

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities Offered	Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee⁽¹⁾
Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A	\$1,400,000	\$162.26

(1) Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r) of the Securities Act of 1933.

Pricing Supplement dated June 20, 2017
(To the Prospectus dated July 18, 2016, the Prospectus Supplement dated July 18, 2016 and the Index Supplement dated July 18, 2016)

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2)
Registration No. 333-212571

\$1,400,000



SuperTrackSM Notes due June 23, 2022
Linked to the Least Performing Index of the Russell 2000[®] Index
and the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM
Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A

Terms used in this pricing supplement, but not defined herein, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the prospectus supplement.

Issuer:	Barclays Bank PLC
Denominations:	Minimum denomination of \$1,000, and integral multiples of \$1,000 in excess thereof
Initial Valuation Date:	June 20, 2017
Issue Date:	June 23, 2017
Final Valuation Date:*	June 20, 2022
Maturity Date:*	June 23, 2022
Reference Assets:	The Russell 2000 [®] Index (the "Russell 2000 Index") and the Dow Jones Industrial Average SM (the "DJIA Index"), as noted in the following table:

Reference Asset	Bloomberg Ticker	Initial Level	Barrier Level
Russell 2000 Index	RTY <Index>	1,402.97	841.78
DJIA Index	INDU <Index>	21,467.14	12,880.28

The Russell 2000 Index and the DJIA Index are each referred to in this pricing supplement as an "Index" and collectively as the "Indices"

Upside Leverage Factor:	1.89
Payment at Maturity:	If you hold your Notes to maturity, you will receive on the Maturity Date a cash payment per \$1,000 principal amount Note that you hold determined as follows:

- If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is greater than its Initial Level, you will receive a payment per \$1,000 principal amount Note calculated as follows:
\$1,000 + [\$1,000 x Index Return of Least Performing Index x Upside Leverage Factor]
- If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is equal to or less than its Initial Level and equal to or greater than its Barrier Level, you will receive a payment of \$1,000 per \$1,000 principal amount Note
- If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, you will receive a payment per \$1,000 principal amount Note calculated as follows:
\$1,000 + [\$1,000 x Index Return of Least Performing Index]

If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, your Notes will be fully exposed to the negative performance of the Least Performing Index. You may lose up to 100% of the principal amount of your Notes.

Any payment on the Notes is not guaranteed by any third party and is subject to both the creditworthiness of the Issuer and to the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority. If Barclays Bank PLC were to default on its payment obligations or become subject to the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power (or any other resolution measure) by the relevant U.K. resolution authority, you might not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes. See "[Consent to U.K. Bail-in Power](#)" and "[Selected Risk Considerations](#)" in this pricing supplement and "Risk Factors" in the accompanying prospectus supplement for more information.

Consent to U.K. Bail-in Power:	Notwithstanding any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between Barclays Bank PLC and any holder of the Notes, by acquiring the Notes, each holder of the Notes acknowledges, accepts, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority. See " Consent to U.K. Bail-in Power " on page PS-1 of this pricing supplement.
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[Terms of the Notes Continue on the Next Page]

Initial Issue Price⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Price to Public Agent's Commission⁽³⁾ Proceeds to Barclays Bank PLC

	100%	0.75%	99.25%
Total	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$10,500
			\$1,389,500

- (1) Because dealers who purchase the Notes for sale to certain fee-based advisory accounts may forego some or all selling concessions, fees or commissions, the public offering price for investors purchasing the Notes in such fee-based advisory accounts may be between \$992.50 and \$1,000 per Note. Investors that hold their Notes in fee-based advisory or trust accounts may be charged fees by the investment advisor or manager of such account based on the amount of assets held in those accounts, including the Notes.
- (2) Our estimated value of the Notes on the Initial Valuation Date, based on our internal pricing models, is \$959.30 per Note. The estimated value is less than the initial issue price of the Notes. See “[Additional Information Regarding Our Estimated Value of the Notes](#)” on page PS-2 of this pricing supplement.
- (3) Barclays Capital Inc. will receive commissions from the Issuer of up to 0.75% of the principal amount of the Notes, or up to \$7.50 per \$1,000 principal amount. Barclays Capital Inc. will use these commissions to pay variable selling concessions or fees (including custodial or clearing fees) to other dealers. The per Note agent’s commission and proceeds to Issuer shown above is the minimum amount of proceeds that the Issuer receives per Note, assuming the maximum Agent’s commission per Note of 0.75%. The total agent’s commission and total proceeds to issuer shown above give effect to the actual amount of the variable Agent’s commission.

Investing in the Notes involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page S-7 of the prospectus supplement and “Selected Risk Considerations” beginning on page PS-6 of this pricing supplement.

We may use this pricing supplement in the initial sale of Notes. In addition, Barclays Capital Inc. or another of our affiliates may use this pricing supplement in market resale transactions in any Notes after their initial sale. Unless we or our agent informs you otherwise in the confirmation of sale, this pricing supplement is being used in a market resale transaction.

The Notes will not be listed on any U.S. securities exchange or quotation system. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined that this pricing supplement is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The Notes constitute our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations and are not deposit liabilities of either Barclays PLC or Barclays Bank PLC and are not covered by the U.K. Financial Services Compensation Scheme or insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency of the United States, the United Kingdom or any other jurisdiction.

Terms of Notes, Continued

Initial Level:	With respect to an Index, the Closing Level on the Initial Valuation Date, as set forth in the table above
Barrier Level:	With respect to an Index, 60.00% of its Initial Level (rounded to two decimal places), as set forth in the table above
Final Level:	With respect to an Index, the Closing Level on the Final Valuation Date
Least Performing Index:	The Index with the lowest Index Return, as calculated in the manner set forth below
Index Return:	With respect to an Index, the performance of such Index from its Initial Level to its Final Level, calculated as follows: $\frac{\text{Final Level} - \text{Initial Level}}{\text{Initial Level}}$
Closing Level:	With respect to an Index, on any date, the official closing level of that Index published at the regular weekday close of trading on that date as displayed on the applicable Bloomberg Professional [®] service page noted above or any successor page on Bloomberg Professional [®] service or any successor service, as applicable, rounded to two decimal places (if applicable)
Calculation Agent:	Barclays Bank PLC
CUSIP/ISIN:	06741VYQ9 / US06741VYQ93

* **Subject to postponement, as described under “Additional Terms of the Notes” in this pricing supplement**



ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE OFFERING OF THE NOTES

You should read this pricing supplement together with the prospectus dated July 18, 2016, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement dated July 18, 2016 and the index supplement dated July 18, 2016 relating to our Global Medium-Term Notes, Series A, of which these Notes are a part. This pricing supplement, together with the documents listed below, contains the terms of the Notes and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth under “Risk Factors” in the prospectus supplement and “Selected Risk Considerations” in this pricing supplement, as the Notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisors before you invest in the Notes.

You may access these documents on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

- Prospectus dated July 18, 2016:
<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/312070/000119312516650074/d219304df3asr.htm>

- Prospectus Supplement dated July 18, 2016:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/312070/000110465916132999/a16-14463_21424b3.htm
- Index Supplement dated July 18, 2016:
https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/312070/000110465916133002/a16-14463_22424b3.htm

Our SEC file number is 1-10257. As used in this pricing supplement, the “Company,” “we,” “us,” or “our” refers to Barclays Bank PLC.

CONSENT TO U.K. BAIL-IN POWER

Notwithstanding any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between us and any holder of the Notes, by acquiring the Notes, each holder of the Notes acknowledges, accepts, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority.

Under the U.K. Banking Act 2009, as amended, the relevant U.K. resolution authority may exercise a U.K. Bail-in Power in circumstances in which the relevant U.K. resolution authority is satisfied that the resolution conditions are met. These conditions include that a U.K. bank or investment firm is failing or is likely to fail to satisfy the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”) threshold conditions for authorization to carry on certain regulated activities (within the meaning of section 55B FSMA) or, in the case of a U.K. banking group company that is a European Economic Area (“EEA”) or third country institution or investment firm, that the relevant EEA or third country relevant authority is satisfied that the resolution conditions are met in the respect of that entity.

The U.K. Bail-in Power includes any write-down, conversion, transfer, modification and/or suspension power, which allows for (i) the reduction or cancellation of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the Notes; (ii) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, interest on, or any other amounts payable on, the Notes into shares or other securities or other obligations of Barclays Bank PLC or another person (and the issue to, or conferral on, the holder of the Notes such shares, securities or obligations); and/or (iii) the amendment or alteration of the maturity of the Notes, or amendment of the amount of interest or any other amounts due on the Notes, or the dates on which interest or any other amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; which U.K. Bail-in Power may be exercised by means of a variation of the terms of the Notes solely to give effect to the exercise by the relevant U.K. resolution authority of such U.K. Bail-in Power. Each holder of the Notes further acknowledges and agrees that the rights of the holders of the Notes are subject to, and will be varied, if necessary, solely to give effect to, the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority. For the avoidance of doubt, this consent and acknowledgment is not a waiver of any rights holders of the securities may have at law if and to the extent that any U.K. Bail-in Power is exercised by the relevant U.K. resolution authority in breach of laws applicable in England.

For more information, please see “Selected Risk Considerations—You May Lose Some or All of Your Investment If Any U.K. Bail-in Power Is Exercised by the Relevant U.K. Resolution Authority” in this pricing supplement as well as “U.K. Bail-in Power,” “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Securities Generally—Regulatory action in the event a bank or investment firm in the Group is failing or likely to fail could materially adversely affect the value of the securities” and “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Securities Generally—Under the terms of the securities, you have agreed to be bound by the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority” in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING OUR ESTIMATED VALUE OF THE NOTES

Our internal pricing models take into account a number of variables and are based on a number of subjective assumptions, which may or may not materialize, typically including volatility, interest rates, and our internal funding rates. Our internal funding rates (which are our internally published borrowing rates based on variables such as market benchmarks, our appetite for borrowing, and our existing obligations coming to maturity) may vary from the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market. Our estimated value on the Initial Valuation Date is based on our internal funding rates. Our estimated value of the Notes might be lower if such valuation were based on the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market.

Our estimated value of the Notes on the Initial Valuation Date is less than the initial issue price of the Notes. The difference between the initial issue price of the Notes and our estimated value of the Notes results from several factors, including any sales commissions to be paid to Barclays Capital Inc. or another affiliate of ours, any selling concessions, discounts, commissions or fees to be allowed or paid to non-affiliated intermediaries, the estimated profit that we or any of our affiliates expect to earn in connection with structuring the Notes, the estimated cost which we may incur in hedging our obligations under the Notes, and estimated development and other costs which we may incur in connection with the Notes.

Our estimated value on the Initial Valuation Date is not a prediction of the price at which the Notes may trade in the secondary market, nor will it be the price at which Barclays Capital Inc. may buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market. Subject to normal market and funding conditions, Barclays Capital Inc. or another affiliate of ours intends to offer to purchase the Notes in the secondary market but it is not obligated to do so.

Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the Initial Valuation Date, the price at which Barclays Capital Inc. may initially buy or sell

the Notes in the secondary market, if any, and the value that we may initially use for customer account statements, if we provide any customer account statements at all, may exceed our estimated value on the Initial Valuation Date for a temporary period expected to be approximately six months after the Issue Date because, in our discretion, we may elect to effectively reimburse to investors a portion of the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the Notes and other costs in connection with the Notes which we will no longer expect to incur over the term of the Notes. We made such discretionary election and determined this temporary reimbursement period on the basis of a number of factors, which may include the tenor of the Notes and/or any agreement we may have with the distributors of the Notes. The amount of our estimated costs which we effectively reimburse to investors in this way may not be allocated ratably throughout the reimbursement period, and we may discontinue such reimbursement at any time or revise the duration of the reimbursement period after the initial issue date of the Notes based on changes in market conditions and other factors that cannot be predicted.

We urge you to read the [“Selected Risk Considerations”](#) beginning on page PS-6 of this pricing supplement.

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SELECTED PURCHASE CONSIDERATIONS

The Notes are not suitable for all investors. The Notes may be a suitable investment for you if all of the following statements are true:

- You do not seek an investment that produces periodic interest or coupon payments or other sources of current income
- You are willing to accept the risk that you may lose some or all of the principal amount of your Notes
- You anticipate that each Index will appreciate in value from its Initial Level to its Final Level
- You understand and accept the risk that the payment at maturity will be based solely on the Index Return of the Least Performing Index
- You are willing to accept the risks associated with an investment linked to the performance of the Indices
- You do not seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market and you are willing and able to hold the Notes to maturity
- You are willing to assume our credit risk for all payments on the Notes
- You are willing to consent to the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by any relevant U.K. resolution authority

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for you if *any* of the following statements are true:

- You seek an investment that produces periodic interest or coupon payments or other sources of current income
- You seek an investment that provides for the full repayment of principal at maturity and you are unwilling to accept the risk that you may lose some or all of the principal amount of your Notes
- You anticipate that the Final Level of at least one Index will be less than its respective Initial Level
- You are unwilling or unable to accept the risk that negative performance of only one Index may cause you to earn no positive return or to suffer a loss of principal at maturity, regardless of the performance of the other Index
- You are unwilling or unable to accept the risks associated with an investment linked to the performance of the Indices
- You seek an investment for which there will be an active secondary market and/or you are unwilling or unable to hold the Notes to maturity
- You are unwilling or unable to assume our credit risk for all payments on the Notes
- You are unwilling or unable to consent to the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by any relevant U.K. resolution authority

You must rely on your own evaluation of the merits of an investment in the Notes. You should reach a decision whether to invest in the Notes after carefully considering, with your advisors, the suitability of the Notes in light of your investment objectives and the specific information set out in this pricing supplement, the prospectus supplement, the prospectus and the index supplement. Neither the Issuer nor Barclays Capital Inc. makes any recommendation as to the suitability of the Notes for investment.

ADDITIONAL TERMS OF THE NOTES

The Final Valuation Date and the Maturity Date are subject to postponement in certain circumstances, as described under “Reference Assets—Least or Best Performing Reference Asset—Scheduled Trading Days and Market Disruption Events for Securities Linked to the Reference Asset with the Lowest or Highest Return in a Group of Two or More Equity Securities, Exchange-Traded Funds and/or Indices of Equity Securities” and

“Terms of the Notes—Payment Dates” in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

In addition, each Index and the Notes are subject to adjustment by the Calculation Agent under certain circumstances, as described under “Reference Assets—Indices—Adjustments Relating to Securities with an Index as a Reference Asset” in the accompanying prospectus supplement.

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HYPOTHETICAL EXAMPLES OF AMOUNTS PAYABLE AT MATURITY

The following table illustrates the hypothetical total return at maturity on the Notes under various circumstances. The “total return” as used in this pricing supplement is the number, expressed as a percentage, that results from comparing the payment at maturity per \$1,000 principal amount Note to \$1,000. The hypothetical total returns set forth below are for illustrative purposes only and may not be the actual total returns applicable to a purchaser of the Notes. The numbers appearing in the following table and examples have been rounded for ease of analysis. The hypothetical examples below do not take into account any tax consequences from investing in the Notes and make the following key assumptions:

- Hypothetical Initial Level of each Index: 100.00*
- Barrier Level for each Index: 60.00 (60.00% of the hypothetical Initial Level set forth above)

* The **hypothetical** Initial Level of 100.00 and the **hypothetical** Barrier Level of 60.00 for each Index have been chosen for illustrative purposes only. The Initial Level and Barrier Level for each Index are as set forth on the cover of this pricing supplement.

Final Level		Index Return				
Russell 2000 Index	DJIA Index	Russell 2000 Index	DJIA Index	Index Return of Least Performing Index	Payment at Maturity**	Total Return on Notes
150.00	175.00	50.00%	75.00%	50.00%	\$1,945.00	94.50%
145.00	140.00	45.00%	40.00%	40.00%	\$1,756.00	75.60%
130.00	150.00	30.00%	50.00%	30.00%	\$1,567.00	56.70%
125.00	120.00	25.00%	20.00%	20.00%	\$1,378.00	37.80%
140.00	110.00	40.00%	10.00%	10.00%	\$1,188.90	18.90%
115.00	105.00	15.00%	5.00%	5.00%	\$1,094.50	9.45%
110.00	100.00	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
90.00	102.50	-10.00%	2.50%	-10.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
120.00	80.00	20.00%	-20.00%	-20.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
95.00	70.00	-5.00%	-30.00%	-30.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
60.00	103.00	-40.00%	3.00%	-40.00%	\$1,000.00	0.00%
50.00	120.00	-50.00%	20.00%	-50.00%	\$500.00	-50.00%
40.00	135.00	-60.00%	35.00%	-60.00%	\$400.00	-60.00%
40.00	30.00	-60.00%	-70.00%	-70.00%	\$300.00	-70.00%
40.00	20.00	-60.00%	-80.00%	-80.00%	\$200.00	-80.00%
10.00	95.00	-90.00%	-5.00%	-90.00%	\$100.00	-90.00%
102.00	0.00	2.00%	-100.00%	-100.00%	\$0.00	-100.00%

** Per \$1,000 principal amount Note

The following examples illustrate how the total returns set forth in the table above are calculated:

Example 1: The Final Level of the Russell 2000 Index is 115.00 and the Final Level of the DJIA Index is 105.00.

Because the DJIA Index has the lowest Index Return, the DJIA Index is the Least Performing Index. Accordingly, you will receive a payment at maturity of \$1,094.50 per \$1,000 principal amount Note that you hold, calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times \text{Upside Leverage Factor} \times \text{Index Return of Least Performing Index}] \\ & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times 5.00\% \times 1.89] = \$1,094.50 \end{aligned}$$

The total return on investment of the Notes is 9.45%.

Example 2: The Final Level of the Russell 2000 Index is 120.00 and the Final Level of the DJIA Index is 80.00.

Because the DJIA Index has the lowest Index Return, the DJIA Index is the Least Performing Index. Because the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Initial Level but not less than its Barrier Level, you will receive a payment at maturity of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 principal amount Note that you hold.

The total return on investment of the Notes is 0.00%.

Example 3: The Final Level of the Russell 2000 Index is 40.00 and the Final Level of the DJIA Index is 135.00.

Because the Russell 2000 Index has the lowest Index Return, the Russell 2000 Index is the Least Performing Index. Because the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, you will receive a payment at maturity of \$400.00 per \$1,000 principal amount Note that you hold, calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times \text{Index Return of Least Performing Index}] \\ & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times -60.00\%] = \$400.00 \end{aligned}$$

The total return on investment of the Notes is -60.00%.

Example 4: The Final Level of the Russell 2000 Index is 40.00 and the Final Level of the DJIA Index is 30.00.

Because the DJIA Index has the lowest Index Return, the DJIA Index is the Least Performing Index. Because the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, you will receive a payment at maturity of \$300.00 per \$1,000 principal amount Note that you hold, calculated as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times \text{Index Return of Least Performing Index}] \\ & \$1,000 + [\$1,000 \times -70.00\%] = \$300.00 \end{aligned}$$

The total return on investment of the Notes is -70.00%.

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Each example above demonstrates that the payment at maturity on your Notes will be calculated solely based on the Index Return of the Least Performing Index.

Examples 2 and 3 demonstrate that you will not receive more than the principal amount of your Notes unless the Index Returns of ***both*** Indices are positive. Examples 3 and 4 further demonstrate that if the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, your investment in the Notes will be fully exposed to the negative performance of the Least Performing Index. You will not benefit in the any way from the Index Return of the other Index being higher than the Index Return of the Least Performing Index.

You may lose up to 100% of the principal amount of your Notes.

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SELECTED RISK CONSIDERATIONS

An investment in the Notes involves significant risks. Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to investing directly in the Indices or their components. These risks are explained in more detail in the “Risk Factors” section of the prospectus supplement, including the risk factors discussed under the following headings of the prospectus supplement:

- “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Securities Generally”; and
- “Risk Factors—Additional Risks Relating to Securities with Reference Assets That Are Equity Securities, Indices of Equity Securities or Exchange-Traded Funds that Hold Equity Securities”.

In addition to the risks described above, you should consider the following:

- **Your Investment in the Notes May Result in a Significant Loss**—The Notes do not guarantee any return of principal. The payment at maturity depends on whether the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its respective Barrier Level. If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than its Barrier Level, your Notes will be fully exposed to the negative performance of such Index and you will lose some or all of your principal. ***You may lose up to 100% of the principal amount of your Notes.***
- **You Will Not Receive More than the Principal Amount of Your Notes at Maturity Unless the Index Returns of Both Indices are Positive; Your Payment at Maturity Will be Calculated Solely Based Upon the Index Return of the Least Performing Index**—The payment at maturity will not exceed the principal amount of your Notes unless the Index Returns of ***both*** of the Indices are positive. Even if the Index Returns of both Indices are positive, the payment at maturity will nonetheless be calculated solely based upon the Index Return of the Least Performing Index. You will not participate in any appreciation of the other Index that is in excess of the Index Return of the Least Performing Index, which may be significant.

Similarly, if both Indices have negative Index Returns, any payment at maturity will depend solely on whether and to the extent to which the Final Level of the Least Performing Index falls below its Barrier Level. If the Final Level of the Least Performing Index is less than the Barrier

Level applicable to such Index, you will lose some or all of the principal amount of your Notes. Your losses will not be limited in any way by virtue of the Index Return of the other Index being greater than the Index Return of the Least Performing Index.

- **The Payment at Maturity of Your Notes is Not Based on the Level of Either Index at Any Time Other than the Closing Level of the Least Performing Index on the Final Valuation Date**—The Final Levels and Index Returns will be based solely on the Closing Levels of the Indices on the Final Valuation Date. Accordingly, if the level of the Least Performing Index drops precipitously on the Final Valuation Date, the payment at maturity that you will receive for your Notes, if any, may be significantly less than it would otherwise have been had such payment been linked to the level of such Index at any time prior to such drop.
- **Credit of Issuer**—The Notes are senior unsecured debt obligations of the issuer, Barclays Bank PLC and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment to be made on the Notes is subject to the ability of Barclays Bank PLC to satisfy its obligations as they come due and is not guaranteed by any third party. In the event Barclays Bank PLC were to default on its obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the terms of the Notes.
- **You May Lose Some or All of Your Investment If Any U.K. Bail-in Power Is Exercised by the Relevant U.K. Resolution Authority**—Notwithstanding any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between Barclays Bank PLC and any holder of the Notes, by acquiring the Notes, each holder of the Notes acknowledges, accepts, agrees to be bound by, and consents to the exercise of, any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority as set forth under “Consent to U.K. Bail-in Power” in this pricing supplement. Accordingly, any U.K. Bail-in Power may be exercised in such a manner as to result in you and other holders of the Notes losing all or a part of the value of your investment in the Notes or receiving a different security from the Notes, which may be worth significantly less than the Notes and which may have significantly fewer protections than those typically afforded to debt securities. Moreover, the relevant U.K. resolution authority may exercise the U.K. Bail-in Power without providing any advance notice to, or requiring the consent of, the holders of the Notes. The exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority with respect to the Notes will not be a default or an Event of Default (as each term is defined in the indenture) and the trustee will not be liable for any action that the trustee takes, or abstains from taking, in either case, in accordance with the exercise of the U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority with respect to the Notes. See “Consent to U.K. Bail-in Power” in this pricing supplement as well as “U.K. Bail-in Power,” “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Securities Generally—Regulatory action in the event a bank or investment firm in the Group is failing or likely to fail could materially adversely affect the value of the securities” and “Risk Factors—Risks Relating to the Securities Generally—Under the terms of the securities, you have agreed to be bound by the exercise of any U.K. Bail-in Power by the relevant U.K. resolution authority” in the accompanying prospectus supplement.
- **No Interest or Dividend Payments or Voting Rights**—As a holder of the Notes, you will not receive interest payments, and you will not have voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the securities underlying the Indices would have.
- **Historical Performance of the Indices Should Not Be Taken as Any Indication of the Future Performance of the Indices Over the Term of the Notes**—The level of each Index has fluctuated in the past and may, in the future, experience significant fluctuations. The historical performance of an Index is not an indication of the future performance of that Index over the term of the Notes. The historical correlation between the Indices is not an indication of the future correlation between them over the term of the Notes. Therefore, the performance of the Indices individually or in comparison to each other over the term of the Notes may bear no relation or resemblance to the historical performance of either Index.

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- **The Notes are Subject to Risks Associated with Small Capitalization Stocks**—The Russell 2000 Index is intended to track the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. The stock prices of smaller sized companies may be more volatile than stock prices of large capitalization companies. Small capitalization companies may be less able to withstand adverse economic, market, trade and competitive conditions relative to larger companies. Small capitalization companies may be less likely to pay dividends on their stocks, and the presence of a dividend payment could be a factor that limits downward stock price pressure under adverse market conditions.
 - **The Estimated Value of Your Notes is Lower Than the Initial Issue Price of Your Notes**—The estimated value of your Notes on the Initial Valuation Date is expected lower than the initial issue price of your Notes. The difference between the initial issue price of your Notes and the estimated value of the Notes is a result of certain factors, such as any sales commissions to be paid to Barclays Capital Inc. or another affiliate of ours, any selling concessions, discounts, commissions or fees to be allowed or paid to non-affiliated intermediaries, the estimated profit that we or any of our affiliates expect to earn in connection with structuring the Notes, the estimated cost which we may incur in hedging our obligations under the Notes, and estimated development and other costs which we may incur in connection with the Notes.
 - **The Estimated Value of Your Notes Might be Lower if Such Estimated Value Were Based on the Levels at Which Our Debt Securities Trade in the Secondary Market**—The estimated value of your Notes on the Initial Valuation Date is based on a number of variables, including our internal funding rates. Our internal funding rates may vary from the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market. As a result of this difference, the estimated value referenced above might be lower if such estimated value was based on the levels at which our benchmark debt securities trade in the secondary market.
 - **The Estimated Value of the Notes is Based on Our Internal Pricing Models, Which May Prove to be Inaccurate and May be Different from the Pricing Models of Other Financial Institutions**—The estimated value of your Notes on the Initial Valuation Date is based on our internal pricing models, which take into account a number of variables and are based on a number of subjective assumptions, which may or

may not materialize. These variables and assumptions are not evaluated or verified on an independent basis. Further, our pricing models may be different from other financial institutions' pricing models and the methodologies used by us to estimate the value of the Notes may not be consistent with those of other financial institutions which may be purchasers or sellers of Notes in the secondary market. As a result, the secondary market price of your Notes may be materially different from the estimated value of the Notes determined by reference to our internal pricing models.

- **The Estimated Value of Your Notes Is Not a Prediction of the Prices at Which You May Sell Your Notes in the Secondary Market, if any, and Such Secondary Market Prices, If Any, Will Likely be Lower Than the Initial Issue Price of Your Notes and Maybe Lower Than the Estimated Value of Your Notes**—The estimated value of the Notes will not be a prediction of the prices at which Barclays Capital Inc., other affiliates of ours or third parties may be willing to purchase the Notes from you in secondary market transactions (if they are willing to purchase, which they are not obligated to do). The price at which you may be able to sell your Notes in the secondary market at any time will be influenced by many factors that cannot be predicted, such as market conditions, and any bid and ask spread for similar sized trades, and may be substantially less than our estimated value of the Notes. Further, as secondary market prices of your Notes take into account the levels at which our debt securities trade in the secondary market, and do not take into account our various costs related to the Notes such as fees, commissions, discounts, and the costs of hedging our obligations under the Notes, secondary market prices of your Notes will likely be lower than the initial issue price of your Notes. As a result, the price, at which Barclays Capital Inc., other affiliates of ours or third parties may be willing to purchase the Notes from you in secondary market transactions, if any, will likely be lower than the price you paid for your Notes, and any sale prior to the maturity date could result in a substantial loss to you.
- **The Temporary Price at Which We May Initially Buy The Notes in the Secondary Market And the Value We May Initially Use for Customer Account Statements, If We Provide Any Customer Account Statements At All, May Not Be Indicative of Future Prices of Your Notes**—Assuming that all relevant factors remain constant after the Initial Valuation Date, the price at which Barclays Capital Inc. may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market (if Barclays Capital Inc. makes a market in the Notes, which it is not obligated to do) and the value that we may initially use for customer account statements, if we provide any customer account statements at all, may exceed our estimated value of the Notes on the Initial Valuation Date, as well as the secondary market value of the Notes, for a temporary period after the initial issue date of the Notes. The price at which Barclays Capital Inc. may initially buy or sell the Notes in the secondary market and the value that we may initially use for customer account statements may not be indicative of future prices of your Notes.
- **We and Our Affiliates' May Engage in Various Activities or Make Determinations That Could Materially Affect the Notes in Various Ways and Create Conflicts of Interest**—We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the Notes, as described below. In performing these roles, our and our affiliates' economic interests are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the Notes.

We and our affiliates make markets in and trade various financial instruments or products for our accounts and for the account of our clients and otherwise provide investment banking and other financial services with respect to these financial instruments and products. These financial instruments and products may include securities, derivative instruments or assets that may relate to the Indices or their components. In any such market making, trading and hedging activity, and other services, we or our affiliates may take positions or take actions that are inconsistent with, or adverse to, the investment objectives of holders of the Notes. We and our affiliates have no obligation to take the needs of any buyer, seller or holder of the Notes into account in conducting these activities. Such market making, trading and hedging activity, investment banking and other financial services may negatively impact the value of the Notes.

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In addition, the role played by Barclays Capital Inc., as the agent for the Notes, could present significant conflicts of interest with the role of Barclays Bank PLC, as issuer of the Notes. For example, Barclays Capital Inc. or its representatives may derive compensation or financial benefit from the distribution of the Notes. Furthermore, we and our affiliates establish the offering price of the Notes for initial sale to the public, and the offering price is not based upon any independent verification or valuation.

In addition to the activities described above, we will also act as the Calculation Agent for the Notes. As Calculation Agent, we will determine any values of the Indices and make any other determinations necessary to calculate any payments on the Notes. In making these determinations, we may be required to make certain discretionary judgments relating to the Indices and the Notes. In making these discretionary judgments, our economic interests are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the Notes, and any of these determinations may adversely affect any payments on the Notes.

- **Lack of Liquidity**—The Notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Barclays Capital Inc. and other affiliates of Barclays Bank PLC intend to make a secondary market for the Notes but are not required to do so, and may discontinue any such secondary market making at any time, without notice. Barclays Capital Inc. may at any time hold unsold inventory, which may inhibit the development of a secondary market for the Notes. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Notes easily. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the Notes, the price at which you may be able to trade your Notes is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which Barclays Capital Inc. and other affiliates of Barclays Bank PLC are willing to buy the Notes. The Notes are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your Notes to maturity.
- **Taxes**—The U.S. federal income tax treatment of the Notes is uncertain and the Internal Revenue Service could assert that the Notes should

be taxed in a manner that is different than described below. As discussed further in the accompanying prospectus supplement, the Internal Revenue Service issued a notice in 2007 indicating that it and the Treasury Department are actively considering whether, among other issues, you should be required to accrue interest over the term of an instrument such as the Notes and whether all or part of the gain you may recognize upon the sale or maturity of an instrument such as the Notes should be treated as ordinary income. Similarly, the Internal Revenue Service and the Treasury Department have current projects open with regard to the tax treatment of pre-paid forward contracts and contingent notional principal contracts. While it is impossible to anticipate how any ultimate guidance would affect the tax treatment of instruments such as the Notes (and while any such guidance may be issued on a prospective basis only), such guidance could be applied retroactively and could in any case require you to accrue income over the term of an instrument such as the Notes even though you will not receive any payments with respect to the Notes until maturity. The outcome of this process is uncertain. You should consult your tax advisor as to the possible alternative treatments in respect of the Notes.

- **Many Economic and Market Factors Will Impact the Value of the Notes**—The value of the Notes will be affected by a number of economic and market factors that interact in complex and unpredictable ways and that may either offset or magnify each other, including:
 - the levels of the Indices and the market prices of the components of each Index;
 - the expected volatility of the Indices and the components of each Index;
 - the time to maturity of the Notes;
 - the dividend rate on the components of each Index;
 - interest and yield rates in the market generally;
 - a variety of economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events;
 - supply and demand for the Notes; and
 - our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

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INFORMATION REGARDING THE INDICES

The Russell 2000® Index

The Russell 2000 Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. For more information about the Russell 2000 Index, the index sponsor and license agreement between the index sponsor and the Issuer, please see “Indices—The Russell Indices” beginning on page IS-38 of the accompanying index supplement.

Historical Performance of the Russell 2000 Index

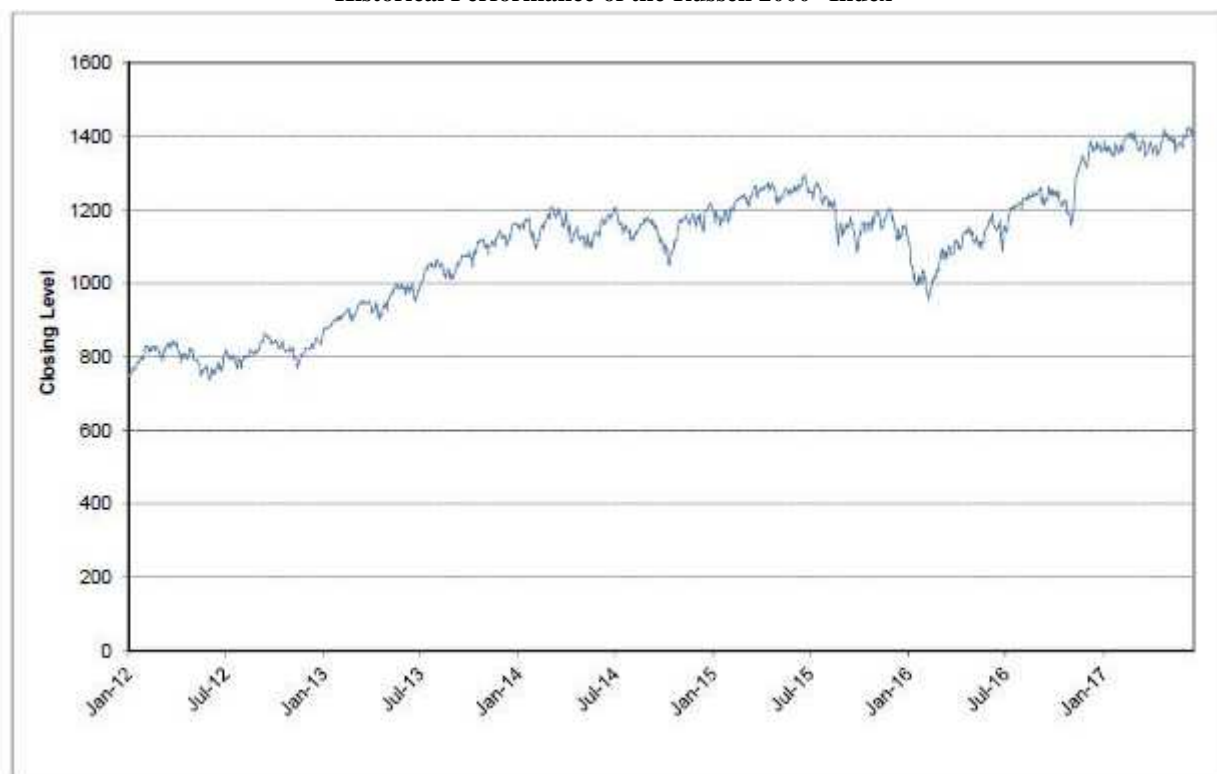
The table below shows the high, low and final Closing Level of the Russell 2000 Index for each of the periods noted below. The graph below graph sets forth the historical performance of the Russell 2000 Index based on daily Closing Levels from January 1, 2012 through June 20, 2017. We obtained the Closing Levels listed in the table below and shown in the graph below from Bloomberg, L.P. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg, L.P.

Period/Quarter Ended	Quarterly High	Quarterly Low	Quarterly Close
March 31, 2012	846.13	747.28	830.30
June 30, 2012	840.63	737.24	798.49
September 30, 2012	864.70	767.75	837.45
December 31, 2012	852.49	769.48	849.35
March 31, 2013	953.07	872.60	951.54
June 30, 2013	999.99	901.51	977.48
September 30, 2013	1,078.41	989.54	1,073.79
December 31, 2013	1,163.64	1,043.46	1,163.64
March 31, 2014	1,208.65	1,093.59	1,173.04
June 30, 2014	1,192.96	1,095.99	1,192.96
September 30, 2014	1,208.15	1,101.68	1,101.68
December 31, 2014	1,219.11	1,049.30	1,204.70
March 31, 2015	1,266.37	1,154.71	1,252.77
June 30, 2015	1,295.80	1,215.42	1,253.95
September 30, 2015	1,273.33	1,083.91	1,100.69
December 31, 2015	1,204.16	1,097.55	1,135.89
March 31, 2016	1,114.03	953.72	1,114.03
June 30, 2016*	1,188.95	1,089.65	1,151.92
September 30, 2016	1,263.44	1,139.45	1,251.65

December 31, 2016	1,388.07	1,156.89	1,357.13
March 31, 2017	1,413.64	1,345.60	1,385.92
June 20, 2017*	1,425.98	1,345.24	1,402.97

* For the period beginning on April 1, 2017 and ending on June 20, 2017

Historical Performance of the Russell 2000® Index



PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS

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The Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM

The DJIA Index is a price-weighted average of the stocks of thirty blue-chip companies that are generally leaders in their industry. The DJIA Index represents large and well-known United States companies and covers all industries with the exception of transportation and utilities. For more information about the DJIA Index, the index sponsor and license agreement between the index sponsor and the Issuer, please see “Indices—The Dow Jones Industrial Average[®]” beginning on page IS-2 of the accompanying index supplement.

Historical Performance of the DJIA Index

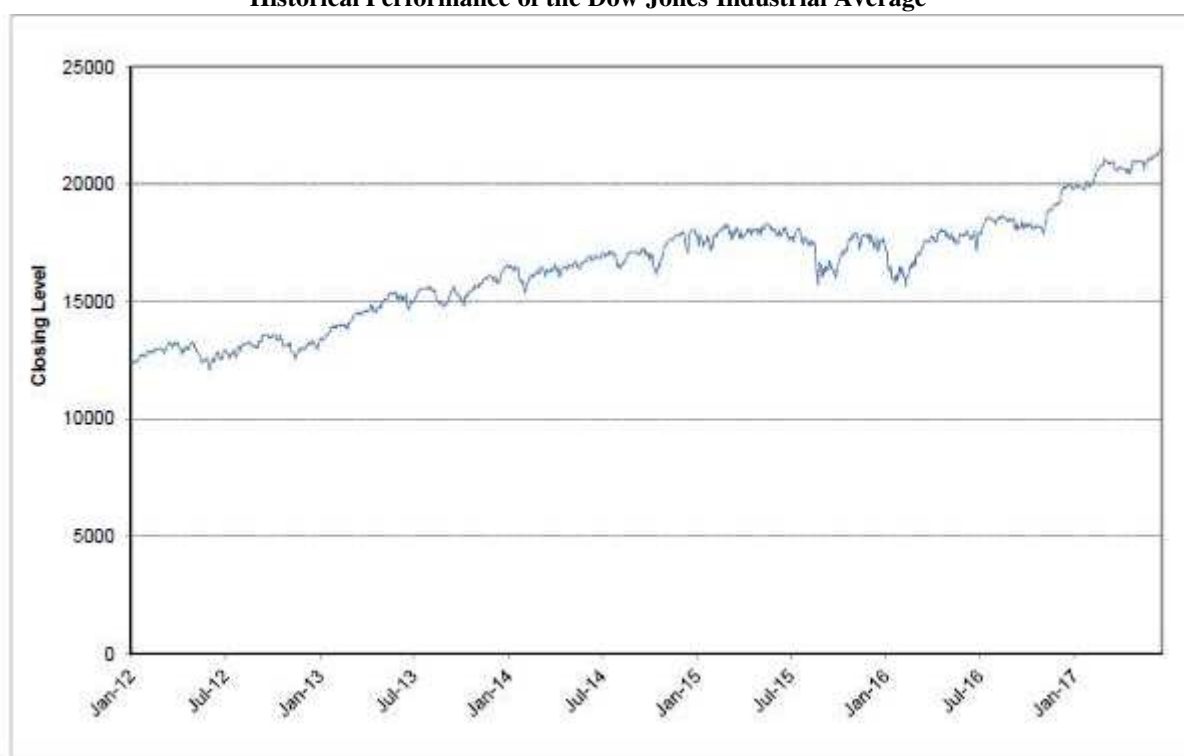
The table below shows the high, low and final Closing Level of the DJIA Index for each of the periods noted below. The graph below graph sets forth the historical performance of the DJIA Index based on daily Closing Levels from January 1, 2012 through June 20, 2017. We obtained the Closing Levels listed in the table below and shown in the graph below from Bloomberg, L.P. We have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information obtained from Bloomberg, L.P.

Period/Quarter Ended	Quarterly High	Quarterly Low	Quarterly Close
March 31, 2012	13,252.76	12,359.92	13,212.04
June 30, 2012	13,279.32	12,101.46	12,880.09
September 30, 2012	13,596.93	12,573.27	13,437.13
December 31, 2012	13,610.15	12,542.38	13,104.14
March 31, 2013	14,578.54	13,328.85	14,578.54
June 30, 2013	15,409.39	14,537.14	14,909.60
September 30, 2013	15,676.94	14,776.13	15,129.67
December 31, 2013	16,576.66	14,776.53	16,576.66
March 31, 2014	16,530.94	15,372.80	16,457.66
June 30, 2014	16,947.08	16,026.75	16,826.60

September 30, 2014	17,279.74	16,368.27	17,042.90
December 31, 2014	18,053.71	16,117.24	17,823.07
March 31, 2015	18,288.63	17,164.95	17,776.12
June 30, 2015	18,312.39	17,596.35	17,619.51
September 30, 2015	18,120.25	15,666.44	16,284.70
December 31, 2015	17,918.15	16,272.01	17,425.03
March 31, 2016	17,716.66	15,660.18	17,685.09
June 30, 2016	18,096.27	17,140.24	17,929.99
September 30, 2016	18,636.05	17,840.62	18,308.15
December 31, 2016	19,974.62	17,888.28	19,762.60
March 31, 2017	21,115.55	19,732.40	20,663.22
June 20, 2017*	21,528.99	20,404.49	21,467.14

* For the period beginning on April 1, 2017 and ending on June 20, 2017

Historical Performance of the Dow Jones Industrial AverageSM



PAST PERFORMANCE IS NOT INDICATIVE OF FUTURE RESULTS

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MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The material tax consequences of your investment in the Notes are summarized below. The discussion below supplements the discussion under “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the accompanying prospectus supplement. Except as noted under “Non-U.S. Holders” below, this section applies to you only if you are a U.S. holder (as defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement) and you hold your Notes as capital assets for tax purposes and does not apply to you if you are a member of a class of holders subject to special rules or are otherwise excluded from the discussion in the prospectus supplement (for example, if you did not purchase your Notes in the initial issuance of the Notes).

The U.S. federal income tax consequences of your investment in the Notes are uncertain and the Internal Revenue Service could assert that the Notes should be taxed in a manner that is different than described below. Pursuant to the terms of the Notes, Barclays Bank PLC and you agree, in the absence of a change in law or an administrative or judicial ruling to the contrary, to characterize your Notes as a pre-paid cash-settled derivative contract with respect to the Indices. If your Notes are so treated, you should generally recognize capital gain or loss upon the sale or maturity of your Notes in an amount equal to the difference between the amount you receive at such time and the amount you paid for your Notes. Such gain or loss should generally be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held your Notes for more than one year.

In the opinion of our special tax counsel, Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, it would be reasonable to treat your Notes in the manner described above.

This opinion assumes that the description of the terms of the Notes in this pricing supplement is materially correct.

As discussed further in the accompanying prospectus supplement, the Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service are actively considering various alternative treatments that may apply to instruments such as the Notes, possibly with retroactive effect. Other alternative treatments for your Notes may also be possible under current law. For example, it is possible that the Notes could be treated as a debt instrument that is subject to the special tax rules governing contingent payment debt instruments. If your Notes are so treated, you would be required to accrue interest income over the term of your Notes and you would recognize gain or loss upon the sale or maturity of your Notes in an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the amount you receive at such time and your adjusted basis in your Notes. Any gain you recognize upon the sale or maturity of your Notes would be ordinary income and any loss recognized by you at such time would generally be ordinary loss to the extent of interest you included in income in the current or previous taxable years with respect to your Notes, and thereafter would be capital loss.

For a further discussion of the tax treatment of your Notes as well as other possible alternative characterizations, please see the discussion under the heading “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences—Notes Treated as Prepaid Forward or Derivative Contracts” in the accompanying prospectus supplement. You should consult your tax advisor as to the possible alternative treatments in respect of the Notes. For additional, important considerations related to tax risks associated with investing in the Notes, you should also examine the discussion in “Selected Risk Considerations—Taxes”, in this pricing supplement.

Non-U.S. Holders. The following replaces the discussion of Section 871(m) of the Internal Revenue Code in the accompanying prospectus supplement under “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences—Tax Consequences to Non-U.S. Holders—Section 871(m) Withholding.” The Treasury Department has issued regulations under Section 871(m) of the Internal Revenue Code which impose U.S. federal withholding tax on “dividend equivalent” payments made on certain contracts linked to U.S. corporations that are owned by non-U.S. holders. However, the regulations will only apply to a contract that is issued before January 1, 2018 if the contract is a “delta-one” contract (i.e., a contract that provides for “delta-one” exposure to underlying U.S. corporations). We have determined that the Notes are not “delta-one” contracts for this purpose, and we therefore believe, and intend to take the position, that payments on the Notes should not be subject to Section 871(m) withholding tax.

In addition, even if the Notes were a delta-one contract, it is possible that they would not be subject to Section 871(m) because they may be treated as referencing only “qualified indices.” However, an Index may not be treated as a qualified index with respect to a holder if the holder holds certain related short positions in the components of the Index. In addition, certain combination rules could apply to treat the Notes as a delta-one contract with respect to a particular holder. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the application of Section 871(m) to their Notes, including the possibility that the Section 871(m) anti-abuse rule could apply to their Notes.

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We agreed to sell to Barclays Capital Inc. (the “Agent”), and the Agent has agreed to purchase from us, the principal amount of the Notes, and at the price, specified on the cover of this pricing supplement. The Agent commits to take and pay for all of the Notes, if any are taken.