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CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<i>Title of Each Class of Securities Offered</i>	<i>Maximum Aggregate Offering Price</i>	<i>Amount of Registration Fee</i>
<i>Notes</i>	<i>\$50,000,000</i>	<i>\$6,440.00</i>

JPMORGAN CHASE & CO.

April 2014

Pricing Supplement No. 2397
 Registration Statement No. 333-177923
 Dated April 25, 2014
 Filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)

INTEREST RATE STRUCTURED INVESTMENTS

Callable Interest Rate Spread Notes due April 30, 2034

Linked to the 30-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate and the 2-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate

As further described below, interest will accrue on the notes (i) For the first year: at a rate of 10.00% per annum and (ii) in Years 2 to maturity: at a variable rate per annum equal to 4 times the difference, if any, between the 30-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate ("30CMS") and the 2-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate ("2CMS") *minus* 0.25%, as determined on the CMS determination date at the start of the related quarterly interest payment period; subject to, for each interest payment period, the maximum interest rate of 10.00% per annum and the minimum interest rate of 0.00% per annum. The notes provide an above-market interest rate in Year 1; however, for each interest payment period in Years 2 to maturity, the notes will not pay any interest with respect to the interest payment period if the 30CMS minus the 2CMS is equal to or less than 0.25% on the related quarterly CMS determination date. We, JPMorgan Chase & Co., have the right to redeem the notes on any quarterly redemption date beginning April 30, 2015. **Any payment on the notes is subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co.**

SUMMARY TERMS

Issuer:	JPMorgan Chase & Co.
Aggregate principal amount:	\$50,000,000
Stated principal amount:	\$1,000 per note
Issue price:	\$1,000 per note (see "Commissions and Issue Price" below)
Pricing date:	April 25, 2014
Original issue date (settlement date):	April 30, 2014 (3 business days after the pricing date), subject to the business day convention
Interest accrual date:	April 30, 2014, subject to the business day convention
Maturity date:	April 30, 2034, subject to the business day convention
Payment at maturity:	The payment at maturity per note will be the stated principal amount <i>plus</i> accrued and unpaid interest, if any.
Initial interest payment period(s):	The interest payment periods beginning on and including the original issue date and ending on but excluding April 30, 2015
Initial interest rate:	10.00% per annum
Interest rate:	With respect to each initial interest payment period, 10.00% per annum and with respect to each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), a rate per annum equal to the greater of (a) the minimum interest rate and (b) the leverage factor <i>multiplied</i> by the spread, subject to the maximum interest rate.
Leverage factor:	4
Spread:	On the applicable CMS determination date, the difference of (a) 30CMS <i>minus</i> 2CMS and (b) 0.25%.
Maximum interest rate:	10.00% per annum
Minimum interest rate:	0.00% per annum
Interest:	Subject to the interest accrual convention described below and in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V, with respect to each interest payment period, for each \$1,000 principal amount note, we will pay you interest in arrears on each interest payment date in accordance with the following formula:

$$\$1,000 \times \text{interest rate} \times \text{day count fraction}$$

Interest payment period:	Quarterly (the period beginning on and including the original issue date of the notes and ending on but excluding the first interest payment date and each successive period beginning on and including an interest payment date and ending on but excluding the next succeeding interest payment date, subject to the interest accrual convention described below and in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V).
Interest payment dates:	Each January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30, beginning July 30, 2014 to and including the maturity date, or, if the notes have been redeemed, the applicable redemption date, subject to the business day convention and interest accrual convention described below and in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V.
Redemption percentage:	With respect to a redemption date, if any, 100%
Redemption:	Beginning April 30, 2015, we have the right to redeem all of these notes on any quarterly redemption date and pay to you 100% of the stated principal amount per note plus accrued and unpaid interest to but excluding the date of such redemption, subject to the business day convention and the interest accrual convention described below and in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V. If we decide to redeem the notes, we will give you notice at least 5 business days before the redemption date specified in the notice.
Redemption date:	Each January 30, April 30, July 30, and October 30, beginning on April 30, 2015, subject to the business day convention and the interest accrual convention described below and in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V.
CMS rate:	30CMS or 2CMS. Please see "Additional Provisions" beginning on page 3 below.
CMS determination date:	For each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), two U.S. government securities business days immediately prior to the beginning of the applicable interest payment period.
Business day convention:	Following
Interest accrual convention:	Unadjusted
Day count fraction:	30/360
Calculation agent:	J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("JPMS"). All determinations made by the calculation agent will be at the sole discretion of the calculation agent and will, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive for all purposes and binding on you and on us
Listing:	The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.
Denominations:	\$1,000 / \$1,000
CUSIP / ISIN:	48126N5V5 / US48126N5V58
Book-entry or certificated note:	Book-entry
Business day:	New York
Agent:	JPMS

Commissions and issue price:	Price to Public^{(1) (2)}	Fees and Commissions⁽²⁾	Proceeds to Issuer
Per Note	At variable prices	\$35.00	\$965.00
Total	At variable prices	\$1,750,000	\$48,250,000

(1) The notes sold in one or more negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of each sale, which may be at market prices prevailing, at prices related to such prevailing prices or at negotiated prices; provided, however, that such price will not be less than \$965 per note and will not be more than \$1,000 per note. See "Risk Factors—The Price You Pay For The Notes May Be Higher Than The Prices Paid By Other Investors."

(2) JPMS or one of our affiliates will pay varying discounts and commissions to dealers, including Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC and their financial advisors, of \$35.00 per note depending on market conditions. See "Plan of Distribution (Conflicts of Interest)" beginning on page PS-54 of the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V.

The estimated value of the notes as determined by JPMS, when the terms of the notes were set, was \$898.90 per \$1,000

principal amount note. See “JPMS’s Estimated Value of the Notes” in this pricing supplement for additional information. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this pricing supplement or the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense. *The notes are not bank deposits and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency, nor are they obligations of, or guaranteed by, a bank.*

YOU SHOULD READ THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT TOGETHER WITH THE RELATED PRODUCT SUPPLEMENT NO. 1-V, PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT AND PROSPECTUS, EACH OF WHICH CAN BE ACCESSED VIA THE HYPERLINKS BELOW, BEFORE YOU DECIDE TO INVEST.

Product supplement no. 1-V dated March 21, 2014: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109214002227/e58025_424b2.pdf

Prospectus supplement dated November 14, 2011: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007578/e46180_424b2.pdf

Prospectus dated November 14, 2011: http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007568/e46179_424b2.pdf

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The Notes

The notes are issued by JPMorgan Chase & Co. We describe the basic features of these notes in the sections of the accompanying product supplement called “Description of Notes” and “General Terms of Notes” subject to and as modified by the provisions described above. The terms of the notes as set forth in this pricing supplement, to the extent they differ or conflict with those set forth in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V, will supersede the terms set forth in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V. Among other things, your interest rate will be determined as described above under “Summary Terms — Interest Rate.” Regardless of the performance of the CMS rates, we will pay you at least the principal amount of your notes if you hold the notes to maturity or to the redemption date, if any, on which we elect to redeem the notes, subject to the creditworthiness of JPMorgan Chase & Co. The notes offer periodic interest payments on each interest payment date. With respect to each initial interest payment period, the notes will pay an annual interest rate equal to the initial interest rate, and for each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), the notes will pay a rate per annum equal to the greater of (a) the minimum interest rate and (b) the leverage factor *multiplied* by the spread, provided that such rate will not be greater than the maximum interest rate. Interest, if any, will be paid in arrears on each interest payment date, to the holders of record at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the applicable interest payment date. The yield on the notes may be less than the overall return you would receive from a conventional debt security that you could purchase today with the same maturity as the notes. At our option, we may redeem the notes, in whole but not in part, on any redemption date, at a price equal to the principal amount being redeemed plus any accrued and unpaid interest, subject to the business day convention and the interest accrual convention described on the cover of this pricing supplement and in the accompanying product supplement. Any accrued and unpaid interest on the notes redeemed will be paid to the person who is the holder of record of such notes at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the applicable redemption date.

Additional Provisions

The CMS Rate

What are the 30-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate (“30CMS”) and the 2-Year U.S. Dollar Constant Maturity Swap Rate (“2CMS”)?

The 30CMS is the rate for U.S. dollar swap with a Designated Maturity of 30 years that appears on Reuters page “ISDAFIX1” (or any successor page) at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on any CMS determination date, as determined by the calculation agent.

The 2CMS is the rate for U.S. dollar swap with a Designated Maturity of 2 years that appears on Reuters page “ISDAFIX1” (or any successor page) at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on any CMS determination date, as determined by the calculation agent.

An interest rate swap rate, at any given time, generally indicates the fixed rate of interest (paid semi-annually) that a counterparty in the swaps market would have to pay for a given maturity, in order to receive a floating rate (paid quarterly) equal to 3-month LIBOR for that same maturity.

CMS Determination Date

For each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), two (2) U.S. government securities business days immediately prior to the beginning of the applicable interest payment period.

U.S. Government Securities Business Day

Any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (“SIFMA”) recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for purposes of trading in U.S. government securities.

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CMS Rate Fallback Provisions

On any CMS determination date, if the 30CMS or the 2CMS cannot be determined by reference to Reuters page “ISDAFIX1” (or any successor page), then the calculation agent will determine such affected rate for such day on the basis of the mid-market semi-annual swap rate quotations to the calculation agent provided by five leading swap dealers in the New York City interbank market (the “Reference Banks”) at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on such CMS determination date, and, for this purpose, the mid-market semi-annual swap rate means the mean of the bid and offered rates for the semi-annual fixed leg, calculated on a 30/360 day count basis, of a fixed-for-floating U.S. Dollar interest rate swap transaction with a term equal to the applicable 30 year or 2 year maturity commencing on such CMS determination date and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in the relevant market at the relevant time with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market, where the floating leg, calculated on an actual/360 day count basis, is equivalent to USD LIBOR with a designated maturity of three months. The calculation agent will request the principal New York City office of each of the Reference Banks to provide a quotation of its rate. If at least three quotations are provided, the rate for that day will be the arithmetic mean of the quotations, eliminating the highest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the highest) and the lowest quotation (or, in the event of equality, one of the lowest). If fewer than three quotations are provided as requested, the rate will be determined by the calculation agent in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner.

Business Day

Any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which banking institutions in The City of New York are authorized or obligated by law, regulation or executive order to close or a day on which transactions in U.S. dollars are not conducted.

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Hypothetical Examples

The following examples illustrate how to calculate the interest payment for an interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) and assume that the notes are not called prior to the scheduled maturity date and that the number of calendar days in the applicable interest payment period is 90. The hypothetical CMS rates, spreads and interest rates set forth in the following examples are for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual CMS rates, spreads or interest rates for any interest payment period applicable to a purchase of the notes. The numbers appearing in the following examples have been rounded for ease of analysis.

Example 1: On the applicable CMS determination date, 30CMS is 4.00% and 2CMS is 2.00%. Because 30CMS (4.00%) is greater than 2CMS (2.00%), the spread is positive and is equal to 1.75%. Accordingly, the interest rate is calculated as follows:

$$\text{MAX } [0.00\%, (4.0 \times (4.00\% - 2.00\% - 0.25\%))] = 7.00\% \text{ per annum}$$

The quarterly interest payment per \$1,000 principal amount note is calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 \times 7.00\% \times (90/360) = \$17.50$$

Example 2: On the applicable CMS determination date, 30CMS is 7.00% and 2CMS is 2.00%. Because 30CMS (7.00%) is greater than 2CMS (2.00%), the spread is positive and is equal to 4.75%. Because the spread multiplied by the leverage factor of 4.0 is greater than the maximum interest rate of 10.00% per annum, the interest rate is equal to the maximum interest rate of 10.00% per annum. The quarterly interest payment per \$1,000 principal amount note is calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 \times 10.00\% \times (90/360) = \$25.00$$

Example 3: On the applicable CMS determination date, 30CMS is 4.00% and 2CMS is 6.00%. Because 30CMS (4.00%) is less than 2CMS (6.00%), the spread is negative and equal to -2.25%. Because the spread multiplied by the leverage factor of 4.0 is less than the minimum interest rate of 0.00% per annum, the interest rate is equal to the minimum interest rate of 0.00% per annum. The quarterly interest payment per \$1,000 principal amount note is calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 \times 0.00\% \times (90/360) = \$0.00$$

Historical Information

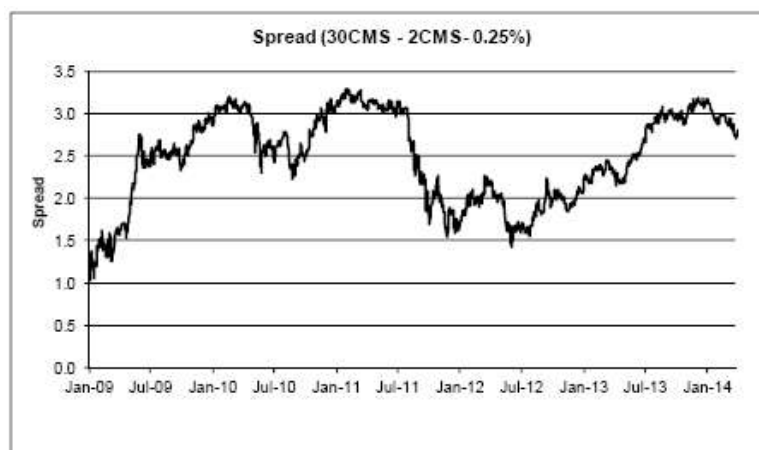
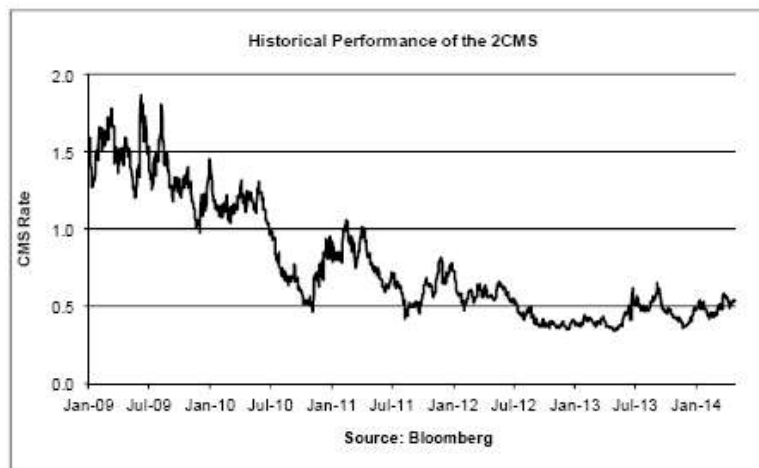
CMS Rates

The following graphs set forth the daily historical performance of the CMS rates and the spread from January 2, 2009 through April 25, 2014. We obtained the rates used to construct the graph below from Bloomberg Financial Markets. We make no representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets.

The 30CMS, as it appeared on Reuters page "ISDAFIX1" on April 25, 2014 was 3.424%. The 2CMS, as it appeared on Reuters page "ISDAFIX1" on April 25, 2014 was 0.536%. The spread on April 25, 2014 was 2.638%.

The CMS rates and the spread data in the following graphs were obtained from Bloomberg Financial Markets at approximately 3:30 p.m. on the relevant dates and may not be indicative of the spread, which is determined on any date of determination by reference to the CMS rates published on Reuters page "ISDAFIX1" at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York City time. The historical CMS rates and the spread should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the CMS rates or the spread on any CMS determination date. We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the CMS rates and the spread will result in any positive interest payments in any interest payment period subsequent to the final initial interest payment period.

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Risk Factors

The following is a non-exhaustive list of certain key risk factors for investors in the notes. For further discussion of these and other risks, you should read the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page 16 of the accompanying product supplement.

- § **We may call your notes prior to their scheduled maturity date.** We may choose to call the notes early or choose not to call the notes early on any redemption date in our sole discretion. If the notes are called early, you will receive the principal amount of your notes plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the redemption date. The aggregate amount that you will receive through and including the redemption date will be less than the aggregate amount that you would have received had the notes not been called early. If we call the notes early, your overall return may be less than the yield which the notes would have earned if you held your notes to maturity and you may not be able to reinvest your funds at the same rate as the original notes. We may choose to call the notes early, for example, if U.S. interest rates decrease significantly or if volatility of U.S. interest rates decreases significantly.
- § **The notes are not ordinary debt securities because, except for the initial interest payment periods, the interest rate on the notes is variable and may equal the minimum interest rate.** For an initial interest payment period, the notes will pay an annual interest rate equal to the initial interest rate, and for each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), the notes will pay a rate per annum equal to the greater of (a) the minimum interest rate and (b) the leverage factor *multiplied by* the spread, provided that such rate will not be greater than the maximum interest rate.
- § **The interest rate on the notes for an interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) is subject to the maximum interest rate.** The interest rate for an interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) is variable; however, it will not exceed the maximum interest rate set forth on the front cover of this pricing supplement, regardless of the performance of the CMS rates. In other words, for an interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), if the leverage factor *multiplied by* the spread is greater than or equal to the maximum interest rate, your interest rate on the notes will be capped at the maximum interest rate.
- § **The interest rate on the notes is based on the spread, which may result in application of the minimum interest rate.** The spread is calculated as (a) 30CMS *minus* (b) 2CMS *minus* (c) 0.25%. The CMS rates may be influenced by a number of factors, including (but not limited to) monetary policies, fiscal policies, inflation, general economic conditions and public expectations with respect to such factors. The effect that any single factor may have on the CMS rates may be partially offset by other factors. We cannot predict the factors that may cause the CMS rates, and consequently the spread, to increase or decrease. A decrease in a positive spread will result in a reduction of the interest rate payable for the corresponding interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods). A negative spread will cause the interest rate for the corresponding interest payment period to be equal to the minimum interest rate. The amount of interest you accrue on the notes in any interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) may decrease even if either or both of the CMS rates increase. Interest during any interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) may be equal to zero, and you will not be compensated for any loss in value due to inflation and other factors relating to the value of money over time during such period.
- § **Longer dated notes may be more risky than shorted dated notes.** By purchasing a note with a longer tenor, you are more exposed to fluctuations in interest rates than if you purchased a note with a shorter tenor. Specifically, you may be negatively affected if certain interest rate scenarios occur. The applicable discount rate, which is the prevailing rate in the market for notes of the same tenor, will likely be higher for notes with longer tenors than if you had purchased a note with a shorter tenor. Therefore, assuming that short term rates rise, the market value of a longer dated note will be lower than the market value of a comparable short term note with similar terms.
- § **The notes may be subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co.** The notes are subject to the credit risk of JPMorgan Chase & Co., and our credit ratings and credit spreads may adversely affect the market value of the notes. Investors are dependent on JPMorgan Chase & Co.'s ability to pay all amounts due on the notes. Any actual or potential change in our creditworthiness or credit spreads, as determined

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by the market for taking our credit risk, is likely to adversely affect the value of the notes. If we were to default on our payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the notes and you could lose your entire investment.

- § **Potential conflicts.** We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the notes, including acting as calculation agent and as an agent of the offering of the notes, hedging our obligations under the notes and making the assumptions used to determine the pricing of the notes and the estimated value of the notes when the terms of the notes are set, which we refer to as JPMS's estimated value. In performing these duties, our economic interests and the economic interests of the calculation agent and other affiliates of ours are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the notes. In addition, our business activities, including hedging and trading activities as well as modeling and structuring the economic terms of the notes, could cause our economic interests to be adverse to yours and could adversely affect any payment on the notes and the value of the notes. It is possible that hedging or trading activities of ours or our affiliates in connection with the notes could result in substantial returns for us or our affiliates while the value of the notes declines. Please refer to "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to the Notes Generally" in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V for additional information about these risks.
- § **JPMS's estimated value of the notes is lower than the original issue price (price to public) of the notes.** JPMS's estimated value is only an estimate using several factors. The original issue price of the notes exceeds JPMS's estimated value because costs associated with selling, structuring and hedging the notes are included in the original issue price of the notes. These costs include the selling commissions, the projected profits, if any, that our affiliates expect to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes. See "Additional Information About the Notes – JPMS's Estimated Value of the Notes" in this pricing supplement.
- § **JPMS's estimated value does not represent future values of the notes and may differ from others' estimates.** JPMS's estimated value of the notes is determined, in part, by reference to a valuation provided by an unaffiliated third party, which will act as a hedge provider to hedge a portion of our obligations under the notes when the terms of the notes are set based on that unaffiliated third party's internal pricing models. This valuation is based on market conditions and other relevant factors existing at that time and that unaffiliated third party's assumptions about market parameters, which can include volatility, interest rates and other factors. Different pricing models and assumptions could provide valuations for notes that are greater than or less than JPMS's estimated value. In addition, market conditions and other relevant factors in the future may change, and any assumptions may prove to be incorrect. On future dates, the value of the notes could change significantly based on, among other things, changes in market conditions, our creditworthiness, interest rate movements and other relevant factors, which may impact the price, if any, at which JPMS would be willing to buy notes from you in secondary market transactions. See "Additional Information About the Notes – JPMS's Estimated Value of the Notes" in this pricing supplement.
- § **JPMS's estimated value is derived by reference to an internal funding rate.** The internal funding rate used in the determination of JPMS's estimated value is based on, among other things, our view of the funding value of the notes as well as the issuance, operational and ongoing liability management costs of the notes. Our use of an internal funding rate and any potential changes to these rates may have an adverse effect on the terms of the notes and any secondary market prices of the notes. See "Additional Information About the Notes — JPMS's Estimated Value of the Notes" in this pricing supplement.
- § **The value of the notes as published by JPMS (and which may be reflected on customer account statements) may be higher than JPMS's then-current estimated value of the notes for a limited time period.** We generally expect that some of the costs included in the original issue price of the notes will be partially paid back to you in connection with any repurchases of your notes by JPMS in an amount that will decline to zero over an initial predetermined period. These costs can include projected hedging profits, if any, and, in some circumstances, estimated hedging costs and our secondary market credit spreads for structured debt issuances. See "Additional Information About the Notes – Secondary Market Prices of the Notes" in this pricing supplement for additional information relating to this initial period. Accordingly, the

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estimated value of your notes during this initial period may be lower than the value of the notes as published by JPMS (and which may be shown on your customer account statements).

- § **Secondary market prices of the notes will likely be lower than the issue price of the notes.** Any secondary market prices of the notes will likely be lower than the original issue price of the notes because, among other things, secondary market prices take into account our secondary market credit spreads for structured debt issuances and, also, because secondary market prices (a) exclude selling commissions and (b) may exclude projected hedging profits, if any, and estimated hedging costs that are included in the original issue price of the notes. As a result, the price, if any, at which JPMS will be willing to buy notes from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, is likely to be lower than the original issue price. Any sale by you prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you. See the two immediately following risk considerations for information about additional factors that will impact any secondary market prices of the notes.
- § The notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your notes to maturity. See “— Lack of Liquidity” below.
- § **Secondary market prices of the notes will be impacted by many economic and market factors.** The secondary market price of the notes during their term will be impacted by a number of economic and market factors, which may either offset or magnify each other, aside from the selling commissions, projected hedging profits, if any, and estimated hedging costs, including but not limited to:
- any actual or potential change in our or our affiliates’ creditworthiness or credit spreads;
 - customary bid-ask spreads for similarly sized trades;
 - our secondary market funding rates for structured issuances;
 - the actual and expected volatility of interest rates generally;
 - the time to maturity of the notes;
 - interest and yield rates in the market generally;
 - the likelihood, or expectation, that the notes will be redeemed by us, based on prevailing market interest rates or otherwise; and
 - a variety of other economic, financial, political, regulatory and judicial events.

Additionally, independent pricing vendors and/or third party broker-dealers may publish a price for the notes, which may also be reflected on customer account statements. This price may be different (higher or lower) than the price of the notes, if any, at which JPMS may be willing to purchase your notes in the secondary market.

- § **JPMS and its affiliates may have published research, expressed opinions or provided recommendations that are inconsistent with investing in or holding the notes, and may do so in the future. Any such research, opinions or recommendations could affect the market value of the notes.** JPMS and its affiliates publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that may influence the value of the notes, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the notes. JPMS and its affiliates may have published research or other opinions that call into question the investment view implicit in an investment in the notes. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by JPMS or its affiliates may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. Investors should undertake their own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the notes.
- § **Reinvestment risk.** If we redeem the notes, the term of the notes may be reduced and you will not receive interest payments after the applicable redemption date. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the notes at a comparable return and/or with a comparable interest rate for a similar level of risk in the event the notes are redeemed prior to the maturity date.

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- § **Variable rate notes differ from fixed rate notes.** For each interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods), the rate of interest on your notes will be variable and equal to the greater of (a) the minimum interest rate and (b) the leverage factor *multiplied by* the spread, provided that such rate will not be greater than the maximum interest rate, which may be less than returns otherwise payable on notes issued by us with similar maturities. You should consider, among other things, the overall potential annual percentage rate of interest to maturity of the notes as compared to other investment alternatives.
- § **The method of determining the variable interest rate for any interest payment period may not directly correlate with the actual CMS rates.** The determination of the interest rate payable for any interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) will be based on the spread, but it will not directly correlate with actual CMS rates. In addition, the interest rate applicable to the notes during any interest payment period (other than the initial interest payment periods) will not be greater than the maximum interest rate or less than the minimum interest rate. We will use the CMS rates on each CMS determination date to determine the spread on such CMS determination date, which in turn will be used to determine the interest rate for the interest payment period corresponding to such CMS determination date, regardless of what the actual CMS rates and differences between the CMS rates are for the calendar days during such interest payment period that are not CMS determination dates.
- § **The spread will be affected by a number of factors.** After the initial interest payment periods, the amount of interest, if any, payable on the notes will depend primarily on the CMS rates and the spread on the applicable CMS determination dates. A number of factors can affect the spread by causing changes in the relative values of the CMS rates including, but not limited to:
- changes in, or perceptions about, future CMS rates;
 - general economic conditions;
 - prevailing interest rates; and
 - policies of the Federal Reserve Board regarding interest rates.
- These and other factors may have a negative impact on the payment of interest on the notes and on the value of the notes in the secondary market.
- § **The CMS rates may be volatile.** The CMS rates are subject to volatility due to a variety of factors affecting interest rates generally, including but not limited to:
- sentiment regarding underlying strength in the U.S. and global economies;
 - expectation regarding the level of price inflation;
 - sentiment regarding credit quality in U.S. and global credit markets;
 - central bank policy regarding interest rates; and
 - performance of capital markets.
- Increases or decreases in the CMS rates could result in the corresponding spread decreasing or being negative and thus in the reduction of interest, if any, payable on the notes.
- § **Lack of liquidity.** The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. JPMS intends to offer to purchase the notes in the secondary market but is not required to do so. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which JPMS is willing to buy the notes.
- § **The price you pay for the notes may be higher than the prices paid by other investors.** The agent sold the notes to investors in one or more negotiated transactions, or otherwise, at market prices prevailing at the time of sale, at prices related to then-prevailing prices, at negotiated prices, or otherwise. Accordingly, there is a risk that the price you pay for the notes will be higher than the prices paid by other investors based on the date and time you make your purchase, from whom you purchase the notes (e.g., directly from the agent or through a broker or dealer), any related transaction cost (e.g., any brokerage commission), whether you hold your notes in a brokerage account, a fiduciary or fee-based account or another type of account and other market factors.

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Additional Information About the Notes

JPMS's Estimated Value of the Notes

JPMS's estimated value of the notes set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement is equal to the sum of the values of the following hypothetical components: (1) a fixed-income debt component with the same maturity as the notes, valued using our internal funding rate for structured debt described below, and (2) the derivative or derivatives underlying the economic terms of the notes. JPMS's estimated value does not represent a minimum price at which JPMS would be willing to buy your notes in any secondary market (if any exists) at any time. The internal funding rate used in the determination of JPMS's estimated value generally represents a discount from the credit spreads for our conventional fixed-rate debt. For additional information, see "Risk Factors — JPMS's estimated value is derived by reference to an internal funding rate." The value of the derivative or derivatives underlying the economic terms of the notes is derived from a valuation provided by an unaffiliated third party, which will act as a hedge provider to hedge a portion of our obligations under the notes, based on that unaffiliated third party's internal pricing models. This valuation is dependent on inputs such as the traded market prices of comparable derivative instruments and on various other inputs, some of which are market-observable, and which can include volatility, interest rates and other factors, as well as assumptions about future market events and/or environments. Accordingly, JPMS's estimated value of the notes is determined when the terms of the notes are set based on market conditions and other relevant factors and assumptions existing at that time. See "Risk Factors — JPMS's estimated value does not represent future values of the notes and may differ from others' estimates" in this pricing supplement.

JPMS's estimated value of the notes is lower than the original issue price of the notes because costs associated with selling, structuring and hedging the notes are included in the original issue price of the notes. These costs include the selling commissions paid to JPMS and other affiliated or unaffiliated dealers, the projected profits, if any, that our affiliates and/or the unaffiliated third-party hedge provider expects to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes. Because hedging our obligations entails risk and may be influenced by market forces beyond our control, this hedging may result in a profit that is more or less than expected, or it may result in a loss. We or one or more of our affiliates and the unaffiliated third-party hedge provider will retain any profits realized in hedging our obligations under the notes. See "Risk Factors — JPMS's estimated value of the notes is lower than the original issue price (price to public) of the notes" in this pricing supplement.

Secondary Market Prices of the Notes

For information about factors that will impact any secondary market prices of the notes, see "Risk Factors — secondary market prices of the notes will be impacted by many economic and market factors" in this pricing supplement. In addition, we generally expect that some of the costs included in the original issue price of the notes will be partially paid back to you in connection with any repurchases of your notes by JPMS in an amount that will decline to zero over an initial predetermined period that is intended to be the shorter of six months and one-half of the stated term of the notes. The length of any such initial period reflects the structure of the notes, whether our affiliates expect to earn a profit in connection with our hedging activities, the estimated costs of hedging the notes and when these costs are incurred, as determined by JPMS. See "Risk Factors — The value of the notes as published by JPMS (and which may be reflected on customer account statements) may be higher than JPMS's then-current estimated value of the notes for a limited time period" in this pricing supplement.

Supplemental Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds we receive from the sale of the notes will be used for general corporate purposes and, in part, by us or one or more of our affiliates in connection with hedging our obligations under the notes.

The notes are offered to meet investor demand for products that reflect the risk-return profile and market exposure provided by the notes. See "Hypothetical Examples" in this pricing supplement for a description of the risk-return profile and market exposure payable under the notes.

The original issue price of the notes is equal to JPMS's estimated value of the notes plus the selling commissions paid to JPMS and other affiliated or unaffiliated dealers, plus (minus) the projected profits (losses) that our affiliates expect to realize for assuming risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the notes, plus the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes.

For purposes of the notes offered by this pricing supplement, the first and second paragraph of the section entitled "Use of Proceeds and Hedging" on page PS-29 of the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V are deemed deleted in their entirety. Please refer instead to the discussion set forth above.

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Tax Considerations

You should review carefully the section entitled “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V. You and we agree to treat the notes as “variable rate debt instruments” for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Assuming this characterization is respected, interest paid on the notes will generally be taxable to you as ordinary interest income at the time it accrues or is received in accordance with your method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In general, gain or loss realized on the sale, exchange or other disposition of the notes will be capital gain or loss. Prospective purchasers are urged to consult their own tax advisers regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the notes. Purchasers who are not initial purchasers of notes at their issue price on the issue date should consult their tax advisers with respect to the tax consequences of an investment in the notes, and the potential application of special rules.

Subject to certain assumptions and representations received from us, the discussion in this section entitled “Tax Considerations”, when read in combination with the section entitled “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the accompanying product supplement, constitutes the full opinion of Sidley Austin LLP regarding the material U.S. federal income tax treatment of owning and disposing of the notes.

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Where You Can Find More Information

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated November 14, 2011, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated November 14, 2011 relating to our Series E medium-term notes of which these **notes** are a part, and the more detailed information contained in product supplement no. 1-V dated March 21, 2014.

This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of the notes, supplements the preliminary terms related hereto and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, stand-alone fact sheets, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement no. 1-V.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- Product supplement no. 1-V dated March 21, 2014:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109214002227/e58025_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus supplement dated November 14, 2011:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007578/e46180_424b2.pdf
- Prospectus dated November 14, 2011:
http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/19617/000089109211007568/e46179_424b2.pdf

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 19617.

As used in this pricing supplement, the “Company,” “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to JPMorgan Chase & Co.

Validity of the Notes

In the opinion of Sidley Austin LLP, as counsel to the Company, when the notes offered by this pricing supplement have been executed and issued by the Company and authenticated by the trustee pursuant to the indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, such notes will be valid and binding obligations of the Company, enforceable in accordance with their terms, subject to applicable bankruptcy, insolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applicability (including, without limitation, concepts of good faith, fair dealing and the lack of bad faith), provided that such counsel expresses no opinion as to the effect of fraudulent conveyance, fraudulent transfer or similar provision of applicable law on the conclusions expressed above. This opinion is given as of the date hereof and is limited to the Federal laws of the United States, the laws of the State of New York and the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware as in effect on the date hereof. In addition, this opinion is subject to customary assumptions about the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the indenture and the genuineness of signatures and certain factual matters, all as stated in the letter of such counsel dated November 14, 2011, which has been filed as Exhibit 5.3 to the Company's registration statement on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2011.