Maximum Agg

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class of Securities Offered

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference Between CMS30
and CMS5 due February 26, 2033

Guarantee of Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference
Between CMS30 and CMS5 due February 26, 2033

Total

Offering Properties of Properties

(1) Calculated in accordance with Rule 457(r)

(2) Pursuant to Rule 457(n), no separate fee is payable with respect to the guarantee

Pricing Supplement No. 36

(To Prospectus Supplement dated June 6, 2011 and Prospectus dated December 22, 2010)



US \$7,000,000 Lloyds TSB Bank plc

fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Lloyds Banking Group plc
Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CI
Medium-Term Notes, Series A

As further described below, subject to our redemption right, interest will accrue quarterly on the Notes at the Accrual Rate specified CMS30/CMS5 Spread is greater than or equal to 0.00% **and** (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than or equal to 0.00% and (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000® Index is greater than 0.00% and 0.00

SUMMARY TERMS

Issuer: Lloyds TSB Bank plc

Guarantor: Lloyds Banking Group plc. The Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Guarantor.

Guarantor's direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations ranking pari passioutstanding unsecured and unsubordinated obligations, present and future, except such obligations.

law.

Aggregate Principal Amount: \$7,000,000

Stated Principal Amount: \$1,000 per note

Notes: Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference Be

February 26, 2033, Medium-Term Notes, Series A (each a "Note" and collectively, "the Notes

Ranking: The Notes will constitute our direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations re

preference among themselves, with all our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated of

such obligations as are preferred by operation of law.

http://www.oblible.com

CUSIP / ISIN: 5394E8BQ1 / US5394E8BQ18

Payment at Maturity: 100% repayment of principal, plus any accrued and unpaid interest, at maturity or upon early r

at maturity, or upon early redemption, if applicable, and all payments of interest are sul Lloyds TSB Bank plc, as the Issuer, and Lloyds Banking Group plc, as the Guarantor o

the Notes.

Issue Price: At variable prices

Denominations: Minimum denominations of \$1,000 and multiples of \$1,000 thereafter

Trade Date(s): February 21, 2013
Issue Date: February 26, 2013

Maturity Date: February 26, 2033, subject to redemption at the option of the Issuer (as set forth below)

Interest Rate For each Interest Period, the Interest Rate will be equal to the product of (x) 7.00% per annual

N/ACT

where

"N" = the total number of calendar days in the applicable Interest Period with respect to which greater than or equal to 0.00% **and** (ii) the Index Closing Value is greater than or equal to such day where the conditions described in (i) and (ii) are met, an "Accrual Day"); and

"ACT" = the total number of calendar days in the applicable Interest Period.

If on any calendar day the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is less than zero or the Index Closing Reference Level, interest will accrue at a rate of 0.00% per annum for that day.

Interest Payment Dates: Quarterly, payable in arrears on the 26th day of each February, May, August and November, or

26, 2013, and ending on the Maturity Date or the Early Redemption Date, if applicable. If any Business Day (as defined below), interest will be paid on the following Business Day, and inter

during the period from and after the originally scheduled Interest Payment Date.

Interest Periods: Each period from and including the most recent Interest Payment Date (or the Issue Date, in t

Period) to, but excluding, the following Interest Payment Date (or the Maturity Date or Early R the case of the final Interest Period). Interest Period end dates will not be adjusted in the eve

Period is not a Business Day.

Day-Count Convention: Actual/Actual

Business Day: Any day, other than a Saturday or Sunday, that is a day on which commercial banks are gener

City and London

CMS30/CMS5 Spread CMS30 (as such term is defined in "Additional Provisions – CMS30/CMS5 Spread") minus CN

"Additional Provisions – CMS30/CMS5 Spread").

CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff: The CMS30/CMS5 Spread with respect to each day from and including the fifth U.S. governm

defined on page PS-2 of this pricing supplement) prior to the related Interest Payment Date fo day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Payment D

CMS30/CMS5 Spread in effect on the relevant CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date.

<u>Index:</u> The Russell 2000® Index. Please see "Additional Provisions" herein.

Index Closing Value: The daily closing value of the Index. Please see "Additional Provisions" herein.

Index Reference Level: 724.32, which is equal to 80.00% of the Index Closing Value with respect to February 21, 201

Index Cutoff:

The Index Closing Value with respect to each day from and including the fifth Index Business D pricing supplement) prior to the related Interest Payment Date for any Interest Period (each st to but excluding such related Interest Payment Date shall be equal to the Index Closing Value i Date.

Redemption at the Option of the Issuer:

We may redeem all, but not less than all, of the Notes at the Redemption Price set forth below occurring on or after February 26, 2018, provided we give at least 5 Business Days' prior writt the trustee and The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). If we exercise our redemption option, we so exercise it will be referred to as the "Early Redemption Date," which shall be the date due and payable and on which payments of interest will cease to accrue. If any Early Redemption Date, we have been payable and on the following Business Day, and interest will not accrue during the

Redemption Price:

If we exercise our redemption option, you will be entitled to receive on the Early Redemption I together with any accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the Early Redemption Date.

Tax Redemption:

Following the occurrence of one or more changes in tax law that would require the Issuer or the amounts and in other limited circumstances as described under "Description of the Notes and Tax Reasons" in the prospectus supplement and "Description of Debt Securities—Redemption redeem all, but not fewer than all, of the Notes at any time prior to maturity.

Miscellaneous

Listing: None Governing Law:

Settlement and Clearance: DTC; Book-entry Specified Currency

Trustee and Paying Agent: The Bank of New York Mellon, acting through its London Branch

scheduled Early Redemption Date.

Selling Agent: Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC Calculation Agent:

Commissions and issue price:

Price to Public (1) (2) (3)

Selling Agent's Commission (3)

Per NoteAt variable prices\$35.00TotalAt variable prices\$245,000.00

Investing in the Notes involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-2 of the prospectus supplement and "Risk Factors" beginning on The Notes are not bank deposits and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these No accuracy of this pricing supplement, the accompanying prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a crucial of the Notes will be offered from time to time in one or more negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of each sale, which may be at

such prevailing prices, or at negotiated prices; provided, however, that such price will not be less than \$970.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount of the Notes or more the

of the Notes. See "Risk Factors – Yield Risk - The price you pay for the Notes may be higher than the prices other investors pay for the Notes" on page PS-4 of this prici (2) The proceeds you might expect to receive if you were able to resell the Notes on the Issue Date are expected to be less than the price you paid for the Notes. Includes the Selling Agent's commission set forth above and also reflects certain hedging costs associated with the Notes. For additional information, see "Risk Fact Notes has certain built-in costs, including the Selling Agent's commission and our cost of hedging, both of which are expected to be reflected in secondary market pri supplement. The price you will pay for the Notes also does not include fees that you may be charged if you buy the Notes through your registered investment adviser (3) The Selling Agent will receive commissions from the Issuer of up to \$35.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount of the Notes, or up to \$245,000.00 of the Aggregate

(3) The Selling Agent will receive commissions from the Issuer of up to \$35.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount of the Notes, or up to \$245,000.00 of the Aggregate retain all or a portion of these commissions or use all or a portion of these commissions to pay selling concessions or fees to other dealers. See "Supplemental Plan supplement.

Morgan Stanley

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

ABOUT THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT

Unless otherwise defined herein, terms used in this pricing supplement are defined in the accompanying prospectus supplement of As used in this pricing supplement:

- "we," "us," "our," the "Issuer" and "Lloyds Bank" mean Lloyds TSB Bank plc;
- * "LBG" and the "Guarantor" mean Lloyds Banking Group plc;
- "Notes" refers to the Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index and the Difference Between C 2033, Medium-Term Notes, Series A, together with the related Guarantee, unless the context requires otherwise; and
- "SEC" refers to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

LBG and Lloyds Bank have filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the SEC for the offering to which this prici invest, you should read this pricing supplement together with the accompanying prospectus dated December 22, 2010 (the "prospectual and other documents, including the more detailed information contained in the accompanying prospectus supplement dated June 6, 2 that LBG and Lloyds Bank have filed with the SEC for more complete information about Lloyds Bank and LBG and this offering.

This pricing supplement, together with the prospectus supplement and prospectus, contains the terms of the Notes and supersection contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, corresponded implementation, sample structures, fact sheets, brochures or other educational materials of ours.

If the information in this pricing supplement differs from the information contained in the prospectus supplement or the prospectus this pricing supplement.

You may access these documents for free by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

the prospectus supplement dated June 6, 2011 and the prospectus dated December 22, 2010 can be accessed at the follow

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1160106/000095010311002265/dp23013 424b3.htm

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 1167831.

Alternatively, LBG, Lloyds Bank, the Selling Agent, any underwriter or any dealer participating in the offering will arrange to send

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1160106
upplement and pricing supplement if you request them by calling your Selling Agent's sales representative, such dealer or toll free 1 opy of these documents may also be obtained from the Selling Agent by writing to them at 1585 Broadway, New York, New York 1 366) 477-4776.
You should rely only on the information provided or incorporated by reference in this pricing supplement, the prospectus supplement uthorized anyone to provide you with different information, and we take no responsibility for any other information that others may offering to sell the Notes and seeking offers to buy the Notes only in jurisdictions where it is lawful to do so. This pricing supplement, rospectus are current only as of their respective dates.
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Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

Additional Provisions

CMS30/CMS5 Spread

The 30-Year Constant Maturity Swap Rate (which we refer to as "CMS30") is, on any day, the fixed rate of interest payable on a maturity as reported on Reuters Page ISDAFIX1 or any successor page thereto at 11:00 a.m. New York City time on that day; province CMS30 on any calendar day, the "CMS reference determination date" shall be that calendar day unless that calendar day is not a U. day, in which case the CMS30 level shall be the CMS30 level on the immediately preceding U.S. government securities business day accepted indicators of longer-term interest rates.

The 5-year Constant Maturity Swap Rate (which we refer to as "CMS5") is, on any day, the fixed rate of interest payable on an imaturity as reported on Reuters Page ISDAFIX1 or any successor page thereto at 11:00 a.m. New York City time on that day; provided the "CMS on any calendar day, the "CMS reference determination date" shall be that calendar day unless that calendar day is not a U.S in which case the CMS5 level shall be the CMS5 level on the immediately preceding U.S. government securities business day. CMS5 indicators of shorter-term interest rates.

An interest rate swap rate, at any given time, generally indicates the fixed rate of interest (paid semi-annually) that a counterpart pay for a given maturity, in order to receive a floating rate (paid quarterly) equal to 3-month LIBOR for that same maturity.

"U.S. government securities business day" means any day except for a Saturday, Sunday or a day on which The Securities Association (or any successor thereto) recommends that the fixed income departments of its members be closed for the entire day for government securities.

CMS Rate Fallback Provisions

If CMS30 or CMS5 is not displayed by 11:00 a.m. New York City time on the Reuters Screen ISDAFIX1 Page on any day on who Spread must be determined, the rate for such day will be determined on the basis of the mid-market semi-annual swap rate quotation by five leading swap dealers in the New York City interbank market (the "Reference Banks") at approximately 11:00 a.m., New York purpose, the mid-market semi-annual swap rate means the mean of the bid and offered rates for the semi-annual fixed leg, calculated fixed-for-floating U.S. Dollar interest rate swap transaction with a term equal to the applicable 30 year or 5 year maturity commencing amount with an acknowledged dealer of good credit in the swap market, where the floating leg, calculated on an actual/360 day court USD-LIBOR-BBA with a designated maturity of three months. The Calculation Agent will request the principal New York City office of provide a quotation of its rate. If at least three quotations are provided, the rate for that day will be the arithmetic mean of the quotation, in the event of equality, one of the lowest). If fewer that requested, the rate will be determined by the Calculation Agent in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner.

Index: The Russell 2000® Index

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1160106/
The Russell 2000® Index (the "Index") is an index calculated, published and disseminated by Russell Investment Group (formerly measures the composite price performance of stocks of 2,000 companies (the "Russell 2000® Component Stocks") incorporated in t Russell 2000® Index is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market.

Index Closing Value

For any day in an Interest Period, the Index Closing Value will equal the closing value of the Index (subject to the Index Cutoff) as symbol "RTY," or in the case of any successor index (such index, a "Successor Index"), the Bloomberg ticker symbol for such Succe close of trading on that calendar day, as determined by the Calculation Agent; provided that the Index Closing Value for any day from Day prior to the related Interest Payment Date for any Interest Period shall be the Index Closing Value in effect for such fifth Index Be Payment Date; provided further that, if a Market Disruption Event with respect to the Index occurs on any day in an Interest Period o is not an Index Business Day, the closing value of the Index with respect to such day will be the closing value of the Index on the imm Day on which no Market Disruption Event has occurred. In certain circumstances, the Index Closing Value will be based on the altern under "Annex A—The Russell 2000® Index—Discontinuance of the Russell 2000® Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation."

"Index Business Day" means a day, as determined by the Calculation Agent, on which trading is generally conducted on each o Index, other than a day on which trading on such exchange(s) is scheduled to close prior to the time of the posting of its regular final

"Relevant exchange" means the primary exchange(s) or market(s) of trading for (i) any security then included in the Index, or an options contracts related to the Index or any Successor Index or to any security then included in the Index or any Successor Index.

For more information regarding Market Disruption Events with respect to the Index, discontinuance of the Index and alteration of A—The Russell 2000® Index—Market Disruption Event" and "—Discontinuance of the Russell 2000® Index; Alteration of Method of C

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

RISK FACTORS

Your investment in the Notes involves significant risks. Your decision to purchase the Notes should be made only after car investment in the Notes, including those discussed below and in the section entitled "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-2 with your advisers in light of your particular circumstances. The Notes are not an appropriate investment for you if you are significant elements of the Notes or financial matters in general. We also urge you to consult with your investment, legal, a before you invest in the Notes.

Issuer Risk

The credit risk of Lloyds Bank and LBG and their credit ratings and credit spreads may adversely affect the value of the

You are dependent on Lloyds Bank's ability to pay all amounts due on the Notes, and therefore you are subject to the credit risk market's view of Lloyds Bank's creditworthiness. In addition, because the Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Lloyds Balso dependent on the credit risk of LBG in the event that Lloyds Bank fails to make any payment or delivery required by the terms of were to default on their respective payment obligations, you may not receive any amounts owed to you under the Notes and you could credit ratings of Lloyds Bank and LBG are an assessment by rating agencies of their ability to pay their obligations, including those unanticipated decline in Lloyds Bank's and LBG's credit ratings, or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking credit value of the Notes. However, because the return on the Notes is dependent upon factors in addition to Lloyds Bank's and LBG's credit ratings will not necessarily increase the value of the Notes and will not reduce market risk and other investment risks related to

Yield Risk

The Notes are subject to interest payment risk based on the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and the Index Closing Value.

If the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is less than zero or the Index Closing Values are below the Index Reference Level for an extended pinterest on the Notes in respect of such periods of time, and the value of the Notes will decrease. It is also possible that the CMS30 the Index Closing Value will be below the Index Reference Level for so many days during any quarterly Interest Period that the intere Period will be less than the amount that would be paid on an ordinary debt security of Lloyds Bank of comparable maturity and may I CMS30/CMS5 Spread is below zero or that the Index Closing Value is less than the Index Reference Level, the market value of the N receive substantially less than 100% of the price you paid for your Notes if you wish to sell your Notes at such time.

The CMS30/CMS5 Spread for any day from and including the fifth U.S. government securities business day prior to, but Date of an Interest Period will be the CMS30/CMS5 Spread for such fifth day.

Because the CMS30/CMS5 Spread with respect to each day from and including the fifth U.S. government securities business da Payment Date for any Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Period (each such fifth day, a "CMS30/CMS5") to but excluding the fifth day is the such fifth day is the su

CMS30/CMS5 Spread in effect on such CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date, if the CMS30/CMS5 Spread on the CMS30/CMS5 Spread will not receive any interest in respect of the days from and including the CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff Date to but excluding the relet the CMS30/CMS5 Spread as actually calculated with respect to any of those days were to be greater than or equal to zero.

The Index Closing Value for any day from and including the fifth Index Business Day prior to, but excluding, the Interest Period will be the Index Closing Value for such fifth Index Business Day.

Because the Index Closing Value with respect to each day from and including the fifth Index Business Day prior to the related Interest (each such fifth day, an "Index Cutoff Date") to but excluding such related Interest Payment Date will be equal to the Index Closing Value on that Index Business Day is less than the Index Reference Level, you will not receive a from and including the Index Cutoff Date to but excluding the relevant Interest Payment Date, even if the Index Closing Value as actual were to be greater than or equal to the Index Reference Level.

The historical performance of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and the Index are not an indication of their future performance

Historical performance of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and the Index should not be taken as indications of their future performance Notes. Changes in the levels of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and the Index will affect the value of the Notes, but it is impossible to pred fall.

The Notes will be subject to early redemption at our option.

We may redeem the Notes prior to the Maturity Date on any quarterly Interest Payment Date, beginning on February 26, 2018. I you must be willing to have your Notes redeemed early. We are generally more likely to redeem the Notes during periods when we expect interest than that which we would pay on our traditional interest-bearing deposits or debt securities having a method that the Notes. In contrast, we are generally less likely to redeem the Notes during periods when we expect interest to accrue on the Notes which we would pay on those instruments. In addition, we have the right to redeem the Notes in the event of certain tax events as de Notes and the Guarantees—Redemption for Tax Reasons" in the prospectus supplement and "Description of Debt Securities—Redemption to the Maturity Date, accrued interest will be paid on the Notes until such early redemption, but you will not re-

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

payments from the Notes redeemed and you may be unable to reinvest your proceeds from the redemption in an investment with a rette Notes would have been if they had not been redeemed.

The price you pay for the Notes may be higher than the prices other investors pay for the Notes.

The Selling Agent proposes to offer the Notes from time to time for sale to investors in one or more negotiated transactions, or of at the time of sale, at prices related to then-prevailing prices, at negotiated prices, or otherwise. Accordingly, there is a risk that the phigher than the prices other investors pay for their Notes based on the date and time you made your purchase, from whom you purch transaction cost, whether you hold your Notes in a brokerage account, a fiduciary or fee-based account or another type of account a

Market Risk

The value of the Notes prior to maturity, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and the Index Closing Value will be influenced by making value of the Notes may be less than the price you paid for the Notes.

The value of the Notes will be affected by a number of factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including, but not limi CMS30/CMS5 Spread, (ii) changes in the level of the Index Closing Value, (iii) volatility of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread, (iv) volatility of yield rates, (vi) geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political and regulatory or judicial events that affect the securities com generally, and that may affect the Index, (vii) time remaining to maturity, (viii) the supply and demand for the Notes in the secondary reperceived creditworthiness of Lloyds Bank, as the Issuer of the Notes, and LBG, as the Guarantor of Lloyds Bank's obligations under anticipated downgrades in LBG's or Lloyds Bank's credit ratings.

In particular, to the extent that, during the term of the Notes, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is close to, at, or below zero or the Index below the Index Reference Level, the value of the Notes may decrease and you may receive substantially less than 100% of the pric to sell your Notes at such time.

Some or all of these factors will influence the price that you will receive if you sell your Notes prior to the Maturity Date or the Ea market, if any.

If you sell your Notes before the Maturity Date or the Early Redemption Date, the price that you receive may be less, at the price you paid for your Notes.

The price you pay for the Notes has certain built-in costs, including the Selling Agent's commission and our cost of he to be reflected in secondary market prices, if any.

In determining the economic terms of the Notes, and consequently the potential return on the Notes to you, we have taken into a Agent for distributing the Notes, which is reflected in the Selling Agent's commission described on the cover of this pricing supplementary.

with hedging our obligations under the Notes. The price you pay for the Notes reflects these factors. As a result, the value of the Note be less than the price you paid for your Notes. Assuming no change in market conditions or any other relevant factors, the price, if are another purchaser is willing to purchase the Notes in secondary market transactions will likely be less than the price you paid for your things, the fact that the price you paid for your Notes includes, and secondary market prices are likely to exclude, the Selling Agent's hedging costs associated with, the Notes. The cost of hedging includes the projected profit that may be realized in consideration for a managing the hedging transactions. These secondary market prices are also likely to be reduced by the costs of unwinding the relate be realized from the expected hedging activity even if investors do not receive a favorable investment return under the terms of the N transaction. In addition, any secondary market prices may differ from values determined by pricing models used by the Selling Agent mark-ups or other transaction costs.

Liquidity Risk

The Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities exchange or quotation system, and there may be little or no

The Notes will not have an established trading market when issued, and the Notes will not be listed or displayed on any securities accordingly, there may be little or no secondary market for the Notes and, as such, information regarding independent market pricing non-existent. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to trade or sell the Notes easily. We affiliates may purchase and sell the Notes from time to time in the secondary market, but we, the Selling Agent and/or its affiliates ar Selling Agent and/or its affiliates make such a market in the Notes, we, the Selling Agent and/or any such affiliate may stop doing so without notice. Because other dealers are not likely to make a secondary market for the Notes, the prices at which you may be able depend on the price, if any, at which we, the Selling Agent and/or its affiliates may be willing to buy the Notes. It is expected that trar market would be high and, as a result, the difference between bid and asked prices for your Notes would be significant. Accordingly, Notes until the Maturity Date, and you may incur a loss if you sell the Notes prior to the Maturity Date or the Early Redemption Date, Agent may, at any time, hold unsold inventory which may inhibit the development of a secondary market for the Notes.

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

Index-Specific Risk Factors

Adjustments to the Index could adversely affect the value of the Notes.

The publisher of the Index can add, delete or substitute the stocks comprising the Index (each, an "Index Component Stock"), a changes required by certain events relating to the Index Component Stocks, such as stock dividends, stock splits, spin-offs, rights of that could change the value of the Index. Any of these actions could adversely affect the value of the Notes. The publisher of the Index calculation or publication of the Index at any time. In these circumstances, the Calculation Agent will have the sole discretion to subscomparable to the discontinued Index. The Calculation Agent could have an economic interest that is different than that of investors in the Calculation Agent is not precluded from considering indices that are calculated and published by the Calculation Agent or any of it determines that there is no appropriate Successor Index, on any day on which the Index Closing Value is to be determined, the Index based on the stocks comprising the discontinued index at the time of such discontinuance, without rebalancing or substitution, comput accordance with the formula for calculating the Index Closing Value last in effect prior to discontinuance of the Index.

You have no shareholder rights.

As an investor in the Notes, you will not have voting rights, rights to receive dividends or other distributions or any other rights wit the Index.

Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to investing in the Index or the stocks comprising the Index.

Investing in the Notes is not equivalent to investing in the Index or its component stocks.

Hedging and trading activity by the Calculation Agent and its affiliates could potentially adversely affect the level of the

The Calculation Agent and other of its affiliates will carry out hedging activities related to the Notes (and possibly to other instrum component stocks), including trading in the Index Component Stocks as well as in other instruments related to the Index Agent and some of its other subsidiaries also trade in the Index Component Stocks and other financial instruments related to the Index general broker-dealer and other businesses. Any of these hedging or trading activities on or prior to the day the Notes are priced for potentially decrease the Index Closing Value, thus increasing the risk that the Index Closing Value will be less than the Index Reference

Conflicts of Interest

There are potential conflicts of interest between investors in the Notes and us and our affiliates and the Selling Agent

We and our affiliates and the Selling Agent and its affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the Notes, ir and hedging our obligations under the Notes. Trading activities related to interest rate movements, including short-term and long-term

instruments that may affect interest rates, have been entered into or may be entered into on behalf of us, our affiliates, the Selling Ageustomers, that are not for the account of the investors in the Notes or on their behalf. In particular, as described below under "Use of Agent and/or its affiliates may hedge our obligations under the Notes by purchasing securities, futures, options or other derivative instruments in the levels of CMS30, CMS5, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and/or the Index and its component securities, and we may adout things, purchasing or selling securities, futures, options or other derivative instruments at any time. These trading activities may present interests in the Notes and the interests we, our affiliates and the Selling Agent and its affiliates will have in each of their respective properties, including block trades and options and other derivatives transactions, for their respective customers and in accounts unmanagement. These trading activities, if they influence the levels of CMS30, CMS5, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and/or the Index or a amount of interest that may be paid on any Interest Payment Date, could be adverse to your interests as an investor in the Notes. It and/or its affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while the value of the Notes declines.

There are potential conflicts of interest between investors in the Notes and the Calculation Agent.

As Calculation Agent for your Notes, Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC, an affiliate of the Selling Agent, will have discretion in affect your Notes, including with respect to the CMS30/CMS5 Spread, the Index Closing Value, the occurrence or non-occurrence of selection of a Successor Index or calculation of the Index Closing Value in the event of a discontinuance of the Index, may adversely in respect of the Notes. The exercise of this discretion by Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC could adversely affect the value of yof interest between the investors' interests in the Notes and the interests of Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC. We may change the without notice to you.

We and our affiliates and the Selling Agent and its affiliates have published or may in the future publish reports, expressions and engage in other transactions that could adversely affect the value of the Notes.

We and our affiliates and the Selling Agent and its affiliates have published or may in the future publish reports from time to time matters that may influence the value of the Notes or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchas reports, opinions or recommendations may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. I independent investigation of the merits of investing in the Notes.

We and the Selling Agent or any of its affiliates also may issue, underwrite or assist unaffiliated entities in the issuance or underwind instruments that may have features similar to those of the Notes, including similar rates of interest or maturities. By introducing comp this manner, we and the Selling Agent or its affiliates could adversely affect the value of the Notes.

	http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1160106/
Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000® Index a 2033	and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due
Suitability of Investment	
The Notes may not be a suitable investment for you under certain ci	ircumstances.
The Notes may not be a suitable investment for you, if, among other thing	s:

you are unwilling to forgo guaranteed market interest rates for the term of the Notes;

you believe that the CMS30/CMS5 Spread will be below 0.00%, or that the Index Closing Values will be below the Index Ref
of time during the term of the Notes;

you are unable to accept the risk that the Notes may pay interest at a very low rate or even zero interest in respect of any Ir

- \cdot you seek assurances that there will be a liquid market if and when you want to sell the Notes prior to maturity;
- you are unwilling to accept the risk that the Notes may be redeemed prior to maturity, and are unwilling or unable to accept t
 reinvest the proceeds of such redemption in an investment with a return that is as high as the return on the Notes would have
 or
- you are unwilling or are unable to assume the credit risk associated with Lloyds Bank, as the Issuer of the Notes, and LBG, obligations under the Notes.

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

HYPOTHETICAL INTEREST RATE AND INTEREST PAYMENT CALCULATIONS

As described above, the Notes will pay interest on each Interest Payment Date for each day that (A) the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is grades (B) the closing level of the Russell 2000[®] Index is greater than or equal to the Index Reference Level. The following illustrates the printerest payment amount are determined.

For purposes of these examples, we assume that the Notes are not being redeemed on the applicable Interest Payment Date pursua the Issuer provisions above. If we exercise our redemption option, you will receive on the Early Redemption Date the Redemption P Redemption Date, calculated as described above.

Interest Rate Calculation

Step 1: Determine the number of days in the Interest Period with respect to which the CMS30/CMS5 Spread was greated undex Closing Value was greater than or equal to the Index Reference Level.

For each Interest Period, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and Index Closing Value are determined with respect to each day of such Interest CMS30/CMS5 Spread Cutoff and Index Cutoff). For each calendar day in an Interest Period with respect to which (i) the CMS30/CM to 0.00% **and** (ii) the Index Closing Value is greater than or equal to the Index Reference Level (each such day, an "**Accrual Day**"), in rate of 7.00% for that day. However, if on any calendar day in an Interest Period the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is less than 0.00% **or** the Index Reference Level, interest will accrue at a rate of 0.00% *per annum* for that day.

Step 2: Calculate the per annum interest rate for each Interest Payment Date.

For each Interest Period, the *per annum* rate payable is determined by multiplying the *per annum* rate of 7.00% by a fraction equal calculated for such Interest Period divided by the total number of calendar days in such Interest Period. If there are no Accrual Days any interest on the Notes for that Interest Period. See "*Risk Factors—The Notes are subject to interest payment risk based on the Closing Value*".

Step 3: Calculate the interest payment amount payable for each Interest Payment Date.

For each Interest Period, once the Calculation Agent has determined the applicable *per annum* interest rate, the Calculation Agent we Interest Period by multiplying such rate by the applicable day-count fraction. The resulting effective rate is then multiplied by the relevant determine the actual interest amount payable on the related Interest Payment Date. No adjustments to the amount of interest calcular Interest Payment Date is not a Business Day.



Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

Example Interest Rate and Interest Payment Calculations

The following table illustrates the hypothetical quarterly interest payments that would accrue on the Notes based on the total number which the CMS30/CMS5 Spread is greater than or equal to 0.00% **and** the Index Closing Value is greater than or equal to the Index assumes (i) that the relevant Interest Period contains 90 calendar days, (ii) that each year consists of 365 days, (iii) quarterly Interest payments will be calculated using an Actual/Actual day count basis (such that the applicable day-count fraction for the quarterly interest the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by the actual number of days in the particular year).

These values and assumptions have been chosen arbitrarily for the purpose of these examples, and should not be taken as indicative or the future performance of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread or the Index Closing Value. The actual quarterly Interest Rate and payments calendar days in each Interest Period and the actual Index Closing Value and CMS30/CMS5 Spread on each day. The applicable Interest Period will be determined on a *per annum* basis but will apply only to that Interest Period. The specific terms for each issuance of N such Notes are priced. These examples assume that the Notes are held until maturity and do not take into account any tax consequences.

Accrual Days in Interest Period	Calendar Days in Interest Period	Accrual Percentage	Accrual Rate	Applicable <i>per</i> <i>annum</i> Interest Rate	Actual / Actual Day Count Fraction
(N)	(ACT)	(N/ACT)	7.00%	(Accrual Rate x Accrual Percentage)	(90/365)
0	90	0.00%	7.00%	0.0000%	0.246575
10	90	11.11%	7.00%	0.7778%	0.246575
20	90	22.22%	7.00%	1.5556%	0.246575
25	90	27.78%	7.00%	1.9444%	0.246575
35	90	38.89%	7.00%	2.7222%	0.246575
50	90	55.56%	7.00%	3.8889%	0.246575
75	90	83.33%	7.00%	5.8333%	0.246575
90	90	100.00%	7.00%	7.0000%	0.246575

We cannot predict the actual CMS30/CMS5 Spread or Index Closing Value on any day or the value of the Notes. The actual the Notes will receive on each Interest Payment Date and the rate of return on the Notes will depend on the number of Acc Period as determined by the Calculation Agent over the term of the Notes. Consequently, the interest amount to be paid in Interest Payment Date may be very different from the information reflected in the table above.



Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The CMS30/CMS5 Spread

We have provided the following historical information to help you evaluate the behavior of the CMS30/CMS5 Spread in various perbetween CMS30 and CMS5 should not be taken as an indication of the future difference between CMS30 and CMS5 or the performation CMS Rates and interest rate trends that have occurred in the past are not necessarily indicative of fluctuations that may occur in the narrower than those that have occurred historically.

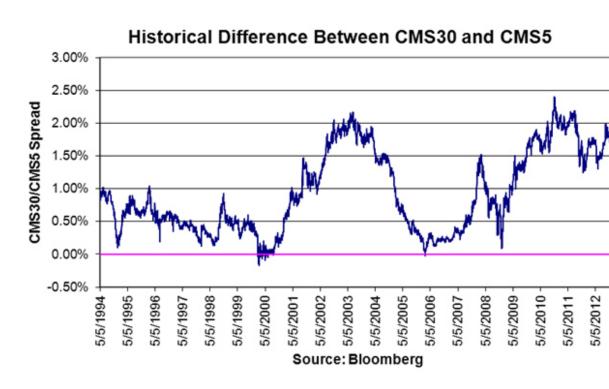
The following table shows historical month-end values for the CMS30/CMS5 Spread from January 2008 through February 21, 20 and CMS5 as published by Bloomberg L.P. ("**Bloomberg**"). The graph below shows historical daily differences between the CMS R February 21, 2013 based on the CMS Rates as published by Bloomberg. We do not make any representation or warranty as to the historical data in the table and graph below. The Calculation Agent will determine the actual Interest Rate on the Notes for each Inte of CMS30 and CMS5 as published on the ISDAFIX1 Page.

Historical Difference between CMS30 and CMS5 (1)

1.28900%	0.88300%	4.755000/		
4 400000/	0.000070	1.75500%	2.12640%	1.65
1.49900%	0.79690%	1.81900%	1.94000%	1.67
1.34450%	1.03150%	1.78600%	1.82200%	1.76
1.01650%	1.07380%	1.67700%	2.01250%	1.73
0.88500%	1.25700%	1.63200%	2.04450%	1.38
0.71300%	1.22600%	1.64550%	2.03950%	1.53
0.85150%	1.29850%	1.93550%	2.18450%	1.52
0.80500%	1.32600%	1.57700%	1.98050%	1.69
0.61770%	1.28500%	1.83000%	1.44150%	1.84
0.63590%	1.48200%	2.21150%	1.63900%	1.77
0.27150%	1.70450%	2.08390%	1.41680%	1.82
0.57400%	1.55630%	1.93130%	1.39100%	1.93
	1.49900% 1.34450% 1.01650% 0.88500% 0.71300% 0.85150% 0.80500% 0.61770% 0.63590% 0.27150%	1.49900% 0.79690% 1.34450% 1.03150% 1.01650% 1.07380% 0.88500% 1.25700% 0.71300% 1.22600% 0.85150% 1.29850% 0.80500% 1.32600% 0.61770% 1.28500% 0.63590% 1.48200% 0.27150% 1.70450%	1.49900% 0.79690% 1.81900% 1.34450% 1.03150% 1.78600% 1.01650% 1.07380% 1.67700% 0.88500% 1.25700% 1.63200% 0.71300% 1.22600% 1.64550% 0.85150% 1.29850% 1.93550% 0.80500% 1.32600% 1.57700% 0.61770% 1.28500% 1.83000% 0.63590% 1.48200% 2.21150% 0.27150% 1.70450% 2.08390%	1.49900% 0.79690% 1.81900% 1.94000% 1.34450% 1.03150% 1.78600% 1.82200% 1.01650% 1.07380% 1.67700% 2.01250% 0.88500% 1.25700% 1.63200% 2.04450% 0.71300% 1.22600% 1.64550% 2.03950% 0.85150% 1.29850% 1.93550% 2.18450% 0.80500% 1.32600% 1.57700% 1.98050% 0.61770% 1.28500% 1.83000% 1.44150% 0.63590% 1.48200% 2.21150% 1.63900% 0.27150% 1.70450% 2.08390% 1.41680%

⁽¹⁾ The Interest Rate for any Interest Period is determined by multiplying (a) the Accrual Rate of 7.00% by (b) a fraction equal to determined for such Interest Period divided by the total number of calendar days in such Interest Period.

⁽²⁾ As measured on February 21, 2013.



Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

The Index

The following table sets forth the published high and low Index Closing Values, as well as end-of-quarter Index Closing Values, for ea 1, 2008 through February 21, 2013. The graph following the table sets forth the Index Closing Values from January 1, 1993 through Closing Value for February 21, 2013 was 905.40. We obtained the information in the table below from Bloomberg, without independ of the Index should not be taken as an indication of future performance, and no assurance can be given as to the level of the Index of the Notes. The graph below does not reflect the return the Notes would have had during the period presented because it does not to CMS30/CMS5 Spread or our redemption right.

Index Closing Value	High	Low
2008		
First Quarter	753.55	643.97
Second Quarter	763.27	686.07
Third Quarter	754.38	657.72
Fourth Quarter	671.59	385.31
2009		
First Quarter	514.71	343.26
Second Quarter	531.68	429.16
Third Quarter	620.69	479.27
Fourth Quarter	634.07	562.40
2010		
First Quarter	690.30	586.49
Second Quarter	741.92	609.49
Third Quarter	677.64	590.03
Fourth Quarter	792.35	669.45
2011		
First Quarter	843.55	773.18
Second Quarter	865.29	777.20
Third Quarter	858.11	643.42
Fourth Quarter	765.43	609.49
2012		
First Quarter	846.13	747.28
Second Quarter	840.63	737.24
Third Quarter	864.70	767.75
Fourth Quarter	852.49	769.48
2013		
First Quarter (through February 21, 2013)	932.00	872.60



The bold line in the graph indicates the Index Reference Level of 724.32.

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

TAX CONSEQUENCES

You should review carefully the section in the prospectus supplement entitled "U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences." We inte debt instruments" for U.S. federal income tax purposes and we expect them to be treated as issued without original issue discount. respected, you will be required to include stated interest in income at the time it accrues or is received, in accordance with your meth income tax purposes, and any gain or loss realized upon the sale, exchange or redemption of the Notes generally will be capital gain respect to the Notes will be foreign-source income.

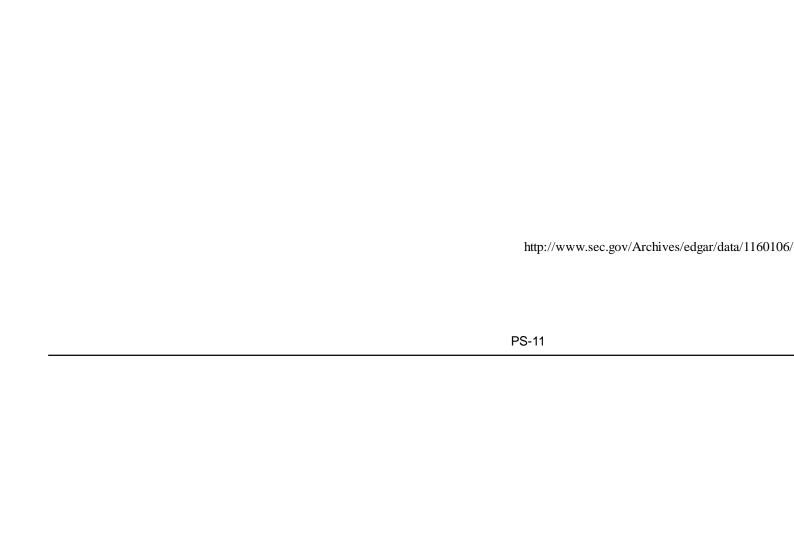
It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service could determine that the above treatment of the Notes is incorrect and that the Notes instruments for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Any such determination could have adverse U.S. federal income tax consequences were properly treated as contingent payment debt instruments, any income recognized upon a sale or exchange of a Note (incat maturity) would be treated as interest income for U.S. federal income tax purposes. You should consult your tax adviser regarding consequences to you if the Notes were properly treated as contingent payment debt instruments.

For a discussion of U.K. tax considerations relating to the Notes, you should refer to the section in the prospectus supplement e Kingdom."

You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the Notes, as well as tax or any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

VALIDITY OF THE NOTES

In the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, when the Notes have been executed and issued by the Issuer and the Guarantor ar pursuant to the Indenture, and delivered against payment as contemplated herein, the Notes will constitute valid and binding obligation guarantee will constitute a valid and binding obligation of the Guarantor, in each case enforceable in accordance with their terms, subsinsolvency and similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally, concepts of reasonableness and equitable principles of general applic date hereof and is limited to the laws of the State of New York. Insofar as this opinion involves matters governed by Scots law, Davi without independent inquiry or investigation, on the opinion of Dundas & Wilson CS LLP, dated December 20, 2012 and filed by the Grom 6-K on December 20, 2012. Insofar as this opinion involves matters governed by English law, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP has investigation, on the opinion of Linklaters LLP, dated December 20, 2012 and filed by the Guarantor as an exhibit to a Report on Forn opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP is subject to the same assumptions, qualifications and limitations with respect to such matters Dundas & Wilson CS LLP and Linklaters LLP. In addition, the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP is subject to customary assumptions of the Notes, the trustee's authorization, execution and delivery of the Indenture and its authentication of the Notes, and the val of the Indenture with respect to the trustee, all as stated in the opinion of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP dated December 20, 2012, whe exhibit to a Report on Form 6-K on December 20, 2012.



Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

USE OF PROCEEDS; HEDGING

The net proceeds from the sale of the Notes will be used as described under "Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus and to hedge mark with its obligation to pay the applicable interest payments and the payment amount at maturity of the Notes.

We, the Selling Agent and/or its affiliates may hedge our obligations under the Notes by, among other things, purchasing securities, for instruments with returns linked or related to changes in the levels of CMS30, CMS5, the CMS30/CMS5 Spread and/or the Index, and among other things, purchasing or selling securities, futures, options or other derivative instruments at any time. Our cost of hedging our counterparty expects to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in hedging our obligations under the Notes. Becau and may be influenced by market forces beyond our or our counterparty's control, such hedging may result in a profit that is more or a loss. It is possible that we, the Selling Agent and/or its affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging activities while

We have no obligation to engage in any manner of hedging activity and we will do so solely at our discretion and for our own account rights or interest in our hedging activity or any positions we or any unaffiliated counterparty may take in connection with our hedging activity or any positions.

The hedging activity discussed above may adversely affect the value of the Notes from time to time. See "Risk Factors—The price y built-in costs, including the Selling Agent's commission and our cost of hedging, both of which are expected to be reflected in seco "Risk Factors—There may be potential conflicts of interest between investors in the Notes and us and our affiliates and the Selling supplement for a discussion of these adverse effects.

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We have agreed to sell to Morgan Stanley and Co. LLC, as the Selling Agent, and the Selling Agent has agreed to purchase from us Notes specified on the front cover of this pricing supplement at \$965.00 per \$1,000.00 of principal amount of the Notes, resulting in a \$6,755,000.00. The Selling Agent will receive commissions from us of up to \$35.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount of the Notes, or uprincipal amount of the Notes, and may retain all or a portion of these commissions or use all or a portion of these commissions to pa dealers. The Selling Agent has informed us that such concessions may vary from dealer to dealer and that not all dealers will purchase same concession. You can find more information in the section entitled "Supplemental Plan of Distribution" on page S-26 of the prosp

The Notes will be offered from time to time in one or more negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of emarket prices, at prices related to such prevailing prices, or at negotiated prices; *provided*, however, that such price will not be less amount of the Notes and will not be greater than \$1,000.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount of the Notes.

The Selling Agent has agreed to reimburse us for certain expenses relating to the offering in an amount up to \$21,000.00.

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1160106/
We have entered or will enter into one or more hedging transactions in connection with this offering of Notes. See "Use of Proceeds; ime to time, the Selling Agent and its affiliates have engaged, and in the future may engage, in transactions with us and have perform services for us for which they have been, and may be, paid customary fees. In particular, an affiliate of the Selling Agent is our swap obligations under the Notes and will be paid customary fees in connection with such hedging.
n the future, the Selling Agent or any of its affiliates may repurchase and resell the offered Notes in market-making transactions, wit related to prevailing market prices at the time of resale or at negotiated prices.
The Notes are a new issue of securities with no established trading market. We have been advised by the Selling Agent that the Sel n the Notes, but it is not obligated to do so and may discontinue market making at any time for any reason without notice. No assure existence of any trading market for the Notes.
PS-12

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

Annex A—The Russell 2000® Index

We have derived all information contained in this pricing supplement regarding the Russell 2000® Index, including, without limic calculation and changes in its components, from publicly available information. Such information reflects the policies of, and is subject ("Russell"). We have not participated in the preparation of, or independently verified, such publicly available information. The Russel Russell Investment Group (formerly, Frank Russell Company) and is calculated, maintained and published by Russell, a subsidiary of has no obligation to publish, and may discontinue the publication of, the Russell 2000® Index.

The Russell 2000® Index is reported by Bloomberg L.P. under the ticker symbol "RTY."

The Russell 2000[®] Index measures the capitalization-weighted performance of the small-cap stocks included in the Russell 2 **Component Stocks**") and is designed to track the performance of the small capitalization segment of the U.S. equity market. All stocks are traded on a major U.S. exchange. The companies included in the Russell 2000[®] Index are the middle 2,000 of the companied, which is composed of the 4,000 largest U.S. companies as determined by market capitalization and represents approximately Russell 3000E™ Index is not the same as the Russell 3000[®] Index, which is a subset of the Russell 3000E™ Index.

Selection of stocks underlying the Russell 2000® Index. The Russell 2000® Index is a sub-index of the Russell 3000E™ Index, and, consequently, the Russell 2000® Index, a company's stock must be listed on the last trading day in May have access to documentation verifying the company's eligibility for inclusion. Eligible initial public offerings are added to Russell U.S quarter, based on total market capitalization rankings within the market-adjusted capitalization breaks established during the most recany Russell U.S. index during a quarter outside of reconstitution, initial public offerings must meet additional eligibility criteria.

U.S. companies are eligible for inclusion in the Russell 3000E™ Index and, consequently, the Russell 2000® Index. Russell determining U.S. companies. If a company incorporates, has a stated headquarters location, and also trades in the same country (A company is assigned to its country of incorporation. If any of the three do not match, Russell then defines 3 Home Country Indicators country of Headquarters, and country of the most liquid exchange as defined by 2-year average daily dollar trading volume (ADDTV). compares the primary location of the company's assets with the 3 HCls. If the primary location of assets matches any of the HCls, the primary asset location. However, if there is not enough information to determine a company's primary country of assets, Russell uses company's revenue for the same cross-comparison and assigns the company to its home country in a similar fashion. Russell uses are revenue data for analysis to reduce potential turnover. If conclusive country details cannot be derived from assets or revenue, Russe where its headquarters are located unless the country is a Benefit Driven Incorporation (BDI) country; in which case, the company will most liquid stock exchange. The BDI countries are Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bermuda, British Vir Islands, Cook Islands, Faroe Islands, Gibraltar, Isle of Man, Liberia, Marshall Islands, Panama, Saba, Sint Eustatius, Sint Maarten and Islands, Panama, Saba, Sint Eustatiu

The following securities are specifically excluded from the Russell 2000[®] Index: (i) stocks that are not traded on a major U.S convertible preferred stock, redeemable shares, participating preferred stock, warrants, rights; and trust receipts; (iii) royalty trusts,

investment companies (Business Development Companies ("BDCs") are eligible), blank check companies, special purpose acquisitio partnerships, and (iv) certain companies that produce unrelated business taxable income.

The primary criterion used to determine the initial list of securities eligible for the Russell 3000E™ Index is total market capital of the shares times the total number of available shares. All common stock share classes are combined in determining market capital have been combined, the price of the primary trading vehicle (usually the most liquid) is used in the calculations. In cases where the independently of each other (e.g., tracking stocks), each class is considered for inclusion separately. A stock must have a closing prexchange) on the last trading day in May to be eligible for inclusion in the Russell 2000® Index. In order to reduce unnecessary turnor member of the Russell 2000® Index is less than \$1.00 on the last trading day in May, it will be considered eligible if the average of the exchange) during the month of May is equal to or greater than \$1.00. Quarterly IPO additions must have a close price at or above \$1.00 (on its primary May, but does have a close price at or above \$1.00 on another major U.S. exchange, the stock will be eligible for inclusion.

Companies with a total market capitalization of less than \$30 million are not eligible for inclusion in the Russell 3000E™ Index. Companies with only a small portion of their shares available in the marketplace are not eligible for inclusion in the Russell 2000® Index. Companies with 5% or less float will be removed from eligibility.

The Russell 2000® Index is reconstituted annually to reflect changes in the marketplace. The list of companies is ranked bas the last trading day in May, with the actual reconstitution effective on the first trading day following the final Friday of June each year, of any year is the 28th, 29th or 30th, reconstitution will occur on the preceding Friday. Changes in the constituents are pre-announce corporate activity occurs or if any new information is received prior to release.

Eligible IPOs are added to the Russell 2000[®] Index at the end of each calendar quarter. An IPO is defined as any IPO newly public for general investment. IPOs are added each quarter to make sure new additions to the investing opportunity set are reflected security traded publicly previously, even on a restricted basis, it is not eligible for inclusion as an IPO. Such a stock may, however, be period, along with other eligible securities.

Senior Callable Range Accrual Notes Linked to the Russell 2000[®] Index and the Difference Between CMS30 and CMS5 due 2033

Market Capitalization. Russell calculates the total market capitalization of each security to determine whether it is large eno 3000E™ Index, and consequently, the Russell 2000® Index. Total market capitalization is determined by multiplying total outstanding last trading day in May for those securities being considered at annual reconstitution. IPO eligibility is determined each quarter.

Common stock, non-restricted exchangeable shares and partnership units/membership interests (in certain cases, see below calculate a company's total market capitalization. Exchangeable Shares are shares which may be exchanged at any time, at the hold for common stock. Membership or partnership units/interests represent an economic interest in a limited liability company or limited membership or partnership units/interests as part of total market capitalization when the company in question is merely a holding comissues membership or partnership units/interests and when these membership units are the company's sole asset. This is not to be curits that are issued in conjunction with UPREITs. In these cases, total market capitalization will be calculated based on 100% of the

Any other form of shares—such as preferred or convertible preferred stock, redeemable shares, participating preferred stock receipts—are excluded from the calculation. If multiple share classes of common stock exist, they are combined. In cases where the independently of each other (e.g., tracking stocks), each class is considered for inclusion separately.

During annual reconstitution, the last price traded on the last trading day in May on the primary exchange is used to determined does not trade on its primary exchange, the lowest price from another major U.S. exchange is used. In the case where multiple shar vehicle is determined, and the price of that primary trading vehicle (usually the most liquid) is used.

Primary trading vehicles are determined by the last two years' average trading volume, as of the last trading day in May. For class with the highest trading volume will be considered the primary trading vehicle, and its associated price and trading symbol will be Index, and consequently, the Russell 2000® Index. If the volume of each share class is within 20% of each other, the share class with used. For share classes without two years of history, all available volume data is used. At least 100 day trading volume is necessary vehicle for existing members. New members will be analyzed on all available data, even if that data is for less than 100 days. If appropriate classes will be represented on a mathematically equivalent basis.

IPOs are added to the Russell 3000E™ Index on the basis of total market capitalization ranking within the market-adjusted of during the most recent reconstitution. Country assignment determination on IPOs is made using data provided in prospectuses or 10 capitalization breaks are made using the returns of the broad markets Russell 3000E™ Index, and consequently, the Russell 2000® I

In order to be added during a quarter outside of reconstitution, an IPO must meet all Russell U.S. Index eligibility requirement the following criteria on the final trading day of the month prior to quarter-end: (1) it is priced and traded; and (2) it ranks larger in tot market-adjusted smallest company in the Russell 3000E™ Index as of the latest June reconstitution.

Once the market capitalization for each security is determined by use of total shares and price, each security is placed in the capitalization-based index. The largest 4,000 securities become members of the Russell 3000E™ Index. The market capitalization Index are the market capitalizations for the 1,000th and 3,000th largest companies in the Russell 3000E™ Index as of the latest June

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After the initial market capitalization breakpoints are determined, new members are assigned on the basis of the breakpoints to determine if they fall within a cumulative 5% market cap range around these new market capitalization breakpoints. If an existing cumulative 5% of the market capitalization breakpoint, it will remain in its current index rather than be moved to a different market capitalization breakpoint.

Capitalization Adjustments. The following types of shares are removed from total market capitalization to arrive at free float capitalization. Adjustments are based on information recorded in SEC corporate filings, including DEF 14, 424B, and 10K filings, or omissing or questionable data (note that 13F filings are not reviewed).

- Cross-ownership by another member of a Russell index corporate cross-ownership occurs when shares of a company in another member of a Russell index (including Russell global indexes), and all shares will be adjusted regardless of any percentage.
- 2. Large corporate and private shares large corporate and private holdings are defined as those shares held by an individual together or a corporation not in the Russell 2000[®] Index that own 10% or more of the shares outstanding. However, not to be institutional holdings, including investment companies, partnerships, insurance companies, mutual funds, banks or venture cap direct relationship to the company, such as board representation. In that case, they are considered strategic holdings and an group;

ESOP or LESOP shares — corporations that have Employee Stock Ownership Plans that comprise 10% or more of the sha

- 4. Unlisted share classes classes of common stock that are not traded on a U.S. exchange are adjusted;
- 5. IPO lock-ups shares locked-up during an initial public offering are not available to the public and will be excluded from the enters the Russell 2000® Index; and
- 6. Government Holdings:
 - o Direct government holders: Those holdings listed as "government of" are considered unavailable and will be removed

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from available shares:

- Indirect government holders: Shares held by government investment boards and/or investment arms will be treated s removed if the holding is greater than 10%; and
- o Government pensions: Any holding by a government pension plan is considered an institutional holding and will not be

Timing and Treatment of Corporate Actions. Changes to the Russell 3000ETM Index, and consequently, the Russell 2000[®] In final. To determine whether an action has been completed, Russell uses a variety of reliable public sources. The sources of this informal releases, SEC filings, exchange notifications and Bloomberg or other sources Russell deems reliable. If it is determined that an action was given to clients, the changes to the index will still occur.

Prior to the completion of an action, Russell estimates the effective date of the corporate action on the basis of the same ab becomes available, Russell will revise the anticipated effective date and ultimately move it to a final, confirmed status. Final status w preliminary status unless in the event of an error and the correction can be made prior to 11:30 a.m. on the day the action is effective

Depending upon the time an action is determined to be final, Russell will either (1) apply the action after the close of the curr action after the close of the following day, referred to as a "delayed action." The impact of the action and the effective date will be a schedule throughout the day.

Corporate Actions Affecting the Russell 2000® Index. The following summarizes the types of Russell 2000® Index maintenal whether or not a Russell 2000® Index adjustment is required.

- "No Replacement" Rule Securities that leave the Russell 2000[®] Index for any reason (e.g., mergers, acquisitions or other replaced. Thus, the number of securities in the Russell 2000[®] Index over the year will fluctuate according to corporate activity.
- 2. Mergers and Acquisitions Mergers and acquisitions (M&A) result in changes to the membership and to the weighting of m M&A activity is applied to the index after the action is determined to be final, providing appropriate notice.
 - o Merger or acquisition between members of the Russell 3000E™ Index or a Russell global index In the event a members of the Russell 3000E™ Index or a Russell global index, the target company is deleted from the index and t simultaneously moves to the acquiring company's stock, according to the merger terms. Cross-ownership of the sur weighted average (by market value) of the cross-ownership of the two (or more) previous companies prior to the methe Russell effective date are used for this determination. Given sufficient market hours after the confirmation of the after the close on the last day of trade of the target company.
 - o If Russell is able to determine the status of the action to be final prior to 1:00 p.m. Eastern These actions will be

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day. Deletes will be removed at the last traded price, and increases to shares outstanding of the acquiring company

- o If Russell is able to determine the status of the action to be final after 1:00 p.m. Eastern These actions will be deapplied after the close of the following day. A synthetic position of the company will remain in the index for one day, acquired entity or merged entity will be established. The calculated price is determined by the terms of the action are the acquiring company. For real-time calculations, intra-day trading will reflect a stale price for the acquired entity. I default terms will be used.
- o Merger or acquisition between an index member and a non-member A non-member is defined as a company that 3000E™ Index or a Russell global index. The merger between an index member and a non-member can involve either company is an existing member and the target company is not; or (2) the target company is an existing member and target company is the index member, it is deleted from the index after the action is determined as final. Cumulative in company decreases. If the acquiring company is the index member, its shares are adjusted by adding the target company amonth-end share adjustment (if the increase in shares is greater than 5%).
- o Cross-border M&A In the event of a merger or acquisition in which the acquiring company and the target company applies the action when the merger is determined as final. The target company is deleted from its local country index capitalization moves to the acquiring stock according to the merger terms. Cumulative market capitalization of the target company decreases by the same amount.
- o Reverse mergers When a Russell 3000E™ Index member is acquired or merged with a private, non-publicly-trad Russell will review the action to determine whether it is considered a reverse merger. A reverse merger is defined a publicly traded company that meets all requirements for inclusion in a Russell index. If it is determined that an action rules will be applied:
 - The newly formed entity will be placed in the appropriate market capitalization index after the close of the damerger. The delay is necessary to capture an opening price. Index placement will be

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determined by using the market-adjusted breakpoints from the last reconstitution.

- The acquired company will be simultaneously removed from the current index, capturing synthetic performant
- · Cross-ownership will be determined on the basis of the most recent SEC filings.
- Standard action The acquired company is deleted after the action is final.
- o If Russell is able to determine the status of the action to be final prior to 1:00 p.m. Eastern Actions resulting in a cremoval after the close of the current day at the last traded price.
- o If Russell is able to determine the status of the action to be final after 1:00 p.m. Eastern These actions will be deapplied after the close of the following day. The deleted company will remain in the index at a stale price, based on the removed the following day at a synthetic price of the acquiring company.
- 3. Reincorporations Members of the index that are reincorporated to another country are analyzed for country assignment the as long as they continue to trade in the U.S. Companies that reincorporate and no longer trade in the U.S. are immediately deplaced in the appropriate country within a Russell global index. Those that reincorporate to the U.S. during the year will be as membership.
- Reclassifications of shares (primary vehicles) Primary vehicles will not be assessed or changed outside of a reconstitution ceases to exist. In the event of extenuating circumstances signaling a necessary primary vehicle change, proper notification vehicles.
- 5. Rights offers Russell will only adjust the index to account for a shareholder rights offering of eligible securities if the subset discount to the market price of the securities. Provided Russell has been alerted to the rights offer prior to the ex-date, a prior the open on the ex-date to account for the value of the rights, and shares increased according to the terms of the offering. Transferable and non-transferable rights. If Russell is unable to provide prior notice, the price adjustment and share increase notice is given. In these circumstances the price of the stock involved is adjusted to delay the performance due to the rights.
- Changes to shares outstanding Changes to shares outstanding due to buybacks (including Dutch auctions), secondary off
 non-index member and other potential changes are updated at the end of the month in which the change is reflected in vendo
 by Russell by use of an SEC filing.

For a change in shares to occur, the cumulative change to available shares must be greater than 5%. These share changes at three trading days prior to month-end and include shares provided by the vendor and verified by Russell four days prior to mat reconstitution is applied to the new shares issued or bought back. For example, assuming that a new issuance of 1,000 sl available shares and that the current float factor is 50%, 500 shares would be added to the index. (Note: If any new shares

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the filing, that portion will not be added to the index.)

November and December month-end share changes, as well as fourth-quarter IPO additions, will be processed as one even each December. This is a result of low liquidity in the financial markets at year end and the proximity of a separate Novembe

June month-end share changes are not processed at month end; residual share changes that are not addressed as part of the rolled into the following July month end process.

7. Spin-offs — A spin-off is a new entity resulting from the spinning-off of assets and equity from a parent company. In a pure s 100% of its ownership interests in a subsidiary operation as dividends to its existing shareholders. After the spin-off, there a held firms with exactly the same shareholder base and cumulative market capitalization as the original company.

If the price of a spin-off is not available, a price will be established by first using an exchange provided estimate or a Russell-does not provide one. After the close of trading on the ex-date, a synthetic price/performance will be calculated to account for spin-off. This price/performance is calculated to capture accurate performance of both the spin-off and parent for the day. No only the estimated performance on the parent and subsidiary companies as actual performance is not captured until end of description.

- 8. Domestic spin-offs Spin-off companies are added to the Russell indexes at the time they are spun-off from their parent co
 - The spun-off company meets all index eligibility requirements and its market cap is larger than the market ac smallest company in the Russell 3000ETM Index at the latest reconstitution. (If the spun-off company is to be indexes, the smallest stock in the Russell global indexes will be used as the basis of eligibility.)
 - The newly formed entity will be placed in the parent's index on the completion date.
 - The parent company's market value will be reduced simultaneously on the Russell effective date.
- Cross-border spin-offs If the parent company spins off an entity that is incorporated in a different country, the spun-off cocountry according to the country-assignment rules discussed above and may become a member of the Russell global indexe between domestic or cross-border spin-off additions.

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- 10. Tender offers in the case of a cash tender offer, the target company will be removed from the index when:
 - · The offer period completes (initial, extension or subsequent); and
 - · Shareholders have validly tendered, not withdrawn, and the shares have been accepted for payment; and
 - · All regulatory requirements have been fulfilled; and
 - The acquiring company is able to finalize the acquisition via short-form merger, top-up option or other compu

If the requirements have been fulfilled, with the exception being that the acquirer is unable to finalize the acquisition through a adjustment will be applied to the target company's float- adjusted shares if they have decreased by 30% or more, and the te closed. The adjustment will occur on a date pre-announced by Russell.

11. Delisting — Only companies listed on U.S. exchanges are included in the Russell 3000E™ Index, and consequently, the Russ company is delisted from a U.S. exchange and moved to OTC, the company is removed from the Russell 3000E™ Index, an Index. When this occurs, the company is removed either at the close of the current day at the last traded price, or the follow

Securities continuing to trade on the primary exchange (non-halted):

- o If Russell determines the status of the action to be final prior to 1:00 p.m. Eastern: These deletes will be applied after the last traded price.
- o If Russell determines the status of the action to be final after 1:00 p.m. Eastern: These deletes will be deemed "dela after the close of the following day, using the closing OTC price.

Securities previously halted that fail to trade on the primary exchange prior to being moved to OTC will always be removed t price, regardless of the time of notification.

- 12. Bankruptcy and voluntary liquidations Companies filing for Chapter 7 bankruptcy or that have filed a liquidation plan will be Index, and consequently, the Russell 2000[®] Index, at the time of filing. Companies filing for Chapter 11 reorganization bankru index, unless the companies are delisted from the primary exchange. In that case, normal delisting rules will apply. If a compand it can be confirmed that it will not trade OTC, Russell may remove the stock at a nominal price of \$0.0001.
- 13. Change of company structure In the event a company changes its corporate designation from that of a Business Developed the member as ineligible for index inclusion and provide two days' notice of its removal.

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- 14. Stock distributions Stock distributions can take two forms: (1) a stated amount of stock distributed on the ex-date, or (2) based on earnings and profits to be distributed at a future date. In both cases, a price adjustment is done on the ex-date of on the ex-date for category (1) and on the pay-date for category (2).
- Dividends Gross dividends are included in the daily total return calculation of the indexes on the basis of their ex-dates. The pay-date because the marketplace price adjustment for the dividend occurs on the ex-date. If a dividend is payable in stock be determined by the ex-date, the dividend is treated as all cash.
 - o Regular cash dividends Regular cash dividends are those paid to shareholders out of a company's profits or rese the total return and are reinvested across the index at the close on the dividend ex-date. Monthly, quarterly and annu compounding the reinvestment of dividends daily. The reinvestment and compounding is at the total index level, not a
 - o Special cash dividends In addition to paying regular dividends, a company may at times pay special cash dividend company's regular dividend schedule and can occur for a variety of reasons, such as a major litigation win, the sale converted investment. For special cash dividends, the price of the stock is adjusted to deduct the dividend amount before the occur.
- Halted securities When a stock's trading has been halted, Russell holds the security at its most recent closing price until to delisted.

In addition, Russell will review stocks in two categories for removal: (1) Stocks halted due to financial difficulty/debt or cash to 40 calendar days or (2) those stocks suspended due to exchange listing rules or legal regulatory issues longer than one cale removal will be made on a case-by-case basis and based upon reasonable likelihood of trade resumption and likelihood of reholders.

Should removal be deemed appropriate, announcement will be made with monthly share changes and removed on month-enthe actual value used is .0001, in local currency).

Stocks that are scheduled for removal but suspended or not trading through reconstitution due to low liquidity or those that a other governing body due to liquidity issues will be monitored for trade resumption. Once trading resumes, these securities was announcement as usual. Securities will be removed using the primary exchange close price.

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Market Disruption Event

Market Disruption Event means, with respect to the Index, the occurrence or existence of any of the following events, as determined sole discretion: (i)(a) a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading of stocks then constituting 20 percent or more of the value Index (as defined below) on the relevant exchanges for such securities for more than two hours of trading or during the one-half hour principal trading session on such relevant exchange; or (b) a breakdown or failure in the price and trade reporting systems of any relevant exported trading prices for stocks then constituting 20 percent or more of the value of the Index (or the Successor Index) during the close of the principal trading session on such relevant exchange are materially inaccurate; or (c) the suspension, material limitation or U.S. securities market for trading in futures or options contracts or exchange traded funds related to the Index (or the Successor Index) or during the one-half hour period preceding the close of the principal trading session on such market; and (ii) a determination by the that any event described above materially interfered with the ability of the Issuer or any of its affiliates to unwind or adjust all or a material trade of the Notes.

For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists at any time, if trading in a security included in the Index limited at that time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the value of the Index shall be based on a compariso Index attributable to that security relative to (y) the overall value of the Index, in each case immediately before that suspension or limited at the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event exists at any time, if trading in a security included in the Index limited at that time, then the relevant percentage contribution of that security to the value of the Index shall be based on a comparison of the Index attributable to that security relative to (y) the overall value of the Index, in each case immediately before that suspension or limited at the Index attributable to Index attributable to the Index attributable to Index attributable Index attributable to Index attributable Index attribut

For the purpose of determining whether a Market Disruption Event has occurred: (1) a limitation on the hours or number of days Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the Relevant Exchange or market, (2) discontinue trading in the relevant futures or options contract or exchange traded fund shall not constitute a Market Disruption Event, or options contracts or exchange traded funds on the Index by the primary securities market trading in such contracts or funds by real limits set by such securities exchange or market, (b) an imbalance of orders relating to such contracts or funds, or (c) a disparity in be contracts or funds shall constitute a suspension, absence or material limitation of trading in futures or options contracts or exchange (4) a "suspension, absence or material limitation of trading" on any Relevant Exchange or on the primary market on which futures or funds related to the Index are traded shall not include any time when such securities market is itself closed for trading under ordinary

Discontinuance of the Russell 2000® Index; Alteration of Method of Calculation

If Russell discontinues publication of the Index and Russell or another entity (including the Selling Agent or Calculation Agent) publicated that the Calculation Agent determines, in its sole discretion, to be comparable to the discontinued Index (such index being referred to then any subsequent Index Closing Value shall be determined by reference to the published value of such Successor Index at the reg Index Business Day that the Index Closing Value is to be determined.

If the publication of the Index is discontinued and such discontinuance is continuing at any time when an Index Closing Value is to Agent determines, in its sole discretion, that no Successor Index is available at such time, then the Calculation Agent will determine the accordance with the formula for calculating the Index last in effect prior to such discontinuance, without rebalancing or substitution, us trading in the relevant securities has been materially suspended or materially limited, its good faith estimate of the price that would be

or limitation) of each security most recently comprising the Index on the relevant exchange.

Upon any selection by the Calculation Agent of a Successor Index, the Issuer will cause written notice thereof to be furnished to Trust Company ("DTC"), as holder of the Notes, within three business days of such selection. We expect that such notice will be made owner of the Notes, as applicable, in accordance with the standard rules and procedures of DTC and its direct and indirect participant

Notwithstanding these alternative arrangements, discontinuance of the publication of the Index may adversely affect the value of

If at any time the method of calculating the Index or a Successor Index, or the value thereof, is changed in a material respect, or in any other way modified so that such Index does not, in the sole opinion of the Calculation Agent, fairly represent the value of the Insuch changes or modifications not been made, then, from and after such time, the Calculation Agent will, at any time at which the Index such calculations and adjustments as, in the good faith judgment of the Calculation Agent, may be necessary in order to arrive the Index or a Successor Index, as the case may be, as if such changes or modifications had not been made, and the Calculation Agent value, as adjusted. Accordingly, if the method of calculating the Index or a Successor Index is modified so that the value of such indication been if it had not been modified (e.g., due to a split in the Index), then the Calculation Agent will adjust such Index in order to arrive a Successor Index as if it had not been modified (i.e., as if such split had not occurred).

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Frank Russell Company ("Russell") has entered into a non-transferable, non-exclusive world-wide license agreement with the affiliated or subsidiary companies, granting the right to use certain proprietary indices (including the Russell 2000® Index) and the relative trademarks collectively, the "Russell Marks") in connection with the issuance of certain securities. We are an authorized sub-license Agent, and have a non-transferable, non-exclusive sublicense to use the Russell Marks in connection with the issuance of certain securities.

The sublicense agreement between the Selling Agent and us provides that language below must be set forth in this pricing su

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Medium-Term Notes, Series A

Pricing Supplement

(to prospectus dated December 22, 2010

and prospectus supplement dated June 6, 2011)

Morgan Stanley

