumulated losses	(159,660)	(508,546)
Other reserves	180,462	520,240
EQUITY	20,825	11,717
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	3,584,261	3,120,179

ISSUER

GTL Trade Finance Inc.

c/o Maples Corporate Services (BVI)
Limited
P.O. Box 173, Kingston Chambers
Road Town, Tortola
British Virgin Islands

GUARANTORS

Gerdau S.A.

Av. Farrapos 1811 90220-005 - Porto Alegre, RS Brazil

Gerdau Aços Especiais S.A

Av. Farrapos 1811 90220-005 - Porto Alegre, RS Brazil

TRUSTEE, PAYING AGENT, TRANSFER AGENT AND REGISTRAR

The Bank of New York Mellon

101 Barclay Street, Floor 7E New York, NY 10286 U.S.A.

LUXEMBOURG

Gerdau Açominas S.A. Av. Farrapos 1811

90220-005 - Porto Alegre, RS

Brazil

Gerdau Aços Longos S.A.

Av. Farrapos 1811

90220-005 - Porto Alegre, RS

Brazil

TRANSFER AGENT AND PAYING AGENT

The Bank of New York Mellon (Luxembourg) S.A.
Vertigo Building, Polaris
2-4 rue Eugène Ruppert, - L-2453
Luxembourg

LEGAL ADVISERS

To the Issuer and Guarantors as to U.S. law:

Greenberg Traurig, LLP

200 Park Avenue- Metlife Building New York, NY 10166 U.S.A. To the Issuer and Guarantors as to Brazilian law:

Expedito Luz - General Counsel

Gerdau S.A. Av. Farrapos 1811 90220-005 - Porto Alegre, RS Brazil

To the Issuer and Guarantors as to British Virgin Islands law:

Maples and Calder

Sea Meadow House, PO Box 173 Road Town Tortola VG1110 British Virgin Islands

To the initial purchasers as to U.S. law:

Shearman & Sterling LLP

599 Lexington Avenue New York, NY 10022 U.S.A. To the initial purchasers as to Brazilian law:

Machado, Meyer, Sendacz e Opice Advogados

Av. Brigadeiro Faria Lima, 3144 – 11th Floor 01451-000 - São Paulo, SP Brazil

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRMS

PricewaterhouseCoopers Auditores Independentes

As of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2013 Rua Mostardeiro, nº 800, 9º andar 90430-000 - Porto Alegre – RS Brazil Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Auditores Independentes
As of and for the year ended December 31, 2011
Av. Carlos Gomes, 403-12th floor
90480-003 - Porto Alegre, RS
Brazil

