

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<i>Title of Each Class of Securities Offered</i>	<i>Maximum Aggregate Offering Price</i>
Contingent Coupon Notes due 2033	\$2,000,000


STRUCTURED INVESTMENTS

Opportunities in U.S. and International Equities

Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index**February 18, 2033**

The notes are senior unsecured obligations of Morgan Stanley and have the terms described in the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and pricing supplement to this document. Unlike ordinary debt securities, the notes do not provide for the regular payment of interest and instead will pay a contingent monthly coupon **but only if the closing value of either the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index on the related observation date is at or above 89.5% of its respective initial index value**, which we refer to as the "Barrier Level". If the closing value of either underlying index is less than the barrier level for such index on any observation date, we will pay no interest for the related interest period. At maturity, we will pay the principal amount for each note you hold *plus* the contingent monthly coupon with respect to the final observation date, if any. **Investors will not participate in any interest payments on the notes and should be willing to hold their notes for the entire 20-year term.** These long-dated notes are for investors who seek an opportunity to earn interest at a price that is below the risk of receiving no monthly interest over the 20-year term if either underlying index closes below the barrier level for such index on the observation dates. Because the notes are based on the worst performing of the underlying indices, the fact that the notes are linked to two underlying indices does not provide any asset diversification benefit. If the closing value of either underlying index beyond the relevant barrier level will result in no contingent monthly coupons, even if the other underlying index closes at or above its barrier level. **The contingent monthly coupon on any contingent coupon payment date if the closing value of either underlying index is below the barrier level for such index on the related observation date.**

The notes are senior notes issued as part of Morgan Stanley's Series F Global Medium-Term Notes program. All payments on the notes, including the repayment of principal, are guaranteed by the full and unconditional guarantee of Morgan Stanley.

FINAL TERMS

Issuer:	Morgan Stanley
Underlying indices:	Russell 2000® Index (the "RTY Index") and EURO STOXX 50® Index (the "SX5E Index")
Aggregate principal amount:	\$2,000,000
Stated principal amount:	\$1,000 per note
Issue price:	\$1,000 per note
Pricing date:	February 14, 2013
Original issue date:	February 20, 2013 (3 business days after the pricing date)
Maturity date:	February 18, 2033
Contingent monthly coupon:	A contingent coupon at a rate of 10% per annum is paid monthly <i>only if</i> the closing value of each underlying index is at or above the barrier level for such index on the related observation date. If, on any observation date, the closing value of either underlying index is less than the barrier level for such index on the related observation date, no contingent monthly coupon will be paid for the applicable interest period. It is possible that one or both underlying indices could remain below the barrier level for such index for periods of time or even throughout the entire 20-year term of the notes so that you will receive few or no contingent monthly coupons.
Barrier level:	With respect to the RTY Index: 826.7652, which is 89.5% of the initial index value for such index With respect to the SX5E Index: 2,358.63825, which is 89.5% of the initial index value for such index
Initial index value:	With respect to the RTY Index: 923.76, which is the index closing value of such index on the pricing date With respect to the SX5E Index: 2,635.35, which is the index closing value of such index on the pricing date
Contingent coupon payment dates:	The 20th day of each month, beginning March 20, 2013; <i>provided</i> that if any such day is not a business day, the contingent coupon will be paid on the next succeeding business day and no adjustment will be made to any coupon payment made on that date. If the contingent coupon is not paid on the next succeeding business day, then the contingent coupon, if any, with respect to the final observation date shall be paid on the maturity date.

http://www.oblible.com

Observation dates:

The third scheduled business day preceding each scheduled contingent coupon payment date, beginning with payment date, subject to postponement for non-index business days and certain market disruption events.

Payment at maturity:

At maturity, you will receive an amount equal to the stated principal amount for each note you hold *plus* the contingent coupon payment, if any.

CUSIP:

61761JDB2

ISIN:

US61761JDB26

Listing:

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Agent:

Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC ("MS & Co."), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. See "Supplemental Information" for conflicts of interest."

Commissions and Issue Price:

Per note

Price to Public

Agent's Commissions⁽¹⁾

\$1,000

\$10

Total

\$2,000,000

\$20,000

(1) Selected dealers and their financial advisors will collectively receive from the Agent, MS & Co., a fixed sales commission of \$10 for each note they sell. See "Supplemental Information" for conflicts of interest." For additional information, see "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

The notes involve risks not associated with an investment in ordinary debt securities. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 10.

The Securities and Exchange Commission and state securities regulators have not approved or disapproved these notes, or determined if this document is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The notes are not bank deposits and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, nor are they covered by FDIC.

You should read this document together with the related prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus, each of which can be accessed at [www.oblible.com](#). For more information, see "Additional Information About the Notes" at the end of this document.

[Prospectus Supplement dated November 21, 2011](#)

[Index Supplement dated November 21, 2011](#)

[Prospectus dated November 21, 2011](#)

Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000[®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index due Feb

Investment Overview

Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000[®] Index and the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index due Feb provide for the regular payment of interest and instead will pay a contingent monthly coupon **but only if** the index closing value of **and the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index** (which we refer to together as the “underlying indices”) is **at or above** 89.5% of its respective to as the barrier level, on the related observation date. If the index closing value of **either underlying index** is less than the barrier observation date, we will pay no coupon for the related monthly period. It is possible that the index closing value of one or both the respective barrier level(s) for extended periods of time or even throughout the entire 20-year term of the notes so that you will not receive monthly coupons. We refer to the coupon on the notes as contingent, because there is no guarantee that you will receive a coupon on every coupon payment date. Even if an underlying index were to be at or above the barrier level for such index on some monthly observation dates, we will not pay a coupon on others. In addition, even if one underlying index were to be at or above the barrier level for such index on all observation dates, you will receive a contingent monthly coupon only with respect to the observation dates on which the other underlying index is also at or above the barrier level, if any.

Maturity:	Approximately 20 years
Contingent monthly coupon:	From and including the original issue date to but excluding the maturity date, a contingent monthly coupon at a rate of 10% per annum will be paid on the notes but only if the closing value of either underlying index is at or above its respective barrier level on the related observation date. If, on any observation date, the closing value of either underlying index is less than the barrier level for such index, we will pay no coupon for the applicable monthly period. It is possible that one or both underlying indices will remain below the respective barrier level(s) for extended periods of time or even throughout the entire 20-year term of the notes so that you will receive few or no contingent monthly coupons.

Morgan Stanley clients may contact their local Morgan Stanley branch office or our principal executive offices at 1585 Broadway (telephone number (866) 477-4776). All other clients may contact their local brokerage representative. Third-party distributors of Structured Investment Sales at (800) 233-1087.

Key Investment Rationale

The notes do not provide for the regular payment of interest and instead will pay a contingent monthly coupon **but only if** the index closing value of **either underlying index** is **at or above** its respective barrier level on the related observation date. The notes have been designed for investors who seek a return above interest rates and accept the risk of no interest payments during the entire 20-year term of the notes in exchange for an opportunity to receive a return above market rate if **each underlying index** closes at or above its respective barrier level on each monthly observation date. This illustration purposes only to demonstrate how the coupon is calculated, and do not attempt to demonstrate every situation that may

Scenario 1: A contingent monthly coupon is paid for all interest periods, which is the best case scenario.

This scenario assumes that each underlying index closes at or above its respective observation date. Investors receive the 10% per annum contingent monthly coupon for the term of the notes.

Scenario 2: A contingent monthly coupon is paid for some, but not all, interest periods

This scenario assumes that each underlying index closes at or above its respective observation dates but one or both underlying indices close below the respective barrier levels. Investors receive the contingent monthly coupon for the monthly interest periods of each underlying index is at or above its respective barrier level on the related observation date. Investors do not receive the contingent monthly coupon for the monthly interest periods that one or both underlying indices close below the respective barrier level on the observation date.

Scenario 3 : No contingent monthly coupon is paid for any interest period and investors receive zero return over the 20-year term of the notes.

This scenario assumes that one or both underlying indices close below the respective barrier level on the monthly observation date. Since one or both underlying indices close below the respective barrier level on the monthly observation date, investors do not receive any contingent monthly coupon for the term of the notes.

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Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

Underlying Indices Summary

Russell 2000® Index

The Russell 2000® Index is an index calculated, maintained and published by Russell Investments, a subsidiary of Russell Investments. The Russell 2000® Index measures the composite price performance of stocks of 2,000 companies (the “Russell 2000® Component Stocks”) incorporated in the United States. All 2,000 stocks are traded on a major U.S. exchange and are the 2,000 smallest securities that form the Russell 3000® Index. The Russell 3000® Index is composed of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies as determined by market capitalization and represents approximately 98% of the total market capitalization of the U.S. The Russell 2000® Index consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000® Index and represents a small portion of the total market capitalization of the U.S. The Russell 3000® Index. The Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. market.

Information as of market close on February 14, 2013:

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol:	RTY
Current Index Value:	923.76
52 Weeks Ago:	820.65
52 Week High (on 2/14/2013):	923.76
52 Week Low (on 6/4/2012):	737.24

For additional information about the Russell 2000® Index, see the information set forth under “Russell 2000® Index” in the accompanying prospectus supplement. Furthermore, for additional historical information, see “Russell 2000® Index Overview,” beginning on page 9 of this prospectus supplement.

EURO STOXX 50® Index Overview

The EURO STOXX 50® Index was created by STOXX Limited, which is owned by Deutsche Börse AG and SIX Group AG. The EURO STOXX 50® Index began on February 26, 1998, based on an initial index value of 1,000 at December 31, 1991. The EURO STOXX 50® Index tracks the performance of stocks of market sector leaders from within the STOXX 600 Supersector Indices, which includes stocks selected from the Eurozone. The index has a high degree of liquidity and represent the largest companies across all market sectors.

Information as of market close on February 14, 2013:

Bloomberg Ticker Symbol:	SX5E
Current Index Value:	2,635.35
52 Weeks Ago:	2,488.29

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

52 Week High (on 1/29/2013):	2,749.27
52 Week Low (on 6/1/2012):	2,068.66

For additional information about the EURO STOXX 50[®] Index, see the information set forth under “EURO STOXX 50[®] Index” in the supplement. Furthermore, for additional historical information, see “EURO STOXX 50[®] Index Overview,” beginning on page 11 of the supplement.

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Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

Hypothetical Examples

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how to determine whether a contingent monthly coupon is paid with respect to an underlying index. These examples are for illustrative purposes only. Whether you receive a contingent monthly coupon will be determined on each month based on the initial index value and barrier level for each underlying index are set forth on the cover page of this document. All payments on the principal, are subject to the credit risk of Morgan Stanley. The below examples are based on the following terms:

Contingent Monthly Coupon: 10% *per annum* (corresponding to approximately \$8.3333 per month)

With respect to each coupon payment date, a contingent monthly coupon is paid if the closing value of each underlying index is at or above its respective barrier level on the relevant observation date.

Hypothetical Initial Index Value: With respect to the RTY Index: 900

With respect to the SX5E Index: 2,700

Hypothetical Barrier Level: With respect to the RTY Index: 805.50, which is 89.5% of the hypothetical initial index value

With respect to the SX5E Index: 2,416.50, which is 89.5% of the hypothetical initial index value

	Index Closing Value	
	RTY Index	SX5E Index
Hypothetical Observation Date 1	950 (at or above barrier level)	2,500 (at or above barrier level)
Hypothetical Observation Date 2	780 (below barrier level)	2,600 (at or above barrier level)
Hypothetical Observation Date 3	920 (at or above barrier level)	2,000 (below barrier level)
Hypothetical Observation Date 4	700 (below barrier level)	1,800 (below barrier level)

On hypothetical observation date 1, both the RTY Index and SX5E Index close at or above their respective barrier levels. Therefore, approximately \$8.3333 is paid on the relevant contingent coupon payment date.

On each of the hypothetical observation dates 2 and 3, one underlying index closes at or above its barrier level but the other underlying index closes below its barrier level. Therefore no contingent monthly coupon is paid on the relevant contingent coupon payment date.

On hypothetical observation date 4, both underlying indices close below their respective barrier levels and accordingly no contingent monthly coupon is paid.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

relevant contingent coupon payment date.

You will not receive a contingent monthly coupon on any contingent coupon payment date if the closing value of either respective barrier level on the related observation date.

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Risk Factors

The following is a non-exhaustive list of certain key risk factors for investors in the notes. For further discussion of these and section entitled "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement and prospectus. We also urge legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before you invest in the notes.

- § **The notes do not provide for regular interest payments.** The terms of the notes differ from those of ordinary debt securities in that the notes do not provide for the regular payment of interest and instead will pay a contingent monthly coupon **but only if** the index closing value of **each of the EURO STOXX 50® Index is at or above 89.5%** of its respective initial index value, which we refer to as the barrier level. On the other hand, the index closing value of **either underlying index** is lower than the barrier level for such index on the relevant interest period, we will pay no coupon on the applicable contingent coupon payment date. It is possible that the index closing values of the underlying indices will remain below the respective barrier level(s) for extended periods of time or even throughout the entire 20-year term of the notes, in which case you will receive few or no contingent monthly coupons. If you do not earn sufficient contingent coupons over the term of the notes, the amount of interest you receive will be less than the amount that would be paid on a conventional debt security of the issuer of comparable maturity.
- § **You are exposed to the price risk of both underlying indices.** Your return on the notes is not linked to a basket consisting of the underlying indices. Rather, it will be contingent upon the independent performance of each of the underlying indices. Unlike an instrument linked to a basket of underlying assets in which risk is mitigated and diversified among all the components of the basket, you will be exposed to the price risk of both underlying indices. Poor performance by either of the underlying indices over the term of the notes may negatively affect your return and may be offset by positive performance by the other underlying index. To receive any contingent monthly coupons, each underlying index must close above the barrier level on the applicable observation date. Accordingly, your investment is subject to the price risk of both underlying indices.
- § **Because the notes are linked to the performance of the worst performing of the underlying indices, you are exposed to a higher risk of not receiving contingent monthly coupons than if the notes were linked to just the RTY Index or just the SX5E Index.** The risk that you will not receive contingent monthly coupons is greater if you invest in the notes as opposed to substantially similar securities that are linked to just the performance of either the RTY Index or the SX5E Index. With two underlying indices, it is more likely that either underlying index will close below the barrier level for one or more of the applicable observation dates than if the notes were linked to only one of the underlying indices, and therefore it is more likely that you will not receive contingent monthly coupons.
- § **The contingent monthly coupon, if any, is based only on the value of each underlying index on the related monthly observation date.** Whether the contingent monthly coupon will be paid on any contingent coupon payment date will be based on the closing value of each underlying index on the relevant monthly observation date. As a result, you will receive the contingent monthly coupon on any contingent coupon payment date until near the end of the relevant interest period. The contingent monthly coupon is based solely on the value of each underlying index on monthly observation dates, if the closing value of either underlying index on any observation date is below the barrier level for such index, you will receive no coupon for the related interest period even if the closing value of either index were higher on other days during that interest period and even if the closing value of the other underlying index is at or above the barrier level.
- § **Investors will not participate in any appreciation in either underlying index.** Investors will not participate in any appreciation in the value of either underlying index above the initial index value for such index, and the return on the notes will be limited to the contingent monthly coupon, if any, that is paid on any contingent coupon payment date on which the index closing value of each underlying index is greater than or equal to its respective barrier level.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

§ **The notes are linked to the Russell 2000® Index and are subject to risks associated with small-capitalization companies** of the underlying indices, consists of stocks issued by companies with relatively small market capitalization. These companies have higher volatility, lower trading volume and less liquidity than large-capitalization companies and therefore the RTY Index may be more

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<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

- o the composition of the underlying indices and changes in the constituent stocks of such indices, and
- o any actual or anticipated changes in our credit ratings or credit spreads.

Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your notes prior to maturity. Generally, the closer to maturity, the more the market price of the notes will be affected by the other factors described above. In particular, if either index falls below the barrier level for such index, the market value of the notes is expected to decrease substantially and you may have to accept a discount from the stated principal amount of \$1,000 per note.

You cannot predict the future performance of either underlying index based on its historical performance. The value of either index may fall below the barrier level for such index on each observation date so that you will receive no return on your investment through the maturity of the notes. There can be no assurance that the

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Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

closing value of each underlying index will be at or above the respective barrier level on any observation date so that you will receive the full amount of the notes for the applicable interest period. See “Russell 2000® Index Overview” and “EURO STOXX 50® Index Overview” beginning on page 10.

§ **The notes are subject to the credit risk of Morgan Stanley, and any actual or anticipated changes to its credit ratings may adversely affect the market value of the notes.** Under the terms of the notes, Morgan Stanley is obligated to return to you the full amount of the notes at maturity. However, as with an ordinary debt security, you are dependent on Morgan Stanley’s ability to pay all amounts due on the notes at the contingent coupon payment date, and therefore you are subject to the credit risk of Morgan Stanley. The notes are not guaranteed by Morgan Stanley. If Morgan Stanley defaults on its obligations under the notes, your investment would be at risk and you could lose some or all of the market value of the notes prior to maturity will be affected by changes in the market’s view of Morgan Stanley’s creditworthiness. A decline in Morgan Stanley’s credit ratings or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking Morgan Stanley’s debt could affect the market value of the notes.

§ **Not equivalent to investing in the underlying indices.** Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing in either underlying index or in a basket of either underlying index. Investors in the notes will not participate in any positive performance of either underlying index, and will not receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights with respect to stocks that constitute either underlying index.

§ **The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange and secondary trading may be limited.** The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Therefore, there may be little or no secondary market for the notes. MS & Co. may, but is not obligated to, make a market in the notes. If there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because we do not know if any dealers will participate significantly in the secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to transact. If, at any time, MS & Co. were not to make a market in the notes, it is likely that there would be no market for the notes. Accordingly, you should be willing to hold your notes to maturity.

§ **The inclusion of commissions and projected profit from hedging in the original issue price is likely to adversely affect secondary market prices.** Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which MS & Co. is willing to sell the notes in secondary market transactions will likely be significantly lower than the original issue price, since secondary market prices will be reduced by the amount of commissions paid with respect to the notes and the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes that are included in the original issue price. The projected profit that our subsidiaries may realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging activities under the notes may be reduced by the costs of unwinding the related hedging transactions. Our subsidiaries may also engage in hedging activity even if investors do not receive a favorable investment return under the terms of the notes or in any secondary market. Any secondary market prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by MS & Co., as a result of dealer commissions and transaction costs.

§ **Hedging and trading activity by our subsidiaries could potentially affect the value of the notes.** One or more of our subsidiaries will continue to carry out, hedging activities related to the notes, including trading in the stocks that constitute the underlying indices and other instruments related to the underlying indices. Some of our subsidiaries also trade the stocks that constitute the underlying indices and other instruments related to the underlying indices on a regular basis as part of their general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these activities prior to the pricing date could have increased the initial index value of an underlying index and, therefore, could have increased the value of the notes.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

underlying index, which is the value at which such underlying index must close on the observation dates in order for you to ea (depending also on the performance of the other underlying index). Additionally, such hedging or trading activities during the whether an underlying index closes at or above the barrier level for such index on the observation dates and, accordingly, wh coupon on the notes (depending also on the performance of the other underlying index).

§ **The calculation agent, which is a subsidiary of the issuer, will make determinations with respect to the notes.** As c determined the initial index value for each underlying index and the barrier level for each

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Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

underlying index and will determine whether you receive a contingent monthly coupon on each contingent coupon payment date. The determination of whether you receive a contingent monthly coupon will be based on the determinations made by MS & Co. in its capacity as calculation agent, including with respect to the occurrence or non-occurrence of a market disruption event or other event and the selection of a successor index or calculation of the index closing value in the event of a market disruption event or other event. Such determinations may adversely affect the payout to you at maturity.

§ **Adjustments to the underlying indices could adversely affect the value of the notes.** The publisher of each underlying index may make adjustments to the component stocks of such underlying index or make other methodological changes that could change the value of such underlying index. Such adjustments or changes could adversely affect the value of the notes. The publisher of each underlying index may also discontinue or suspend the underlying index at any time. In these circumstances, MS & Co., as the calculation agent, will have the sole discretion to substitute a successor index or calculation of the index closing value that is comparable to the discontinued index. MS & Co. could have an economic interest that is different than that of investors in the notes. MS & Co. is permitted to consider indices that are calculated and published by MS & Co. or any of its affiliates. If MS & Co. determines to substitute a successor index on any observation date, the determination of whether a contingent monthly coupon will be payable on the next contingent coupon payment date will be based on whether the value of such underlying index based on the closing prices of the stocks of such index at the time of such discontinuance, without rebalancing or substitution, computed by MS & Co. as calculation agent in accordance with the terms of such underlying index last in effect prior to such discontinuance is less than the barrier level for such index (depending also on the terms of such underlying index).

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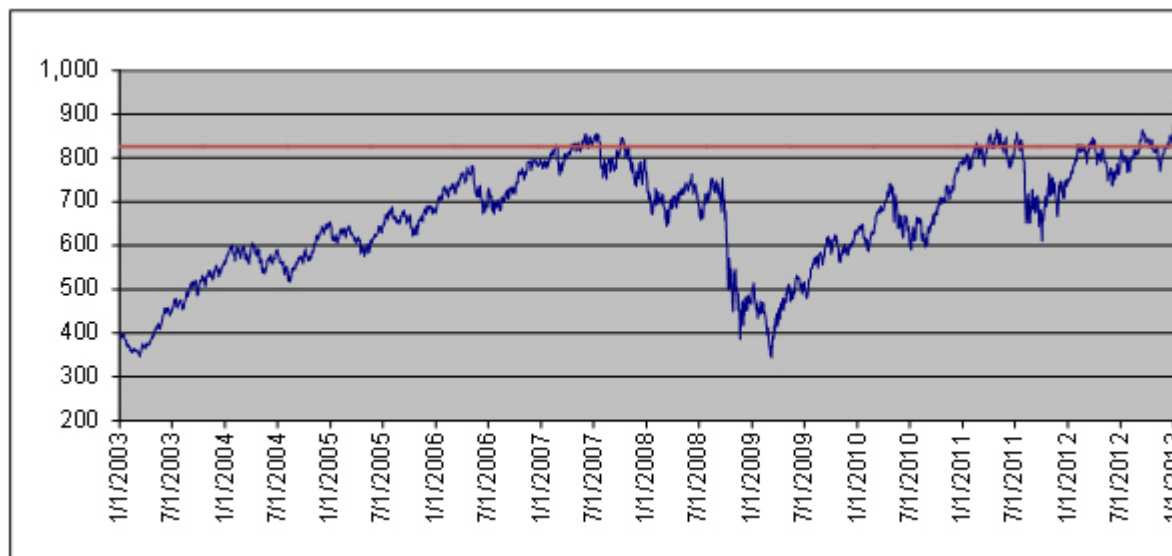
Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

Russell 2000® Index Overview

The Russell 2000® Index is an index calculated, published and disseminated by Russell Investments, and measures the composite price performance of the 2,000 smallest U.S. companies (the "Russell 2000 Component Stocks") incorporated in the U.S. and its territories. All 2,000 stocks are traded on a major U.S. exchange and form the Russell 3000® Index. The Russell 3000® Index is composed of the 3,000 largest U.S. companies as determined by market capitalization of the U.S. equity market. The Russell 2000® Index consists of the smallest 2,000 companies included in the Russell 3000® Index and represents the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. The Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. For more information about the Russell 2000® Index, see the information set forth under "Russell 2000® Index" in the accompanying index supplement.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing values of the RTY Index for the period from January 1, 2003 through February 14, 2013. The graph also shows the high and low closing values, as well as end-of-quarter closing values, of the RTY Index for each quarter in the period from January 1, 2008 through February 14, 2013. The value of the RTY Index on February 14, 2013 was 923.76. We obtained the information in the table and graph below from Bloomberg Financial Data. The RTY Index has at times experienced periods of high volatility, and you should not take the historical values of the RTY Index as an indication of future performance.

RTY Index Daily Closing Values
January 1, 2003 to February 14, 2013



*The red solid line in the graph indicates the barrier level for the RTY Index of 826.7652, which is 89.5% of the initial index value.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

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Russell 2000® Index	High	Low
2008		
First Quarter	753.55	643.97
Second Quarter	763.27	686.07
Third Quarter	754.38	657.72
Fourth Quarter	671.59	385.31
2009		
First Quarter	514.71	343.26
Second Quarter	531.68	429.16
Third Quarter	620.69	479.27
Fourth Quarter	634.07	562.40
2010		
First Quarter	690.30	586.49
Second Quarter	741.92	609.49
Third Quarter	677.64	590.03
Fourth Quarter	792.35	669.45
2011		
First Quarter	843.55	773.18
Second Quarter	865.29	777.20
Third Quarter	858.11	643.42
Fourth Quarter	765.43	609.49
2012		
First Quarter	846.13	747.28
Second Quarter	840.63	737.24
Third Quarter	864.70	767.75
Fourth Quarter	852.49	769.48
2013		
First Quarter (through February 14, 2013)	923.76	872.60

The "Russell 2000® Index" is a trademark of Russell Investments and has been licensed for use by Morgan Stanley. For more information, see the Agreement between Russell Investments and Morgan Stanley" in the accompanying index supplement.

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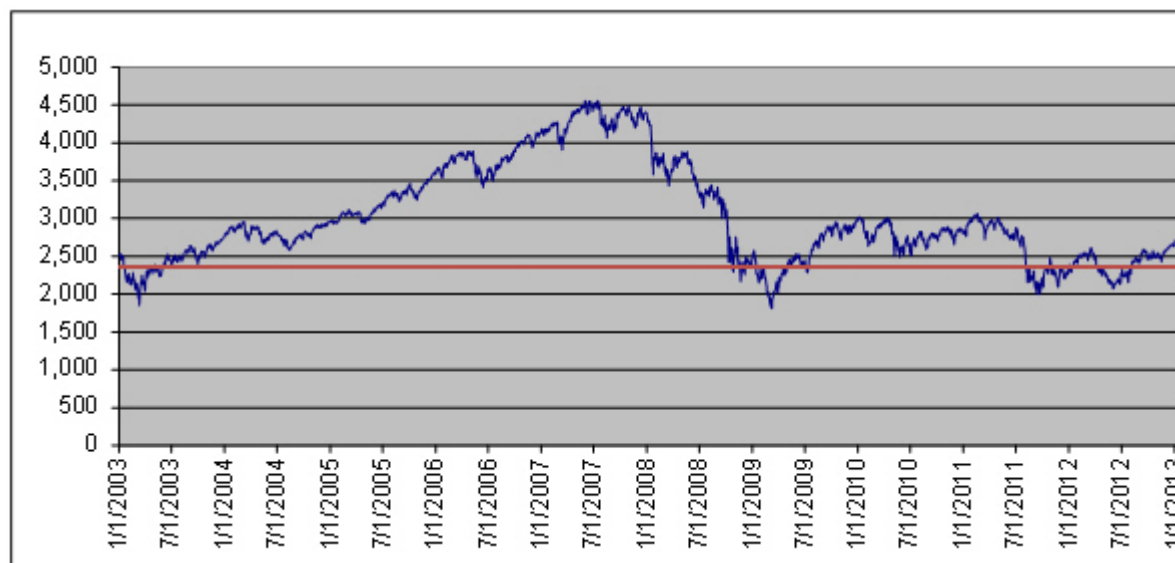
Contingent Coupon Notes Based on the Worst Performing of the Russell 2000® Index and the EURO STOXX 50® Index due Feb

EURO STOXX 50® Index Overview

The EURO STOXX 50® Index was created by STOXX Limited, which is owned by Deutsche Börse AG and SIX Group AG. Publication of the February 26, 1998, based on an initial index value of 1,000 at December 31, 1991. The EURO STOXX 50® Index is composed of 50 component stocks within the STOXX 600 Supersector Indices, which includes stocks selected from the Eurozone. The component stocks have a high degree of diversity across all market sectors. For additional information about the EURO STOXX 50® Index, see the information set forth under “EURO STOXX 50® Index” in the accompanying index supplement.

The following graph sets forth the daily closing values of the SX5E Index for the period from January 1, 2003 through February 14, 2013. The graph shows the high and low closing values, as well as end-of-quarter closing values, of the SX5E Index for each quarter in the period from January 1, 2008 through February 14, 2013. The closing value of the SX5E Index on February 14, 2013 was 2,635.35. We obtained the information in the table and graph below from Bloomberg Financial Data. The SX5E Index has at times experienced periods of high volatility, and you should not take the historical values of the SX5E Index as an indication of future performance.

**SX5E Index Daily Closing Values
January 1, 2003 to February 14, 2013**



*The red solid line in the graph indicates the barrier level of 2,358.63825 for the SX5E Index, which is 89.5% of the initial index value.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

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EURO STOXX 50® Index	High	Low
2008		
First Quarter	4,339.23	3,431.82
Second Quarter	3,882.28	3,340.27
Third Quarter	3,445.66	3,000.83
Fourth Quarter	3,113.82	2,165.91
2009		
First Quarter	2,578.43	1,809.98
Second Quarter	2,537.35	2,097.57
Third Quarter	2,899.12	2,281.47
Fourth Quarter	2,992.08	2,712.30
2010		
First Quarter	3,017.85	2,631.64
Second Quarter	3,012.65	2,488.50
Third Quarter	2,827.27	2,507.83
Fourth Quarter	2,890.64	2,650.99
2011		
First Quarter	3,068.00	2,721.24
Second Quarter	3,011.25	2,715.88
Third Quarter	2,875.67	1,995.01
Fourth Quarter	2,476.92	2,090.25
2012		
First Quarter	2,608.42	2,286.45
Second Quarter	2,501.18	2,068.66
Third Quarter	2,594.56	2,151.54
Fourth Quarter	2,659.95	2,427.32
2013		
First Quarter (through February 14, 2013)	2,749.27	2,597.92

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Additional Information About the Notes

Please read this information in conjunction with the summary terms on the front cover of this pricing supplement.

Additional Provisions:

Day count convention:	30/360
Underlying index publisher:	Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC
Denominations:	\$1,000 per note and integral multiples thereof
Interest period:	Monthly
Book entry security or certificated security:	Book entry. The notes will be issued in the form of one or more fully registered global securities on behalf of, the depositary and will be registered in the name of a nominee of the depositary. The registered holder of the notes. Your beneficial interest in the notes will be evidenced solely by an intermediary acting on your behalf as a direct or indirect participant in the depositary. In this pricing supplement, payments or notices to you will mean payments or notices to the depositary, as the registered holder or participants in accordance with the depositary's procedures. For more information regarding the depositary, please read "The Depositary" in the accompanying prospectus supplement and "Forms of Security Agreements" in the accompanying prospectus.
Senior security or subordinated security:	Senior
Specified currency:	U.S. dollars
Record date:	One business day prior to the related scheduled contingent coupon payment date; <i>provided that</i> the payment at maturity shall be payable to the person to whom the payment at maturity shall be payable.
Minimum ticketing size:	\$1,000 / 1 security
Tax considerations:	<p>In the opinion of our counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, under current law, and based on current tax law, the notes will be treated as "contingent payment debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Please refer to the tax disclosure sections called "United States Federal Taxation – Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders – Notes – Optional Alternative Taxation – Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders – Backup Withholding and Information Reporting Requirements" and "United States Federal Taxation – Tax Consequences to U.S. Holders – Disclosure Requirements" of the accompanying prospectus supplement. The tax disclosure sections in the accompanying prospectus supplement referred to above are hereafter referred to as the "Tax Disclosure Sections".</p> <p>Under this treatment, if you are a U.S. Holder, you generally will be subject to annual income tax (as defined in the Tax Disclosure Sections) of the notes, adjusted upward or downward to reflect the actual and the projected amount of any contingent payments on the notes. In addition, any gain realized on the sale or exchange, or at maturity, of the notes generally will be treated as ordinary income. For the payment schedule with respect to a note, please contact Morgan Stanley Structured Notes at 212-860-2000.</p> <p>For U.S. federal income tax purposes, a U.S. Holder is required to use the comparable yield schedule established by us in determining interest accruals and adjustments in respect to the notes and to timely disclose and justify the use of a different comparable yield and projected payments to the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS").</p>

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

The comparable yield and the projected payment schedule are not used for any purpose. The U.S. Holder's interest accruals and adjustments thereto in respect of a note for U.S. federal income tax purposes do not constitute a projection or representation by us regarding the actual amounts that will be received.

The IRS could seek to treat the notes as subject to Treasury regulations governing "variable rate securities." Under these regulations, each contingent monthly coupon on the notes will be treated as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received in accordance with the U.S. federal income tax accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Upon a sale or exchange of the notes, a U.S. Holder's capital gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the amount realized on the sale or exchange (other than any interest received) and the U.S. Holder's purchase price for the notes.

If you are a non-U.S. investor, please also read the section of the accompanying prospectus regarding the tax treatment of the notes.

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supplement called “United States Federal Taxation—Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Ho

You should consult your tax advisers regarding all aspects of the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the investment in the notes as well as any tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or foreign jurisdiction. Additionally, any consequences resulting from the Medicare tax on investment income or the accompanying prospectus supplement.

The discussion in the preceding paragraphs under “Tax considerations” and the discussion entitled “United States Federal Taxation” in the accompanying prospectus supplement are not intended to provide any provisions of U.S. federal income tax laws or legal conclusions with respect thereto, and you should consult your tax adviser, Polk & Wardwell LLP regarding the material U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the notes.

Trustee:

The Bank of New York Mellon, a New York banking corporation (as successor Trustee to JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as JPMorgan Chase Bank))

Calculation agent:

The calculation agent for the notes will be MS & Co. All determinations made by the calculation agent and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and

All calculations with respect to the contingent monthly coupon, if any, and payment at maturity shall be rounded to the nearest one hundred-thousandth, with five one-millionths rounded upward (e.g., .000005 rounded to .00001); all dollar amounts related to determination of the amount of cash payable per stated amount shall be rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth, with five one hundred-thousandths rounded upward (e.g., .00005 rounded to .0001); and all dollar amounts paid on the aggregate principal amount of the notes shall be rounded to the nearest cent rounded upward.

Because the calculation agent is our affiliate, the economic interests of the calculation agent and our interests as an investor in the notes, including with respect to certain determinations and judgments, may conflict with the interests of investors in the notes. The calculation agent may make in determining the payment that you will receive, if any, on each contingent coupon payment if a market disruption event has occurred. See “Market disruption event” and “Discontinuance of trading on such index business day” below. MS & Co. is obligated to carry out its duties and functions as calculation agent in the best interests of investors in the notes in a reasonable judgment.

Business day:

Any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is neither a legal holiday nor a day on which banking institutions in The City of New York are required by law or regulation to close in The City of New York.

Index business day:

With respect to each underlying index, a day, as determined by the calculation agent, on which the index publisher publishes the official closing value of the relevant exchange(s) for such underlying index, other than a day on which trading on such index business day has ceased prior to the time of the posting of its regular final weekday closing price.

Index closing value:

With respect to each underlying index, on any index business day, the official closing value of such index as defined under “Discontinuance of an underlying index; alteration of method of calculation” in the prospectus supplement. In certain circumstances, the index closing value will be based on the alternative closing value published by the index publisher on such index business day by the index publisher for such underlying index as determined by the calculation agent. In certain circumstances, the index closing value will be based on the alternative closing value described under “Discontinuance of an underlying index; alteration of method of calculation” below.

Market disruption event:

With respect to each underlying index, market disruption event means:

- (i) the occurrence or existence of a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of more than two hours of trading or during the one-half hour period preceding the close of the relevant exchange(s); or a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting system of which the reported trading prices for securities then constituting 20 percent or more (or a successor index) during the last one-half hour preceding the close of the principal exchange(s) are materially inaccurate; or the suspension, material limitation or absence of market for trading in futures or options contracts or exchange-traded funds related to such index) for more than two hours of trading or during the one-half hour period preceding session on such market, in each case as determined by the calculation agent in its sole discretion;
- (ii) a determination by the calculation agent in its sole discretion that any event described with our ability or the ability of any of our affiliates to unwind or adjust all

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Postponement of contingent coupon payment dates and maturity date:

If any scheduled contingent coupon payment date is not a business day, that contingent monthly coupon shall be paid on the next succeeding business day; *provided* that the contingent monthly coupon, if any, with respect to the maturity date shall be made on the maturity date; *provided further* that if, due to a market disruption event or otherwise, the closing value of either underlying index is postponed so that it falls less than two business days prior to the scheduled coupon payment date or maturity date, as applicable, the contingent coupon payment date or maturity date, as applicable, shall be the business day following the observation date as postponed, by which date the index closing value shall be determined. In any of these cases, no adjustment shall be made to any contingent monthly coupon.

Discontinuance of an underlying index; alteration of method of calculation:

If any underlying index publisher discontinues publication of the relevant underlying index and another entity (including MS & Co.) publishes a successor or substitute index that the calculation of the index closing value, in the discretion of the issuer, to be comparable to the discontinued index (such index being referred to herein as the "discontinued index"), the subsequent index closing value for the discontinued index will be determined by reference to the closing value of the index at the regular weekday close of trading on any index business day that the index closing value is determined.

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index is to be determined.

Upon any selection by the calculation agent of a successor index, the calculation agent will cause notice to the trustee, to us and to the depositary, as holder of the notes, within three business days of the selection. Such notice will be made available to you, as a beneficial owner of the notes, in accordance with the terms of the trust agreement, the depositary and its direct and indirect participants.

If any underlying index publisher discontinues publication of the relevant underlying index or a successor index and such discontinuance is continuing on, any observation date or the date of acceleration and the calculation agent, in its sole discretion, that no successor index is available at such time, then the calculation agent will determine the value of the underlying index for such date. The index closing value of such underlying index or such successor index shall be the closing value of such index as determined by the calculation agent in accordance with the formula for and method of calculating such index last in effect prior to such discontinuance, using the closing price (or, if trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or limited, an estimate of the closing price that would have prevailed but for such suspension or limitation) at the close of business on such date of each security most recently constituting such index with respect to such securities following such discontinuance. Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, the discontinuance of the underlying index may adversely affect the value of the securities.

If at any time, the method of calculating any underlying index or any successor index, or the value of such index, or if any underlying index or any successor index is in any other way modified so that such index does not fairly represent the value of such index had such changes or modifications not been made, at the time, the calculation agent will, at the close of business in New York City on each date on which the value of the underlying index is to be determined, make such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the calculation agent, may be necessary in order to arrive at a value of a stock index comparable to such underlying index as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the calculation agent will determine the value of such index with reference to such underlying index or such successor index, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the value of such index or any successor index is modified so that the value of such index is a fraction of what it would have been had it not been modified (e.g., due to a split in such underlying index), then the calculation agent will adjust such index as if it had not been modified (e.g., as if such split had not occurred).

Alternate exchange calculation in case of an event of default:

In case an event of default with respect to the notes shall have occurred and be continuing, the amount of the contingent coupon payment on any acceleration of the notes (the "acceleration amount") shall be determined by the calculation agent to be the amount in cash equal to \$1,000 plus any applicable accrued but unpaid portion of the contingent coupon for the current interest period. The contingent monthly coupon, if any, for such interest period shall be the amount of the contingent coupon that would have accrued were the related observation date and the portion deemed to have accrued shall be the amount of the contingent coupon that would have elapsed, calculated on a 30/360 basis, from and including the previous contingent coupon date, if applicable) to but excluding the date of acceleration.

If the maturity of the notes is accelerated because of an event of default as described above, the calculation agent shall, promptly after the date of acceleration, provide written notice to the trustee at its New York office, on which notice the trustee shall be required to provide the acceleration amount and the aggregate cash amount due with respect to the notes as promptly as practicable, but not more than two business days after the date of acceleration.

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/895421/0>

Use of proceeds and hedging:

The net proceeds we receive from the sale of the notes will be used for general corporate purposes, including hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our subsidiaries. The original issuer's agent's commissions (as shown on the cover page of this pricing supplement) paid with respect to the sale of the notes will be used to pay our obligations under the notes. The cost of hedging includes the projected profit that our subsidiaries would realize from the hedging transactions, less the consideration for assuming the risks inherent in managing the hedging transactions. Since hedging results may be influenced by market forces beyond our or our subsidiaries' control, such hedging may result in a profit initially projected, or could result in a loss. See also "Use of Proceeds" in the accompanying prospectus.

On or prior to the pricing date, we, through our subsidiaries or others, hedged our anticipated exposure by taking positions in the stocks constituting the underlying indices and in futures and/or options contracts on the component stocks of the underlying indices listed on major securities markets. Such purchases and sales of the component stocks of the underlying indices and, as a result, could have increased the barrier level for such index value of an underlying index and, as a result, could have increased the barrier level for such index value at or

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above which such underlying index must close on each observation date in order for you to earn (depending also on the performance of the other underlying index). Additionally, our hedging activities, during the term of the notes could potentially affect the value of such underlying index accordingly whether we pay a contingent monthly coupon on the notes (depending also on the index).

Benefit plan investor considerations:

Each fiduciary of a pension, profit-sharing or other employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”) (a “Plan”), should consider the fiduciary standards of ERISA in the circumstances before authorizing an investment in the notes. Accordingly, among other factors, the investment would satisfy the prudence and diversification requirements of ERISA and would be consistent with the instruments governing the Plan.

In addition, we and certain of our subsidiaries and affiliates, including MS & Co., may each be a “party in interest” within the meaning of ERISA, or a “disqualified person” within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to many Plans, as well as many individual retirement accounts and Keogh plans (also “Plans”). Section 4975 generally prohibit transactions between Plans and parties in interest or disqualified persons within the meaning of ERISA or the Code would likely arise, for example, if the notes are acquired by a Plan with respect to which MS & Co. or any of its affiliates is a service provider or other party in interest, unless an exemption from the “prohibited transaction” rules applies. A violation of these “prohibited transaction” rules or other liabilities under ERISA and/or Section 4975 of the Code for such persons, unless exempted by applicable statutory or administrative exemption.

The U.S. Department of Labor has issued five prohibited transaction class exemptions (“PTCEs”) for direct or indirect prohibited transactions resulting from the purchase or holding of the notes. These exemptions include PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions determined by in-house asset managers), PTCE 95-60 (for certain transactions involving general accounts), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving bank collective investment funds), PTCE 91-38 (for certain transactions involving insurance company separate accounts) and PTCE 84-14 (for certain transactions involving qualified professional asset managers). In addition, ERISA Section 408(b)(17) and Code Section 4975(c)(2) provide an exemption for the purchase and sale of securities and the related lending transactions, provided that neither we nor any of our affiliates has or exercises any discretionary authority or control or renders any investment decision with respect to the assets of the Plan involved in the transaction and provided further that the Plan pays no more than a “reasonable consideration” in connection with the transaction (the so-called “service provider” exemption). These class or statutory exemptions will be available with respect to transactions involving the notes.

Because we may be considered a party in interest with respect to many Plans, the notes may not be purchased by any Plan, any entity whose underlying assets include “plan assets” by reason of any Plan’s investment in the notes (a “Plan Asset Entity”) or any person investing “plan assets” of any Plan, unless such purchase, holding or disposition is otherwise not prohibited. Any purchaser, including any fiduciary purchasing on behalf of a Plan, including relief available under PTCEs 96-23, 95-60, 91-38, 90-1, 84-14 or the service provider exemption, if the disposition is otherwise not prohibited. Any purchaser, including any fiduciary purchasing on behalf of a Plan, the notes will be deemed to have represented, in its corporate and its fiduciary capacity, by its purchase of the notes either (a) it is not a Plan or a Plan Asset Entity and is not purchasing such notes on behalf of or for the benefit of any assets of a governmental, non-U.S. or church plan that is subject to any federal, state, local

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similar to the provisions of Section 406 of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code ("Similar Law") or disposition are eligible for exemptive relief or such purchase, holding and disposition are not prohibited by the Code or any Similar Law.

Due to the complexity of these rules and the penalties that may be imposed upon persons involved in such transactions, it is particularly important that fiduciaries or other persons considering purchasing "assets" of any Plan consult with their counsel regarding the availability of exemptive relief.

Each purchaser and holder of the notes has exclusive responsibility for ensuring that its purchase and holding do not violate the prohibited transaction rules of ERISA or the Code or any Similar Law. The sale of the notes, subject to Similar Law is in no respect a representation by us or any of our affiliates or representatives that we are in compliance with all relevant legal requirements with respect to investments by plans generally or any particular plan appropriate for plans generally or any particular plan.

However, individual retirement accounts, individual retirement annuities and Keogh plans, as well as

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Additional considerations:

Supplemental information regarding plan of distribution; conflicts of interest:

employee benefit plans that permit participants to direct the investment of their accounts, will not purchase the notes if the account, plan or annuity is for the benefit of an employee of Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (“MSSB”) or a family member and the employee receives any compensation (including bonus) based on the purchase of the notes by the account, plan or annuity.

Client accounts over which Citigroup Inc., Morgan Stanley, MSSB or any of their respective subsidiaries are the primary or sole investment manager are not permitted to purchase the notes, either directly or indirectly.

MS & Co. will act as the agent for this offering. The agent, acting as principal for its own account and as agent for the issuer, has agreed to sell, the aggregate principal amount of notes set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement, initially to offer the notes directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement. Selected dealers, which may include our affiliates, and their financial advisors will receive a fixed sales commission of \$10 for each note they sell.

MS & Co. is our wholly-owned subsidiary. MS & Co. will conduct this offering in compliance with the rules of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., which is commonly referred to as FINRA, regarding the distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. MS & Co. or any of our affiliates will not recommend this offering to any discretionary account.

In order to facilitate the offering of the notes, the agent may engage in transactions that stabilize the price of the notes. Specifically, the agent may sell more notes than it is obligated to purchase in connection with the offering, or take a naked short position in the notes, for its own account. The agent must close out any naked short position in the notes in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the agent is concerned that the price of the notes in the open market after pricing that could adversely affect investors who purchase the notes. As an additional means of facilitating the offering, the agent may bid for, and purchase, the notes or the securities underlying the index in the open market to stabilize the price of the notes. Any of these activities may raise or maintain the price of the notes above independent market levels or prevent or retard a decline in the market price of the notes. The agent may engage in these activities, and may end any of these activities at any time. An affiliate of the agent has engaged in these activities in connection with this offering of notes. See “Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)” in the prospectus and “Use of Proceeds and Hedging” above.

Validity of the notes:

In the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as special counsel to Morgan Stanley, when the notes have been executed and issued by Morgan Stanley, authenticated by the trustee pursuant to the terms of the indenture, and not subject to payment as contemplated herein, such notes will be valid and binding obligations of Morgan Stanley in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors’ rights and other equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, the lack of bad faith), *provided* that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. In addition, the agent makes customary assumptions about the trustee’s authorization, execution and delivery of the Senior Debt Indenture with respect to the notes and the validity, binding nature and enforceability of the Senior Debt Indenture with respect to the notes. A letter of such counsel dated November 21, 2011, which is Exhibit 5-a to the Registration Statement, is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. Morgan Stanley on November 21, 2011.

Selling Restrictions:

General

No action has been or will be taken by us, the agent or any dealer that would permit a public offering or distribution of this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement or prospectus supplement other than the United States, where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of this pricing supplement or the accompanying prospectus supplement, index supplement or prospectus supplement to the notes, may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with applicable laws and regulations and will not impose any obligations on us, the agent or any dealer.

The agent has represented and agreed, and each dealer through which we may offer the notes will comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in each non-U.S. jurisdiction in which the notes are offered, sold or distributed. We, the agent, and each dealer through which we offer the notes or possesses or distributes this pricing supplement and the accompanying prospectus supplement and (ii) will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase of the notes.

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None of this pricing supplement, the accompanying prospectus supplement, the accompanying index supplement, the accompanying prospectus have been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Notes, or any other document or material circulated or distributed, nor may the notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor or a relevant person pursuant to the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (ii) to a relevant person pursuant Section 275(1A), and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (iii) other persons, provided that such offering is made in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. Where notes are subscribed or purchased by a relevant person which is:

- (i) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (ii) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

shares, debentures and units of shares and debentures of that corporation or the beneficiaries' (as defined in the trust deed described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or

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that trust has acquired the notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 except:

- (1) to an institutional investor (for corporations under Section 274 of the SFA) or to a relevant person pursuant to an offer that is made on terms that such shares, debentures of that corporation or such rights and interest in that trust are acquired at a price of at least \$200,000 (or its equivalent in a foreign currency) for each transaction, whether such acquisition is by purchase, exchange of securities or other assets, and further for corporations, in accordance with the requirements of the SFA;
- (2) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer; or
- (3) where the transfer is by operation of law.

Where you can find more information:

Morgan Stanley has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus, as supplemented by a prospectus supplement) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, for the offering to which this offering relates. If you are considering investing, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement, the prospectus supplement and the prospectus supplement and the index supplement documents relating to this offering that Morgan Stanley has filed with the SEC for more complete information about this offering. You may get these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC web site at www.sec.gov. Morgan Stanley, any underwriter or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send you a copy of the prospectus, the prospectus supplement and the index supplement if you so request by calling toll-free 800-584-6837.

You may access these documents on the SEC web site at www.sec.gov as follows:

[Prospectus Supplement dated November 21, 2011](#)

[Index Supplement dated November 21, 2011](#)

[Prospectus dated November 21, 2011](#)

Terms used in this pricing supplement are defined in the prospectus supplement, in the index supplement and in this pricing supplement, the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Morgan Stanley.